

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

For

Franklin Drive Subdivision Multi-Family Development & Commercial Development Windham, Maine

Prepared for:

Land of New Gen Estates, LLC 50 Maine Mall Road South Portland, ME 04106

Prepared by:

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June 2025

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STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT FRANKLIN DRIVE SUBDIVISION MULTI-FAMILY DEVELOPMENT & COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT WINDHAM, MAINE

1. Introduction

This Stormwater Management Report has been prepared to address the potential impacts associated with the multi-family and commercial projects due to proposed modifications in stormwater runoff characteristics and land cover changes. The stormwater management controls that are outlined in this report have been designed to suit the proposed development and to comply with applicable regulatory requirements.

2. Existing Conditions

The project sites can be identified as Lot #1 and Lot #2 in the Franklin Drive Subdivision. The total subdivision consists of approximately 38.59 acres of undeveloped land located at 20 Franklin Drive in Windham, Maine. The subdivision is bounded by The Home Depot (part of the Windham Mall) to the south, the Windham Veterans Center to the east, and undeveloped land to the north and west. Lot #1 of the Franklin Drive Subdivision is approximately 3.35 acres and is bounded by the extension of Franklin Drive to the west, undeveloped land to the north, the Windham Veterans Center to the east, and land used for stormwater treatment from The Home Depot to the south. Lot #2 of the Franklin Drive Subdivision is approximately 7.88 acres and is bounded by The Home Depot (part of the Windham Mall) to the south, undeveloped land to the west, Lot #3 to the north, and the extension of Franklin Drive to the east.

The Franklin Drive Subdivision project was permitted and approved by the Town of Windham Planning Board on January 13^{th,} 2025. This project included the subdivision of the existing parcel into four (4) lots (labeled Lot #1 through Lot #4) along with the extension of Franklin Drive along the frontage of the subject site. The applicant is proposing to develop Lots 1 through 3, starting with Lot 2 (this project)

Slopes on the site range from generally flat along Franklin Drive, but range from flat to steep throughout the wooded portion of the property. There are approximately 2.5 acres of steep slopes located throughout the site. There are approximately 13.4 acres of wetlands located on the site within Lot #3, including a vernal pool of special significance with an approximate size of 0.53 acres. Wetland and vernal pool delineations were conducted by Mark Hampton Associates and Flycatcher, respectively, in 2020.

Most of the site is located within the Sebago Lake Watershed. This lake is listed in Chapter 502 of the Maine Department of Environmental Protection (MDEP) regulations as a Lake

Most at Risk from New Development, but is not severely blooming. Phosphorus calculations have been included in Appendix A.

The proposed development area of the site is not located in an identified flood zone, nor is the site located in any Shoreland Zone. The site is located in the Commercial 1 (C-1) District and is identified on the Town of Windham Tax Map 18 as Lot 26-2-A.

3. Soils

Soil characteristics were obtained from the NRCS Web Soil Survey completed by Sebago Technics. The Hydrologic Groups (HSG) of the soils is classified by Technical Release TR-55 of the Soil Conservation Service as follows:

Soil Map Symbol	Soil Name	Slope (%)	HSG
HIB	Hinckley loamy sand	3-8	Α
HgB	Hermon sandy loam	3-8	Α
Wa	Walpole fine sandy loam	0-3	A/D
Sp	Sebago mucky peat	0-1	A/D

Hydrologic Soil Group boundaries are delineated on the Watershed Map. A copy of the Class D Medium Intensity Soil Survey is included as Appendix 4.

4. Proposed Site Improvements

The proposed development includes the construction of two (2) 150-unit residential buildings with resident amenities, landscaped areas, parking, sidewalks, and access driveways connecting to Franklin Drive. The project will also consist of associated grading, underground utility connections, and stormwater management infrastructure. The project will result in the creation of 7.7 acres of impervious area and 10.7 acres of total developed area.

5. Existing Conditions Model

The pre-development watershed plan consists of six (6) subcatchments labeled 1.0S, 1.1S, 2.0S, 2.1S, 3.0S, and 4.0S in the HydroCAD model. Four (4) locations were identified as Points of Analysis (POA) for comparing peak runoff rates. The first point of analysis represents an existing best management practice (BMP) that is located south of Franklin Drive, on the abutting property. The second point of analysis represents a significant vernal pool, which is located in the eastern portion of Lot #3. The third point of analysis represents a low point located in the northern corner of Lot #3 that contains a wetland. The fourth point of analysis represents the abutting property west of the subject site.

POA-1: Subcatchments 1.0S and 1.1S are tributary to this point of analysis with a combined area of approximately 8.5 acres. This area includes a portion of Franklin Drive, portions of the abutting properties along the southern border of the site, and a portion of both the cleared and wooded areas in the southern region of Lot #1 and Lot #2.

POA-2: Subcatchments 2.0S and 2.1S are tributary to this point of analysis with a cumulative area of approximately 8.2 acres. Subcatchment 2.0S includes the extension of Franklin Drive that was proposed and approved by the Town of Windham Planning Board in January 2025. This area is proposed to be treated by an underdrained soil filter that has an outlet pipe towards POA-2. Subcatchment 2.01S includes the majority of the wooded area in Lot #1 and a portion of the wooded area in Lot #3.

POA-3: Subcatchment 3.0S is tributary to this point of analysis with an area of approximately 5.1 acres. This area includes a portion of both the cleared and wooded areas in Lot #2 and a portion of the wooded area in Lot #3.

POA-4: Subcatchment 4.0S is tributary to this point of analysis within an area of approximately 0.9 acres. This area primarily consists of an undeveloped wooded area located in the northern portion of Lot #2.

The total acreage within this study is approximately 22.7 acres.

6. Proposed Conditions Model

The post-development watershed area consists of the same overall area as the predevelopment plan; however, the pre-development subcatchments have been broken into smaller watersheds as a result of the proposed development. There is a total of nine (9) subcatchments in the proposed conditions model for a total area of approximately 22.7 acres.

The project is proposed to meet the flooding standard by infiltration of a portion of the runoff into the subsurface soils to mimic the existing on-site condition of the HSG A soils. Infiltration tests were performed by SW Cole and indicated infiltration rates of 18.7 and 22.9 in/hr. Treatment will occur in subsurface sand filters, and treated water will be directed to a secondary infiltration bed that has been conservatively designed for 10 in/hr.

POA1: Subcatchment 10.0S is tributary to this point of analysis with an approximate area of 4.7 acres. This area includes a portion of Franklin Drive, portions of the abutting properties along the southern border of the site, and a portion of both the cleared and wooded areas in the southern region of Lot #1 and Lot #2.

POA-2: Subcatchments 20.0S, 21.0S, and 22.0S are tributary to this point of analysis with a cumulative area of approximately 9.1 acres. Subcatchment 21.0S includes the extension

of Franklin Drive that was proposed and approved by the Town of Windham Planning Board in January 2025. This area is proposed to be treated by an underdrained soil filter that has an outlet pipe towards POA-2. Subcatchment 20.0S includes the majority of the wooded area in Lot #1 and a portion of the wooded area in Lot #3. Subcatchment 22.0S includes the proposed commercial development of Lot #1. Stormwater from this subcatchment will be treated by a subsurface sand filter to meet water quality treatment requirements, and will utilize a separate subsurface chamber system for detention and infiltration to meet flooding standards.

POA-3: Subcatchments 30.0S through 30.3S are tributary to this point of analysis with a cumulative area of approximately 8.3 acres. Stormwater from subcatchments 30.2S and 30.3S will flow to two (2) separate subsurface sand filters for water quality treatment. The stormwater from these subcatchments will then flow to a separate subsurface chamber system for detention and infiltration to meet flooding standards. Stormwater from subcatchment 30.1S will flow to a subsurface sand filter for both water quality treatment and detention to meet flooding standards.

POA-4: Subcatchment 4.0S is tributary to this point of analysis within an area of approximately 0.6 acres. This area primarily consists of an undeveloped wooded area located in the northern portion of Lot #2.

The proposed Best Management Practices (subsurface sand filters) have been designed and sized in accordance with DEP BMP standards contained within Chapter 500 and the BMP Manual. Sizing calculations can be found in Appendix 1.

7. Stormwater Management

Basic Standard - Chapter 500, Section 4(B)

Since the project will disturb more than one (1) acre of land area, MDEP Basic Standards apply, requiring that grading or other construction activities on the site do not impede or otherwise alter drainage ways to have an unreasonable adverse impact. We have avoided adverse impacts by providing an Erosion & Sedimentation Control Plan, and an Inspection, Maintenance, and Housekeeping Plan (Appendix 3) to be implemented during construction and post-construction stabilization of the site. These construction requirements have been developed following Best Management Practice guidelines.

General Standard - Chapter 500, Section 4(C)

Since the project will create more than one (1) acre of impervious surface, MDEP General Standards apply, which require a project's stormwater management system to include treatment measures that will mitigate for the increased frequency and duration of channel erosive flows due to runoff from smaller storms, provide for effective treatment of pollutants in stormwater, and mitigate potential temperature impacts. The General

Standards require treatment of no less than 95% of the site's created impervious area and no less than 80% of the site's created developed area (landscaped area and impervious area combined).

To mitigate the changes in hydrologic patterns due to this phase of the development, three (3) subsurface sand filters with associated subsurface chamber systems have been implemented into the stormwater management infrastructure. Filtration BMPs are very effective at removing a wide range of pollutants through the use of granular filter media.

Through the use of the aforementioned BMP's at least 95% of new impervious area and at least 80% of new developed area will be receiving treatment. This meets the requirements for the Maine DEP General Standards. BMP sizing and treatment calculations are provided as Appendix 1.

Phosphorus Standard - Chapter 500, Section 4(D)

As stated previously, Sebago Lake is identified as a Lake Most at Risk, but not categorized as severely blooming, as referenced in MDEP Chapter 502. Therefore, because the project results in 1 acre or more of impervious area, the project is subject to the Phosphorus Standards of MDEP Chapter 500.

Four (4) subsurface chamber systems with subsurface sand filters are proposed for the treatment of stormwater runoff generated by the proposed development. Two (2) separate subsurface chamber systems are proposed for the attenuation of stormwater runoff. The BMPs have been designed per the MDEP Stormwater BMP Manual, as well as Volume II: Phosphorus Control Manual of the Maine Stormwater Management Design Manual. The subsurface filtration strategy was chosen as the most appropriate BMP for this project since it provides an effective means of filtration for contaminants commonly found in stormwater and is the best fit for the current site constraints.

A per-acre phosphorus allocation calculation was completed for the project using the High Export Option to determine if the allowable per-acre phosphorus allocation for the Sebago Lake Watershed is achieved. The total acreage of the development parcel is approximately 38.6 acres. The wetland area was obtained using NWI wetlands, as well as wetlands mapped by Mark Hampton, and is equal to 13.4 acres. Steep slope areas (slopes greater than 25%) equal 2.5 acres. Therefore, the project phosphorus budget for the project parcel is equal to 1.20 lbs. P/year. The pre-treatment phosphorus export (pre-PPE) was calculated to be 10.46 lbs. P/year. With the implementation of the proposed stormwater treatment for newly developed areas, approximately 3.84 lbs. P/year (post-PPE) will be exported off-site in the proposed condition. Since the post-treatment phosphorus export is larger than the pre-treatment phosphorus export, the project is proposing mitigation by paying the compensation fee. Calculations associated with the removal of phosphorus can be referenced in Appendix 1.

Flooding Standard - Chapter 500, Section 4(F)

The proposed project will create more than three (3) acres of impervious surface, MDEP Flooding Standards must be met. The Flooding Standard requires that a project's stormwater management system detain, retain, or result in the infiltration of stormwater from 24-hour storms of the 2, 10, and 25-year frequencies such that the peak flows of stormwater from the project site do not exceed the peak flows of stormwater prior to undertaking the project. As such, a runoff evaluation was performed using the methodology outlined in the USDA Soil Conservation Service's "Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds - Technical Release #55 (TR-55)". HydroCAD computer software was utilized to perform the calculations.

HydroCAD Stormwater Analysis

Runoff curve numbers were determined for each of the watersheds by measuring the area of each hydrologic soil group within each type of land cover. The type of land cover was determined based on survey data, field reconnaissance and aerial photography. Times of concentration were determined from site topographic maps in accordance with SCS procedures.

The 24-hour rainfall values utilized in the hydrologic model were obtained from Appendix H of MDEP's Chapter 500: Stormwater Management (effective date August 2015). Rainfall values for York County are listed in the table below.

•	ecipitation (in./24 hr) County
2-year	3.3
10-year	4.9
25-year	6.2

The following table presents the results of the peak runoff calculations at the analysis points for the existing and proposed conditions.

	Peak Run	off Rate Summary Table	
Analysis Point	Storm Event	Existing Conditions (cfs)	Proposed Conditions (cfs)
	2-year	0.9	0.7
POA-1	10-year	1.4	1.0
	25-year	1.8	1.3
	2-year	1.4	1.4
POA-2	10-year	2.1	2.1
	25-year	2.7	2.7

	2-year	0.2	0.1
POA-3	10-year	0.4	0.2
	25-year	0.5	0.3
	2-year	0.0	0.0
POA-4	10-year 25-year	0.0	0.0
	25-year	0.0	0.0

The HydroCAD Data output sheets from this analysis are appended to this report (Appendix 2) along with the Stormwater Management Plans (Appendix 5). The model predicts that the peak runoff rates in the post-development condition at the points of analysis are at or below pre-development runoff rates for the 2, 10, and 25-year storm events with implementation of the proposed stormwater management practices.

8. **Summary**

The proposed development has been designed to manage stormwater runoff through Best Management Practices approved by MDEP. Stormwater BMPs provide treatment to at least 95% of impervious areas, and at least 80% of the total developed area. Runoff discharging from the site will be at or below pre-development conditions for the 2, 10, and 25-year storm events at all four points of analysis. Additionally, erosion and sedimentation controls, along with associated maintenance and housekeeping procedures, have been outlined to prevent unreasonable impacts on the site and the surrounding environment.

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Brandon Blake Senior Civil Engineer

Burlolle

Robert A. McSorley, PE License Reg. No. 8588 June 23, 2025

Appendix 1

Stormwater Quality Calculations & Phosphorus Calculations

Table 1: MDEP GENERAL STANDARD CALCULATIONS

Job # 230411-01

		EXISTING ONSITE		EXISTING ONSITE	NEW ONSITE	NET NEW	NET EXISTING		IMPERVIOUS		DEVELOPED	
		IMPERVIOUS AREA	NEW ONSITE	LANDSCAPED AREA	LANDSCAPED	DEVELOPED	DEVELOPED	TREATMENT	AREA	LANDSCAPED	AREA	TREATMENT
AREA ID	WATERSHED SIZE	TO REMAIN	IMPERVIOUS AREA	TO REMAIN	AREA	AREA	AREAS	PROVIDED?	TREATED	AREA TREATED	TREATED	BMP
	(S.F.)	(S.F.)	(S.F.)	(S.F.)	(S.F.)	(S.F.)	(S.F.)		(S.F.)	(S.F.)	(S.F.)	
10.0S	207,220	15,903	0	9,266	18,405	18,405	25,169	ON	0	0	0	None
20.05	227,432	28,189	0	0	606'6	606′6	28,189	NO	0	0	0	None
21.05	50,218	0	28,127	0	22,091	50,218	0	YES	28,127	22,091	50,218	UDSF-1
22.0S	120,447	0	92,992	0	27,455	120,447	0	YES	92,992	27,455	120,447	SSF-4
30.08	106,675	1,271	0	0	8,750	8,750	1,271	ON	0	0	0	None
30.15	52,105	0	42,649	0	9,456	52,105	0	YES	42,649	9,456	52,105	SSF-3
30.25	131,790	0	115,447	0	16,343	131,790	0	YES	115,447	16,343	131,790	SSF-1
30.35	67,415	0	29,055	0	8,360	67,415	0	YES	59,055	8,360	67,415	SSF-2
40.0S	27,615	0	0	0	7,647	7,647	0	NO	0	0	0	None
TOTAL (S.F.)	990,917	45,363	338,270	9,266	128,416	466,686	54,629		338,270	83,705	421,975	

80.94%	% OF AREA RECEIVING TREATMENT	100.00%	% OF IMPERVIOUS AREA RECEIVING TREATMENT*
421,975	TOTAL AREA RECEIVING TREATMENT (S.F.)	338,270	TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA RECEIVING TREATMENT (S.F.)
521,315	TOTAL DEVELOPED AREA (S.F.)	338,270	TOTAL NEW IMPERVIOUS AREA (S.F.)

*INCLUDES THE TREATMENT OF EXISTING IMPERVIOUS AND DEVELOPED AREAS THAT ARE NOT CURRENTLY RECEIVING TREATMENT

75 John Roberts Road Suite 4A South Portland, Maine 04106 JOB <u>230411-01</u>

 SHEET NO.
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 CALCULATED BY
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 5/23/2025

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ask:		Calculate	water qual	lity volume pe	r MDEP chapt	er 500 regul	ations						
			Traction quant	,									
		4 14 1	DED Character		4.6 (2)(1)								
efere	ences	1. Maine		er 500, Sectio									
			"must deta	ain a runoff vo	olume equal to	1.0 inch tin	nes						
			the subcat	tchment's imp	ervious area p	lus 0.4 inch	times the	subcatchme	ent's landscap	ed area"			
		2 Maino	DED Post N	Janagamant	Practices Storn	nuator Man	ual Soctio	n 7 2 2					
									L				
		a.			equal to 1.0 in			nent's impe	rvious area				
			plus 0.4 in	ch times the s	subcatchment'	s landscape	d area"						
		b.	"surface a	rea of the san	d filter bed an	d chamber s	system mu	st be at leas	t				
			equal to 5	% of the impe	rvious area dr	aining to it a	nd 2% of t	he landscar	ed area."				
		c.			r the Stormtec					nw rate			
		C.					JW 13 the p	l ojecteu on	c year peak in	JWTate			
				-	eding the Isola	itor Kow							
			Flow rates	:									
			SC-310	0.10	cfs/chamber								
			SC-800	0.20	cfs/chamber		1						
			DC-780	0.20	cfs/chamber								
-											1		
			MC-3500	0.30	cfs/chamber	<u> </u>	L	1			1		
		d.	Inspection	ports to the	underdrain gra	vel layer sh	ould be pro	ovided with	at least one p	ort per 50	0 square-f	eet	
			of subsurf	ace filter area									
ributa	ary to Subsi	ırface San	d Filter	SSF-1									
	,						 				+		
											-		
	Landscaped	d Area		16,343.00	SF								
	Impervious	Area		115,447.00	SF								
				,									
∕linim	um Surface	Area for s	and filter a	and chamber s	system								
	Required		(2% X Land	dscaped + 5%	" X Impervious)							
					·								
	Total Lands	canad Ara		16,343.00	SF	Area	326.9	SF					
	TOtal Lalius	capeu Are	a	10,343.00	3F	Alea	320.3	3F					
	Total Impe	vious Are	a	115,447.00	SF	Area	5,772.4	SF					
			Regu	ired Minimun	n Surface Area		6,099.2	SF					
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	Impervious	Area		115,447.00	SF	Volume	9,620.6						
				,		2.2	2,020.0				†		
					l		40.4				+		
			Т	reatment Vol	ume Required		10,165.4	CF	0.233	AF			
											<u> </u>		
			F	Provided Treat	tment Volume		10,658.0	CF	WQV Elev.= 3	17.50			
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edim	ent Pre-Tre	atment					1				1	1	
	ent Pre-Tre Per Referer		ove										
			ove										
		nce 2.c abo		ate out put fr	om Hydrocad:	6.90	cfs						
		nce 2.c abo		ate out put fr	om Hydrocad:	6.90	cfs						
		nce 2.c abo	year flow r										
		nce 2.c abo	year flow r	rate out put fr		6.90	cfs cfs						
	Per Referer	One	year flow r	ow sizing for:	SC-800	0.2							
	Per Referer	One	year flow r	ow sizing for:									

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JOB	230411-01		
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FILE NAME	230411-01 WQC	PRINT DATE	6/20/2025

ORIFICE SIZING CALCULATION
Stormwater BMP: $SSF-1$ Orifice Equation $Q = CA V(2gh)$
Q = Rate of Discharge (cfs) A = Orifice Area (sf)
G = Gravitational Constant (32.2 ft/s ²) h = Depth of water above the flow line (center) of the orifice (ft) C = 0.6 Orifice coefficient (usually assumed = 0.6)
Average discharge rate required to drawdown the treatment volume in a desired amount of time is: Q = WQv Tcf
TV = Treatment Volume (cf) T = Target Drain Time (Hours) cf = Conversion Factor = 3600 sec/hr
TV = 10,165 cf t = 24 hr
$Q = \begin{array}{c c} TV & \textbf{0.12} & \text{cfs} & \text{Target Rate for} & \underline{24} & \text{hour discharge} \\ \hline tCF \\ \text{surface area of filter} = & \underline{6,099} & \text{SF} \\ \end{array}$
hmax = 1.67 ft h/2= 0.83 ft
$A = Q$ $C \sqrt{(2gh)}$ $A = 0.027$ sf = 3.85 sq. in.
Diam = 2.22 in

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Summary for Pond 30.2P: SSF-1

Inflow Area = 131,790 sf, 87.60% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.93" for SSF-1 WQV event Inflow = 3.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 10,236 cf
Outflow = 0.2 cfs @ 13.36 hrs, Volume= 10,238 cf, Atten= 93%, Lag= 76.7 min Primary = 0.2 cfs @ 13.36 hrs, Volume= 10,238 cf
Routed to Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only

Trodica to Folia of . Otomircon - Determon Only

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 316.43' @ 13.36 hrs Surf.Area= 15,177 sf Storage= 4,241 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 161.7 min (941.7 - 780.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	315.50'	6,826 cf	82.25'W x 89.17'L x 3.75'H Field A
			27,502 cf Overall - 10,437 cf Embedded = 17,065 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	316.00'	10,437 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 204 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			204 Chambers in 17 Rows
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 17 rows = 116.3 cf
#3B	315.50'	311 cf	6.25'W x 46.47'L x 3.75'H Field B
			1,089 cf Overall - 310 cf Embedded = 779 cf x 40.0% Voids
#4B	316.00'	310 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 6 Inside #3
			Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 6.8 cf
#5	313.33'	0 cf	Build up to UD (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
			16,390 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids
	·		

17,885 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard Storage Group B created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
313.33	7,553	0	0
315.50	7,553	16,390	16,390

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	313.23'	24.0" Round Culvert
			L= 46.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 313.23' / 312.05' S= 0.0257 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	313.33'	2.2" Vert. UD cap for bleeder C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 1	317.50'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#4	Device 3	316.20'	24.0" Round Overflow to OCS

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Page 2

InflowPrimary

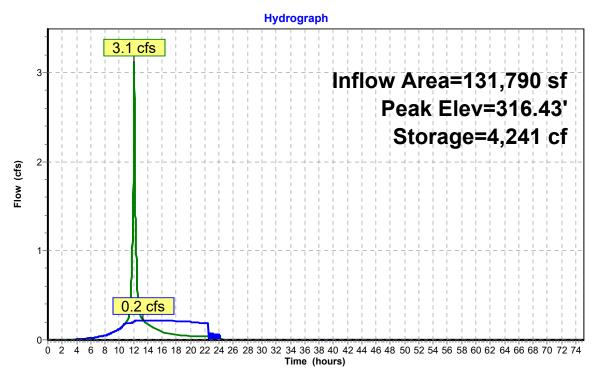
L= 6.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 316.20' / 316.14' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 13.36 hrs HW=316.43' TW=311.28' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Passes 0.2 cfs of 22.4 cfs potential flow)

—2=UD cap for bleeder (Orifice Controls 0.2 cfs @ 8.35 fps)
—3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

4=Overflow to OCS (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 30.2P: SSF-1



Total number of Isolator Row Chambers required:

230411-01

75 John Roberts Road Suite 4A SHEET NO. South Portland, Maine 04106 BJB 5/23/2025 CALCULATED BY DATE Tel. (207) 200-2100 230411-01 WQV.xlsx 6/20/2025 FILE NAME UNDERDRAINED SUBSURFACE SAND FILTER Task: Calculate water quality volume per MDEP chapter 500 regulations 1. Maine DEP Chapter 500, Section 4.C.(3)(b) References "must detain a runoff volume equal to 1.0 inch times the subcatchment's impervious area plus 0.4 inch times the subcatchment's landscaped area" 2. Maine DEP Best Management Practices Stormwater Manual, Section 7.3.2 "detain runoff volume equal to 1.0 inch times the subcatchment's impervious area plus 0.4 inch times the subcatchment's landscaped area" "surface area of the sand filter bed and chamber system must be at least equal to 5% of the impervious area draining to it and 2% of the landscaped area." "treatment flow rate for the Stormtech Isolator Row is the projected one year peak flow rate for the drainage area feeding the Isolator Row" Flow rates: SC-310 0.10 cfs/chamber SC-740 cfs/chamber 0.20 DC-780 cfs/chamber 0.20 MC-3500 0.30 cfs/chamber Inspection ports to the underdrain gravel layer should be provided with at least one port per 500 square-feet of subsurface filter area. Tributary to Subsurface Sand Filter Landscaped Area 8,360.00 Impervious Area 59,055.00 SF Minimum Surface Area for sand filter and chamber system (2% X Landscaped + 5%" X Impervious) Required Total Landscaped Area 8,360.00 Area 167.2 SF Total Impervious Area 59,055.00 SF 2,952.8 SF 3,120.0 SF Required Minimum Surface Area Required No. of Inspection Ports 3,651.0 SF Provided Surface Area Treatment Volume (0.4" X Landscaped + 1.0" X Impervious) Required Landscaped Area 8,360.00 SF Volume 278.7 Impervious Area 59,055.00 SF Volume 4,921.3 Treatment Volume Required 5,199.9 CF 0.119 ΑF **Provided Treatment Volume** 7,016.0 CF WQV Elev.= 316.76 Sediment Pre-Treatment Per Reference 2.c above One year flow rate out put from Hydrocad: 4.00 cfs ISO Row sizing for: SC-740 0.2 cfs

20

75 John Roberts Road, Suite 4A South Portland, Maine 04106 (207) 856-0277 FAX (207) 856-2206

JOB	230411-01		
SHEET NO.	1	OF	1
CALCULATED BY	BJB	DATE	5/23/2025
CHECKED BY	RAM	•	-
FILE NAME	230411-01 WQC	PRINT DATE	6/20/2025

ORIFICE SIZING CALCULATION
Stormwater BMP:SSF-2Orifice Equation $Q = CA \sqrt{2gh}$
Q = Rate of Discharge (cfs) A = Orifice Area (sf) G = Gravitational Constant (32.2 ft/s²) h = Depth of water above the flow line (center) of the orifice (ft) C = 0.6 Orifice coefficient (usually assumed = 0.6)
Average discharge rate required to drawdown the treatment volume in a desired amount of time is:
Q = WQv Tcf
TV = Treatment Volume (cf) T = Target Drain Time (Hours) cf = Conversion Factor = 3600 sec/hr
TV = 5,200 cf t = 24 hr
$Q = \begin{array}{c c} TV & \textbf{0.06} & \text{cfs} & \text{Target Rate for} & \underline{24} & \text{hour discharge} \\ \hline tCF \\ \text{surface area of filter} = & \underline{3,120} & \text{SF} \end{array}$
hmax = 1.67 ft h/2= 0.83 ft
$A = \frac{Q}{C \sqrt{(2gh)}}$ $A = \frac{0.014}{Sf} = 1.97 \text{ sq. in.}$
Diam = 1.58 in

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Summary for Pond 31.0P: SSF-2

Inflow Area = 67,415 sf, 87.60% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.93" for SSF-2 WQV event Inflow 1.6 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 5.236 cf 0.1 cfs @ 13.33 hrs, Volume= 0.1 cfs @ 13.33 hrs, Volume= Outflow 5,237 cf, Atten= 93%, Lag= 74.9 min 5,237 cf

Primary

Routed to Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 315.53' @ 13.33 hrs Surf.Area= 8,744 sf Storage= 2,149 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 156.5 min (936.5 - 780.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	314.76'	4,865 cf	40.50'W x 125.75'L x 3.75'H Field A
			19,098 cf Overall - 6,935 cf Embedded = 12,163 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	315.26'	6,935 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 136 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.0 "W x 33.0 "H => 7.11 sf x 7.12 'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			136 Chambers in 8 Rows
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 8 rows = 54.7 cf
#3	312.59'	0 cf	Build up to UD (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
			7,923 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids

11,800 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
312.59	3,651	0	0
314.76	3,651	7,923	7,923

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	312.49'	24.0" Round Culvert
	·		L= 35.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 312.49' / 312.03' S= 0.0131 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	312.59'	1.6" Vert. UD cap for bleeder C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 1	316.76'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#4	Device 3	315.46'	24.0" Round Overflow to OCS
			L= 6.0' CMP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 315.46' / 315.34' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf

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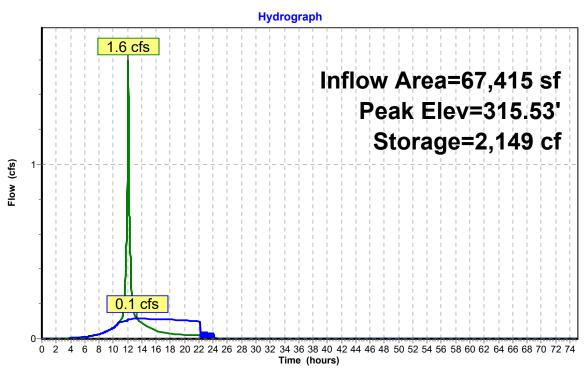
Page 2

Primary OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 13.33 hrs HW=315.53' TW=311.28' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.1 cfs of 21.6 cfs potential flow)

- -2=UD cap for bleeder (Orifice Controls 0.1 cfs @ 8.16 fps)
- -3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)
- 4=Overflow to OCS (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 31.0P: SSF-2





75 John Roberts Road Suite 4A South Portland, Maine 04106

230411-01

JOB 1 OF SHEET NO. 1 CALCULATED BY BJB 5/23/2025 DATE

		Tel. (207) 200-2100				FILE NAME 230411-01 WQV.XISX PRINT DATE			PRNT DATE	6/20/	2025		
					UNDERDRAIN	NED SUBSUR	FACE SAN	D FILTER					
Task:		Calculate	water qual	lity volume pe	r MDEP chapte	er 500 regul	ations						
Refere	ences	1. Maine	DEP Chapt	er 500, Sectio	n 4.C.(3)(b)								
			"must deta	ain a runoff vo	olume equal to	1.0 inch tin	nes						
			the subcat	chment's imp	ervious area p	lus 0.4 inch	times the	subcatchme	nt's landscap	ed area"			
		2 Maine	DED Bost N	/lanagement l	Practices Storn	nwater Man	ual Section	n 7 3 2					
									miaus area				
		a.			equal to 1.0 in			nent s impe	rvious area				
					subcatchment'								
		b.			d filter bed an								
					rvious area dr								
		C.	"treatmen	t flow rate fo	r the Stormtec	h Isolator Ro	ow is the p	rojected on	e year peak flo	ow rate			
			for the dra	ainage area fe	eding the Isola	tor Row"							
			Flow rates	:									
			SC-310	0.10	cfs/chamber								
			SC-740	0.20	cfs/chamber					<u></u>	<u></u>		
			DC-780	0.20	cfs/chamber								
			MC-3500	0.30	cfs/chamber								
		d.			underdrain gra	vel laver sh	ould be pro	ovided with	at least one n	ort per 50	0 square-f	eet	
				ace filter area		2,3,5,5,					,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
			or subsulf	ace miles area									
ribu+	ary to Subsi	urface San	d Filter	SSF-3									
inul	ary to subsi	urrace Sall	u i iilei	331 23									
		L											
	Landscape	d Area		9,456.00	SF								
	Impervious	Area		42,649.00	SF			ı					
Minim	num Surface	Area for	and filter a	and chamber s	system								
	Required		(2% X Land	dscaped + 5%	" X Impervious)							
			(=,,,,,,			ĺ							
	Total Lands	canad Are	13	9,456.00	SF	Area	189.1	SF					
	TOtal Lanus	Scapeu Are	a	9,430.00	31	Aica	109.1	31					
	Total Impa	ruious Aro	•	42.640.00	C.E.	Aron	2 122 5	CE					
	Total Impe	I VIOUS ATE	d	42,649.00	SF	Area	2,132.5	SF					
			_										
			Requ	ired Minimun	Surface Area		2,321.6	SF					
										·	No. of Ins	pection	on Ports
				Provided	Surface Area		6,731.0	SF		14			
reatr	nent Volum	e											
			-										
	Required		(0.4" X Lar	ndscaped + 1.0	D" X Imperviou	ıs)							
	,			p	ļ. 3 30								
	Landscape	d Δrea		9,456.00	SF	Volume	315.2						
	Lanuscape	a Ai Ca		3,430.00	J1	voidine	313.2						
	Inches and the			42.640.00	CE	Malua	2.554.4						
	Impervious	Area		42,649.00	SF	Volume	3,554.1						
											1		
			Т	reatment Vol	ume Required		3,869.3	CF	0.089	AF			
			F	rovided Treat	ment Volume		9,061.0	CF	WQV Elev.= 3	10.35			
edim	ent Pre-Tre	atment											
	Per Referei	nce 2.c abo	ove										
			-										
		Onc	vear flow r	ate out put fr	om Hydrocad:	1.80	cfs						
		One	year now r	are out hat II	om myurocau.	1.00	CIS						
			100 -		00.70								
			ISO R	low sizing for:	SC-740	0.2	cfs				-		
	To	tal numbe	er of Isolato	or Row Chamb	pers required:	9							

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JOB	230411-01		
SHEET NO.	1	OF	1
CALCULATED BY	ВЈВ	DATE	5/23/2025
CHECKED BY	RAM	•	
FILE NAME	230411-01 WQC	PRINT DATE	6/20/2025

ORIFICE SIZING CALCULATION
Stormwater BMP: $SSF-3$ Orifice Equation $Q = CA \sqrt{(2gh)}$
Q = Rate of Discharge (cfs) A = Orifice Area (sf) G = Gravitational Constant (32.2 ft/s²) h = Depth of water above the flow line (center) of the orifice (ft) C = 0.6 Orifice coefficient (usually assumed = 0.6)
Average discharge rate required to drawdown the treatment volume in a desired amount of time is: $Q = \frac{WQv}{Tcf}$
TV = Treatment Volume (cf) T = Target Drain Time (Hours) cf = Conversion Factor = 3600 sec/hr
TV = 3,869 cf hr $= 24$ hr $Q = TV = 0.04$ cfs Target Rate for $= 24$ hour discharge surface area of filter $= 2,321$ SF
hmax = $\begin{array}{ c c c c c c }\hline 1.67 & ft & h/2 = & 0.83 & ft \\ A = & Q & A = & \begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline 0.010 & sf & = & 1.47 & sq. in. \\ \hline \end{array}$
C √(2gh) Diam = 1.37 in

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Page 1

Summary for Pond 30.1P: SSF-3

Inflow Area = 52,105 sf, 81.85% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.89" for SSF-3 WQV event

Inflow 1.2 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 3.886 cf

0.1 cfs @ 13.34 hrs, Volume= 0.1 cfs @ 13.34 hrs, Volume= Outflow 3,887 cf, Atten= 93%, Lag= 75.5 min

Primary 3,887 cf

Routed to Link POA-3: POA-3

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 308.90' @ 13.34 hrs Surf.Area= 8,922 sf Storage= 1,586 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 155.3 min (934.7 - 779.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	308.35'	6,022 cf	49.00'W x 131.87'L x 3.75'H Field A
			24,231 cf Overall - 9,175 cf Embedded = $15,055$ cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	308.85'	9,175 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 180 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			180 Chambers in 10 Rows
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 10 rows = 68.4 cf
#3	306.18'	0 cf	Build up to UD (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
			5,340 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids

15,197 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
306.18	2,461	0	0
308.35	2,461	5,340	5,340

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	306.08'	24.0" Round Culvert
	•		L= 115.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 306.08' / 304.75' S= 0.0116 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	306.18'	1.4" Vert. UD cap for bleeder C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 5	309.05'	24.0" Round Overflow to OCS
			L= 6.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 309.05' / 308.93' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#4	Device 1	310.35'	2.0" Vert. WQV Orifice C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads
#5	Device 1	311.00'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32

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Primary OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 13.34 hrs HW=308.90' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Culvert (Passes 0.1 cfs of 16.1 cfs potential flow)

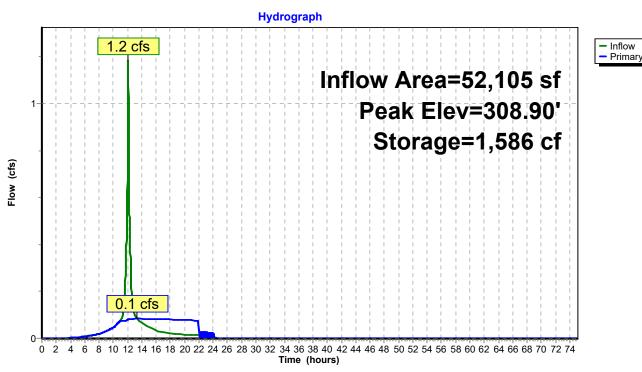
2=UD cap for bleeder (Orifice Controls 0.1 cfs @ 7.86 fps)

4=WQV Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

3=Overflow to OCS (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 30.1P: SSF-3



75 John Roberts Road Suite 4A
South Portland, Maine 04106
Tel. (207) 200-2100

230411-01

FILE NAME

 SHEET NO.
 1
 of
 1

 CALCULATED BY
 BJB
 DATE
 5/23/2025

230411-01 WQV.xlsx

6/20/2025

UNDERDRAINED SUBSURFACE SAND FILTER Task: Calculate water quality volume per MDEP chapter 500 regulations 1. Maine DEP Chapter 500, Section 4.C.(3)(b) References "must detain a runoff volume equal to 1.0 inch times the subcatchment's impervious area plus 0.4 inch times the subcatchment's landscaped area" 2. Maine DEP Best Management Practices Stormwater Manual, Section 7.3.2 "detain runoff volume equal to 1.0 inch times the subcatchment's impervious area plus 0.4 inch times the subcatchment's landscaped area" "surface area of the sand filter bed and chamber system must be at least equal to 5% of the impervious area draining to it and 2% of the landscaped area." "treatment flow rate for the Stormtech Isolator Row is the projected one year peak flow rate for the drainage area feeding the Isolator Row" Flow rates: SC-310 0.10 cfs/chamber SC-740 cfs/chamber 0.20 DC-780 cfs/chamber 0.20 MC-3500 0.30 cfs/chamber Inspection ports to the underdrain gravel layer should be provided with at least one port per 500 square-feet of subsurface filter area. Tributary to Subsurface Sand Filter Landscaped Area 27,455.00 SF Impervious Area 92,992.00 SF Minimum Surface Area for sand filter and chamber system (2% X Landscaped + 5%" X Impervious) Required Total Landscaped Area 27,455.00 SF Area 549.1 Total Impervious Area 92,992.00 SF 4,649.6 SF 5,198.7 SF Required Minimum Surface Area Required No. of Inspection Ports 5,208.0 SF Provided Surface Area Treatment Volume (0.4" X Landscaped + 1.0" X Impervious) Required Landscaped Area 27,455.00 SF Volume 915.2 Impervious Area 92,992.00 SF Volume 7,749.3 Treatment Volume Required 8,664.5 CF ΑF **Provided Treatment Volume** 9,832.0 CF WQV Elev.= 316.67 Sediment Pre-Treatment Per Reference 2.c above One year flow rate out put from Hydrocad: 1.80 cfs ISO Row sizing for: SC-740 0.2 cfs Total number of Isolator Row Chambers required: 9

75 John Roberts Road, Suite 4A South Portland, Maine 04106 (207) 856-0277 FAX (207) 856-2206

JOB	230411-01		
SHEET NO.	1	OF	1
CALCULATED BY	BJB	DATE	5/23/2025
CHECKED BY	RAM		-
FILE NAME	230411-01 WQC	PRINT DATE	6/20/2025

ORIFICE SIZIN	IG CALCULA	TION							
Stormwater	ВМР:	SSF-4							
Orifice Equat		Q = CA $\sqrt{2}$	gh)						
A = G =	Rate of Dis Orifice Are Gravitation Depth of w	a (sf) nal Constan	t (32.2 ft/s the flow li	ne (cer			ce (ft)		
		1	(, .		,			
Average disch desired amou Q =			drawdown	the tre	eatmen	t volume	in a		
T =	Treatment Target Dra Conversion	in Time (Ho	ours)	r					
TV = t =	8,664 24	cf hr							
Q = surface area	TV tCF of filter =	0.10	cfs 5,197	Targe	et Rate	for	24	_ hour discharg	įe
hmax =	1.67]ft	h/2=		0.83 ft	t			
A =	Q C V(2gh)	A =	0.023	sf	=	3.28	sq. in.	_	
				Dia	am =	2.05	in		

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Page 1

Summary for Pond 22.0P: SSF-4

120,447 sf, 77.21% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.87" for SSF-4 WQV event Inflow Area = Inflow 2.6 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 8.701 cf

0.2 cfs @ 13.44 hrs, Volume= 0.2 cfs @ 13.44 hrs, Volume= Outflow 8,701 cf, Atten= 93%, Lag= 81.5 min

Primary 8,701 cf

Routed to Pond 24P: StormTech - Detention Only

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 315.55' @ 13.44 hrs Surf.Area= 14,558 sf Storage= 3,642 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 169.5 min (948.1 - 778.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	314.67'	6,520 cf	72.75'W x 96.28'L x 3.75'H Field A
			26,267 cf Overall - 9,968 cf Embedded = 16,299 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	315.17'	9,968 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 195 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			195 Chambers in 15 Rows
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 15 rows = 102.6 cf
#3	312.50'	0 cf	Build up to UD (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
			16,390 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids

16,488 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
312.50	7,553	0	0
314.67	7,553	16,390	16,390

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	312.40'	24.0" Round Culvert
	•		L= 80.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 312.40' / 312.00' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	312.50'	2.0" Vert. UD cap for bleeder C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 1	316.67'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#4	Device 3	315.37'	24.0" Round Overflow to OCS
			L= 6.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 315.37' / 315.31' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf

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Page 2

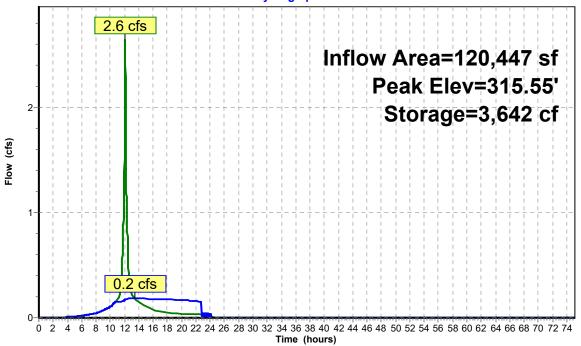
Primary OutFlow Max=0.2 cfs @ 13.44 hrs HW=315.55' TW=311.25' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.2 cfs of 19.9 cfs potential flow)

- -2=UD cap for bleeder (Orifice Controls 0.2 cfs @ 8.29 fps)
- -3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)
- 4=Overflow to OCS (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 22.0P: SSF-4







75 John Roberts Road Suite 4A South Portland, Maine 04106

230411-01

JOB

1 SHEET NO. OF BJB CALCULATED BY DATE 1 5/23/2025

			Portiand, ivia				CALCULATED BY		DJD			5/23/	
		Tel	. (207) 200-	2100			FILE NAME		230411 W	JC .	PRNT DATE	6/20/	2025
					UNDERDRAIN								
ask:		Calculate	water qua	ility volume p	er MDEP chap	ter 500 regul	ations						
		1. Maine	DEP Chap	ter 500, Secti	on 4.C.(3)(b)								
efere	ences												
		a.	"must de	tain a runoff	volume equal t	o 1.0 inch tir	mes						
					pervious area			subcatchme	nt's lands	aned area	1		
			the subce		pervious area	pias o. i iiicii	times the	Jubeaterinie	ine s idiras	apea area			
		2 Mains	DED Boot	Managamant	Practices Stor	muuntar Man	ual Castia	n 7 1					
									!!				
		a.	"surrace s	snouia repres	ent 5% of impo	ervious area	and 2% of	landscaped	area"				
ributa	ary to U	nderdraine	d Filter	UDSF-1									
	Landsca	ped Area		24,090	SF								
-	Imnervi	ous Area		24,154	SF								
	mpervi	ous Al Ca		24,134	J1								
		_											
1inim	ium Surf	ace Area											
	Require	d	(2% X Lar	ndscaped + 5%	6" X Imperviou	s)							
	Total La	ndscaped	Area	24,090	SF	Area	481.8	SF					
	Total In	pervious A	Area	24,154.00	SF	Area	1,207.7	SF					
				,	-		, -						
			Poqui	irod Minimum	Surface Area		1,689.5	SF					
			Requi	irea iviiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	Surface Area		1,009.3	31					
				Provided	d Surface Area		3,000.0	SF					
reatn	nent Vol	ume											
	Require	d	(0.4" X La	ndscaped + 1	0" X Impervio	us)							
	Landsca	ped Area		24,090	SF	Volume	803.0						
	Imnervi	ous Area		24,154	SF	Volume	2,012.8						
	pci vi	Jus Al Ca		27,137	J.	VOIGITIE	2,012.0						
			-				2.045.0	CE	0.005	۸۲			
			Т	reatment Vol	ume Required		2,815.8	CF	0.065	AF			
				rovided Treat	ment Volume		5,951.0	CF	Elev. 313.0	00 - 314.50			
edim	ent Pre-	Treatment											
	Per Refe	erence 2, C	hapter 7.	1	"Pretreatmen	t devices sha	ıll be provi	ded to minir	nize discha	rge of sedi	ment to th	e soil	filter"
		,	-			-			-				
	Annual	Sediment	oad:	55 cubic feet	per acre per y	ear of sande	d area						
	Aimual	Scannent	_Juu.	SS CUDIC ICEL	. per acre per y	cui oi sailue	u u ca						
	A	ha e · · · · · ·	_	24.45.4	CE								
	Area to	be sanded	:	24,154	SF								
	Sedime	nt Volume		30	CF								
	Provide	d		672	CF	12	Inch Deep	Forebay	with area	of	672	sf	
								_					
	1			1	l .	1	1	1		l .			

75 John Roberts Road, Suite 4A South Portland, Maine 04106 (207) 856-0277 FAX (207) 856-2206

JOB	230411-01		
SHEET NO.	1	OF	1
CALCULATED BY	ВЈВ	DATE	5/23/2025
CHECKED BY	RAM		-
FILE NAME	230411-01 WQV	PRINT DATE	6/20/2025

ORIFICE SIZING CALCULATION

ORIFICE SIZING CALCULATION
Stormwater BMP: UDSF-1
Orifice Equation $Q = CA \sqrt{(2gh)}$
Q = Rate of Discharge (cfs)
A = Orifice Area (sf)
G = Gravitational Constant (32.2 ft/s²)
h = Depth of water above the flow line (center) of the orifice (ft) C = 0.6 Orifice coefficient (usually assumed = 0.6)
C = 0.6 Orifice coefficient (usually assumed = 0.6)
Average discharge rate required to drawdown the treatment volume in a
desired amount of time is:
Q = WQv
Tcf
TV = Treatment Volume (cf) T = Target Drain Time (Hours)
cf = Conversion Factor = 3600 sec/hr
ci – Conversion raccor – 3000 secyni
TV = 5,951 cf
t = 48 hr
Q = TV 0.03 cfs Target Rate for 48 hour discharge
tCF
surface area of filter = 3,000 SF
hmax = 1.98 ft h/2= 0.99 ft
A = Q $A = 0.007$ sf = 1.03 sq. in.
C √(2gh)
Diam = 1.15 in

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Summary for Pond 21.0P: USDF-1

Inflow Area = 50,218 sf, 56.01% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.69" for UDSF-1 WQV event Inflow 0.9 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 2.885 cf 0.0 cfs @ 14.46 hrs, Volume= 0.0 cfs @ 14.46 hrs, Volume= Outflow 2,885 cf, Atten= 95%, Lag= 142.6 min

Primary 2,885 cf

Routed to Link POA-2: POA-2

Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Link POA-2: POA-2

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 313.42' @ 14.46 hrs Surf.Area= 3,570 sf Storage= 1,420 cf Flood Elev= 317.50' Surf.Area= 6,968 sf Storage= 20,572 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 315.5 min (1,091.8 - 776.3)

Volume	Invert	Avai	I.Storaç	ge Storage Descr	iption	
#1	310.83'		20,572	cf Custom Stage	e Data (Prismatic)	Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation	n Su	rf.Area	Voids	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee		(sq-ft)	(%)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
310.8		3,000	0.0	0	0	
312.9	99	3,000	0.0	0	0	
313.0	00	3,000	100.0	30	30	
314.0	00	4,348	100.0	3,674	3,704	
315.0	00	5,168	100.0	4,758	8,462	
316.0	00	6,042	100.0	5,605	14,067	
317.0		6,968	100.0	6,505	20,572	
0	,	0,000	.00.0	0,000	20,012	
Device	Routing	In	vert C	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary	310	.73' 1	2.0" Round Outle	et Pipe	_
	,			= 82.0' CPP, proj		II. Ke= 0.900
					S= 0.0052 '/' Cc= 0.900	
#2	Device 1	310	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flo 310.83' 1.2" Vert. UD Orifice C= 0.600 Limited to v			· ·
#3	Device 2					
#4	Device 1	314.50' 1.0" W x 3.0" H Vert. WQV Orifice C= 0.600			- 0.000	
	5	0.40	_	imited to weir flow		V 0 0 000
#5	Device 1	316		.0" W x 7.0" H Vei		X 29.00 C= 0.600
				imited to weir flow		
#6	Secondary	316				sted Rectangular Weir
			F	lead (feet) 0.20 0.	.40 0.60 0.80 1.0	0 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50

2.64 2.65 2.64 2.65 2.65 2.66 2.67 2.69

Coef. (English) 2.46 2.55 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.68 2.67 2.64 2.64

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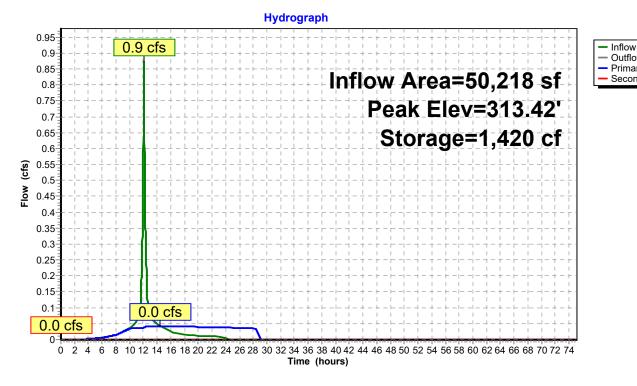
Outflow

Primary

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 14.46 hrs HW=313.42' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) **1=Outlet Pipe** (Passes 0.0 cfs of 4.3 cfs potential flow) **2=UD Orifice** (Passes 0.0 cfs of 0.1 cfs potential flow) **3=Infiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs) 4=WQV Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs) -5=Beehive Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=310.83' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir(Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 21.0P: USDF-1



Project Name:	Franklin Drive Multi-Family Development			
Lake Watershed	: Sebago Lake			
Town: Windham	, ME			
Standard Calcul	ations			
	Watershed per acre phosphorus budget (Appendix C)	PAPB	0.053	lbs P/acre/year
	Total acreage of development parcel:	TA	38.6	acres
	NWI wetland acreage:	WA	13.4	acres
	Steep slope acreage:	SA	2.5	acres
	Project acreage: A = TA - (WA+ SA)	Α	22.69	acres
Project Phospho	orus Budget: PPB = P x A	РРВ	1.20257	lbs P/year
Small Watershee	d Adiustment			
	(A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the small watershed the Appendix C), calculate an alternative PPB using the analysis below			
If Project Acreage info in the table in A	(A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the small watershed the Appendix C), calculate an alternative PPB using the analysis below			
If Project Acreage info in the table in A	(A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the small watershed the Appendix C), calculate an alternative PPB using the analysis below on PPB.	and use th		ess than the the
If Project Acreage info in the table in A Standard Calculation Small Watershed Project acreage:	(A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the small watershed the Appendix C), calculate an alternative PPB using the analysis below on PPB.	and use the		ess than the the
If Project Acreage info in the table in A Standard Calculation Small Watershed Project acreage: Allowable increas (Appendix C):	(A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the small watershed the Appendix C), calculate an alternative PPB using the analysis belowed an PPB. Threshold (Appendix C):	swt		acres
If Project Acreage info in the table in A Standard Calculation Small Watershed Project acreage: Allowable increas (Appendix C):	(A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the small watershed the Appendix C), calculate an alternative PPB using the analysis belowed the PPB. Threshold (Appendix C): The in town's share of annual phosphorus load to lake an development (Appendix C):	SWT A FC		acres acres lbs P/year
If Project Acreage info in the table in A Standard Calculation Small Watershed Project acreage: Allowable increas (Appendix C): Area available for	(A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the small watershed the Appendix C), calculate an alternative PPB using the analysis belowed the PPB. Threshold (Appendix C): The in town's share of annual phosphorus load to lake an development (Appendix C): (R=A/AAD)	SWT A FC AAD		acres acres lbs P/year
If Project Acreage info in the table in A Standard Calculation Small Watershed Project acreage: Allowable increas (Appendix C): Area available for Ratio of A to AAE	(A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the small watershed the Appendix C), calculate an alternative PPB using the analysis belowed the PPB. Threshold (Appendix C): The in town's share of annual phosphorus load to lake an development (Appendix C): (R=A/AAD)	SWT A FC AAD		acres acres lbs P/year

Worksheet 2

Pre-PPE and Post-PPE Calculations
Calculate phosphorus export from development for before and after treatment
Use as many sheets as needed for each development type (commercial, roads, residential lots, etc.)

Development Type: Residential Project name: Franklin Drive Multi-Family Development

Sheet #: 2

Land Surface Type or Lot #(s) with description	Acres or # of lots	Export Coefficient from Table 3.1	Pre- treatment Algal Av. P Export (Ibs P/year)	Treatment Factor for BMP(s) from Chapter 6	Post- treatment Algal Av. P Export (Ibs P/year)	Description of BMPs	CALCULATED TF	MIN TF
Landscape (HSG A)	0.37	0.20	0.07	0.38	0.03			
Roads/Driveways (HSG A)	1.07	1.75	1.87	0.38	0.71			
Parking (HSG A)	0.95	1.25	1.18	0.38	0.45	Subsurface sand Filter 1 (SSF-1)	0.38	0.25
Sidewalks (HSG A)	0.14	05.0	0.07	0.38	0.03			
Roof (HSG A)	0.50	0.50	0.25	0.38	0.09			
Landscape (HSG A)	0.19	0.20	0.04	0.30	0.01			
Roads/Driveways (HSG A)	0.46	1.75	0.81	0.30	0.24			
Parking (HSG A)	0.41	1.25	0.51	0.30	0.15	Subsurface sand Filter 2 (SSF-2)	0:30	0.25
Sidewalks (HSG A)	90.0	05.0	0.03	0.30	0.01			
Roof (HSG A)	0.41	0.50	0.21	0.30	0.06			
Landscape (HSG A)	0.22	0.20	0.04	0.25	0.01			
Roads/Driveways (HSG A)	0.40	1.75	0.70	0.25	0.17			
Parking (HSG A)	0.23	1.25	0.29	0.25	0.07	Subsurface sand Filter 3 (SSF-3)	0.17	0.25
Sidewalk (HSG A)	0.07	0.50	0.04	0.25	0.01			
Roof (HSG A)	0.28	0.50	0.14	0.25	0.04			
Landscape (HSG A)	0.51	0.20	0.10	0.25	0.03			
Roads/Driveways (HSG A)	0.33	1.75	0.58	0.25	0.15			
Parking (HSG A)	0.09	1.25	0.11	0.25	0.03	Underdrained Soil Filter 1 (UDSF-1)	0.19	0.25
Sidewalk (HSG A)	0.13	0.50	0.07	0.25	0.02			
Roof (HSG A)	0.09	0.50	0.05	0.25	0.01			
Landscape (HSG A)	0.63	0.20	0.13	0.35	0.04			
Roads/Driveways (HSG A)	1.01	1.75	1.76	0.35	0.62			
Parking (HSG A)	0.55	1.25	0.69	0.35	0.24	Subsurface Sand Filter 4 (SSF-4)	0.35	0.25
Sidewalks (HSG A)	0.13	0.50	90.00	0.35	0.02			
Roof (HSG A)	0.45	0.50	0.22	0.35	0.08			
Landscape (HSG A)	1.03	0.20	0.21	1.00	0.21			
Roads/Driveways (HSG A)	0.00	1.75	0.00	1.00	0.00	hatrasta	00 1	-
Parking (HSG A)	0.00	1.25	0.00	1.00	0.00		2	-
Sidewalk (HSG A)	0.00	0.50	0.00	1.00	0.00			
		Total Pre-PPE (lbs P/year)	10.22	Total PostPPE (lbs P/year)	3.52			

"MIN TREATMENT FACTOR (TF) USED WHEN CALCULATED TF WAS LESS THAN MIN TF, PER VOLUME II - PHOSPHORUS CONTROL MANUAL
"LOW EXPORT OPTION COEFFICIENTS FROM TABLE 3.1 USED DUE TO SURFACES BEING STABILIZED WITH PAVEMENT OR VEGETATION & PHOSPHORUS RESTRICTION ON SITE

Sheet #

Project name: Franklin Drive Multi-Family Development Development type: Residential

Mitigation credit when a pre-existing source is being eliminated

Mitigation Source Area Land Use	Acres	Acres Coefficient Modifier (lbs Placre/year)	Modifier	Pre- treatment Historical P Export (lbs P/year)	Treatment Factor for Historical BMP(s) (1.0 if no BMPs)	Historical P Export (lbs P/year)		Mitigation Credit (lbs P/year)	Comments
			9:0	0	1	0		0	
			0.5	0	1	0		0	
			0.5	0	1	0		0	
ı				Totals	Total source elimination mitiagion credit (SEC)	on mitiagion cr	edit (SEC)	0	lbs P/year

Mitigation credit when a pre-existing source is treated by a new BMP

Mitigation Source Area Land Use	Acres	Acres Coefficient Modifier	Modifier	treatment Historical	Factor for Historical	Historical P Export		Factor for New BMP(s)	Mitigation Credit	Comments
		P/acre/year)		P Export (lbs P/year)	BMP(s) (1.0 if no BMPs)	(lbs P/year)		Chapter 6	(Ibs P/year)	
			0.5	0	_	0	-		0	
			0.5	0	~	0			0	
			0.5	0	1	0	-		0	
				Total	Total source treatment mitiagion credit (STC)	ıt mitiagion cr	edit (sтс)	0	lbs P/year

TOTAL MITIGATION CREDIT (SEC + STC)

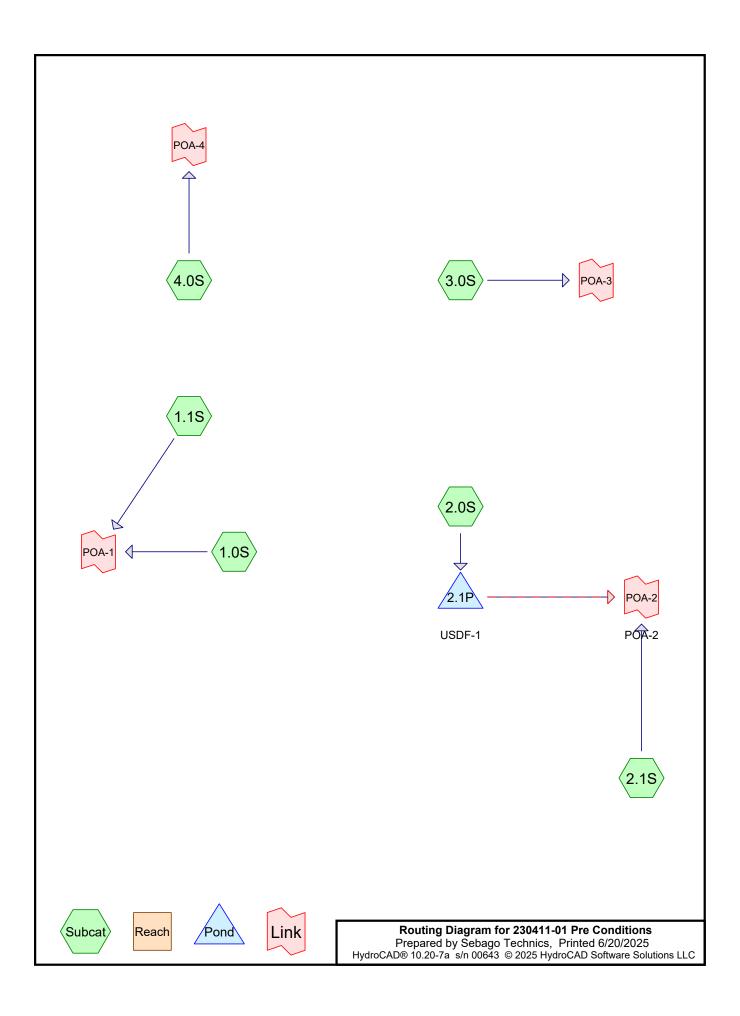
lbs P/year

0

WORKSHEET 4 - PROJECT PHOSPHORUS EXPORT SUMMARY							
Summarizing the project's algal available phosphorus export (PPE)							
Project Name: Franklin Drive Multi-Family Development							
Project Phosphorus Budget - Worksheet 1	1.20	lbs P/year					
Total Pre-Treatment Phosphorus Export - Worksheet 2	10.22	lbs P/year					
Total Post-Treatment Phosphorus Export - Worksheet 2	sheet 2 Post-PPE		lbs P/year				
otal Phosphorus Mitigation Credit - Worksheet 3 TMC		0.00	lbs P/year				
Project Phosphorus Export (Post-PPE - TMC)	3.52	lbs P/year					
Is the Project Phosphorus Export ≤ the Project Phosphorus Budget? (PPE≤PPB)							
If YES , PPE is less than or equal to PPB and the project meets its phosphorus budget. If NO , PPE is greater than PPB, more reduction in phosphorus export is required or the payment of a compensation fee may be an option			NO				
The amount of phosphorus that needs further treatment or compen	sation	2.32	lbs P/year				
Has Project Phosphorus Export been sufficiently reduced? Is (Pre-PPE - Post-PPE)/Pre-PPE greater than 0.60?							
If YES , in some watersheds the compensation fee is an available option. If NO , more treatment must be provided. PPE must be further reduced.			YES				
The post-treatment phosphorus export must be less than 40% of the pre- treatment export (Post-PPE < 0.4*Pre-PPE)			65.53 %				
If the project is located in a watershed that is eligible for a compensation fee (or is a residential subdivision with buffers), a compensation fee may be appropriate as follows:							
If Project Export has been reduced by greater than 60% and less than 75%, \$25,000 per pound minus \$833 per 1% Percent Export			\$47,343				
If Project Export has been reduced by greater than 75%, \$12,500 pminus \$500 per 1% Project Export							

Appendix 2A

Existing Conditions HydroCAD Summary



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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
21,215	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (1.0S, 2.0S, 2.1S)
13,783	96	Gravel surface, HSG A (1.0S, 1.1S, 3.0S)
136,866	30	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A (1.0S, 2.1S)
61,359	98	Paved parking, HSG A (1.0S, 2.0S, 2.1S)
757,694	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (1.0S, 1.1S, 2.1S, 3.0S, 4.0S)
990,917	35	TOTAL AREA

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(sq-ft)	Group	Numbers
990,917	HSG A	1.0S, 1.1S, 2.0S, 2.1S, 3.0S, 4.0S
0	HSG B	
0	HSG C	
0	HSG D	
0	Other	
990,917		TOTAL AREA

Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.10"

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Time span=0.00-75.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7501 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1.0S: Runoff Area = 276,563 sf 4.34% Impervious Runoff Depth = 0.17"

Flow Length=490' Tc=23.4 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.8 cfs 4,018 cf

Subcatchment1.1S: Runoff Area=93,625 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.10"

Flow Length=377' Tc=18.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.2 cfs 803 cf

Subcatchment2.0S: Runoff Area=32,969 sf 64.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.84"

Flow Length=134' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.5 cfs 5,059 cf

Subcatchment2.1S: Runoff Area=326,379 sf 8.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.25"

Flow Length=441' Tc=17.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.4 cfs 6,737 cf

Subcatchment3.0S: Runoff Area=221,586 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.06"

Flow Length=526' Tc=17.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.2 cfs 1,091 cf

Subcatchment4.0S: Runoff Area=39,795 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=153' Tc=10.3 min CN=30 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0 cf

Pond 2.1P: USDF-1 Peak Elev=313.81' Storage=2,909 cf Inflow=1.5 cfs 5,059 cf

Primary=0.0 cfs 5,060 cf Secondary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 5,060 cf

Link POA-1: Inflow=0.9 cfs 4,821 cf

Primary=0.9 cfs 4,821 cf

Link POA-2: POA-2 Inflow=1.4 cfs 11,797 cf

Primary=1.4 cfs 11,797 cf

Link POA-3: Inflow=0.2 cfs 1,091 cf

Primary=0.2 cfs 1,091 cf

Link POA-4: Inflow=0.0 cfs 0 cf

Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 990,917 sf Runoff Volume = 17,709 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.21" 93.81% Pervious = 929,558 sf 6.19% Impervious = 61,359 sf

Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=4.60" Printed 6/20/2025

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Time span=0.00-75.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7501 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1.0S: Runoff Area = 276,563 sf 4.34% Impervious Runoff Depth = 0.27"

Flow Length=490' Tc=23.4 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.1 cfs 6,256 cf

Subcatchment1.1S: Runoff Area=93,625 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.16"

Flow Length=377' Tc=18.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.3 cfs 1,253 cf

Subcatchment2.0S: Runoff Area=32,969 sf 64.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.85"

Flow Length=134' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.2 cfs 7,823 cf

Subcatchment2.1S: Runoff Area=326,379 sf 8.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.38"

Flow Length=441' Tc=17.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.1 cfs 10,253 cf

Subcatchment3.0S: Runoff Area=221,586 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.09"

Flow Length=526' Tc=17.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.4 cfs 1,702 cf

Subcatchment4.0S: Runoff Area=39,795 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=153' Tc=10.3 min CN=30 Runoff=0.0 cfs 0 cf

Pond 2.1P: USDF-1 Peak Elev=314.30' Storage=5,033 cf Inflow=2.2 cfs 7,823 cf

Primary=0.0 cfs 7,823 cf Secondary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.0 cfs 7,823 cf

Link POA-1: Inflow=1.4 cfs 7,509 cf

Primary=1.4 cfs 7,509 cf

Link POA-2: POA-2 Inflow=2.1 cfs 18.076 cf

Primary=2.1 cfs 18,076 cf

Link POA-3: Inflow=0.4 cfs 1,702 cf

Primary=0.4 cfs 1,702 cf

Link POA-4: Inflow=0.0 cfs 0 cf

Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 990,917 sf Runoff Volume = 27,287 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.33" 93.81% Pervious = 929,558 sf 6.19% Impervious = 61,359 sf

Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

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Time span=0.00-75.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7501 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1.0S: Runoff Area = 276,563 sf 4.34% Impervious Runoff Depth = 0.40"

Flow Length=490' Tc=23.4 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.4 cfs 9,270 cf

Subcatchment1.1S: Runoff Area=93,625 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.26"

Flow Length=377' Tc=18.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.3 cfs 2,008 cf

Subcatchment2.0S: Runoff Area=32,969 sf 64.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.71"

Flow Length=134' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.8 cfs 10,196 cf

Subcatchment2.1S: Runoff Area=326,379 sf 8.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.53"

Flow Length=441' Tc=17.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.6 cfs 14,375 cf

Subcatchment3.0S: Runoff Area=221,586 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.17"

Flow Length=526' Tc=17.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.5 cfs 3,141 cf

Subcatchment4.0S: Runoff Area=39,795 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.05"

Flow Length=153' Tc=10.3 min CN=30 Runoff=0.0 cfs 174 cf

Pond 2.1P: USDF-1 Peak Elev=314.55' Storage=6,230 cf Inflow=2.8 cfs 10,196 cf

Primary=0.1 cfs 10,196 cf Secondary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 10,196 cf

Link POA-1: Inflow=1.8 cfs 11,277 cf

Primary=1.8 cfs 11,277 cf

Link POA-2: POA-2 Inflow=2.7 cfs 24,571 cf

Primary=2.7 cfs 24,571 cf

Link POA-3: Inflow=0.5 cfs 3,141 cf

Primary=0.5 cfs 3,141 cf

Link POA-4: Inflow=0.0 cfs 174 cf

Primary=0.0 cfs 174 cf

Total Runoff Area = 990,917 sf Runoff Volume = 39,163 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.47" 93.81% Pervious = 929,558 sf 6.19% Impervious = 61,359 sf

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Summary for Subcatchment 1.0S:

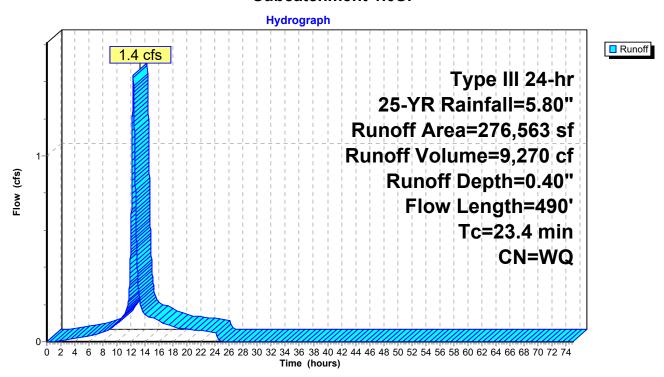
Runoff = 1.4 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 9,270 cf, Depth= 0.40" Routed to Link POA-1 :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

Aı	rea (sf)	CN D	escription						
	12,000	98 P	Paved parking, HSG A						
	5,208	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG A	1				
	9,266	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
1	18,189	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A					
1	31,900	30 N	1eadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG A				
2	76,563	٧	Veighted A	verage					
2	64,563	9	5.66% Per	rvious Area					
	12,000	4	.34% Impe	ervious Are	a				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
	•		,		Description Sheet Flow, A-B				
(min) 10.3	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)		<u> </u>				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)		Sheet Flow, A-B				
(min) 10.3	(feet) 50	(ft/ft) 0.0300	(ft/sec) 0.08		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
(min) 10.3	(feet) 50	(ft/ft) 0.0300	(ft/sec) 0.08		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D				
(min) 10.3 12.8	(feet) 50 385	(ft/ft) 0.0300 0.0100	0.08 0.50		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				

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Subcatchment 1.0S:



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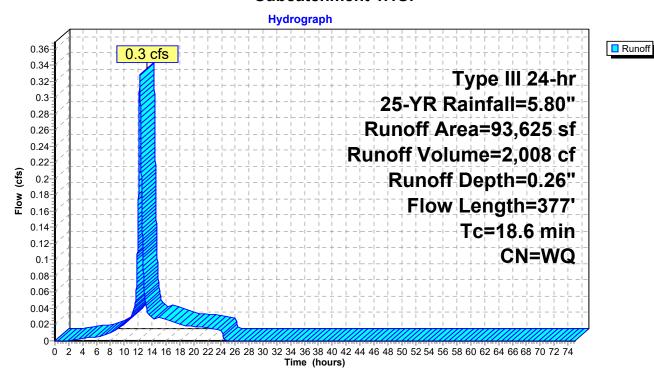
Summary for Subcatchment 1.1S:

Runoff = 0.3 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 2,008 cf, Depth= 0.26" Routed to Link POA-1 :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	3,635			ace, HSG A	
	89,990	<u>30 V</u>	vooas, Go	od, HSG A	
	93,625	V	Veighted A	verage	
	93,625	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
	,				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	'
9.6	44	0.0280	0.08		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"
2.8	150	0.0330	0.91		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
6.2	183	0.0050	0.49		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
18.6	377	Total			

Subcatchment 1.1S:



Summary for Subcatchment 2.0S:

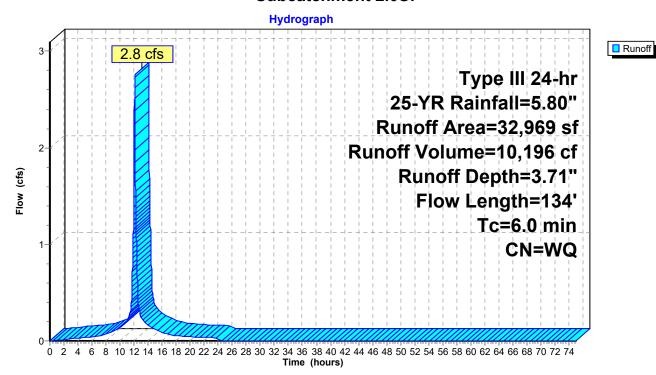
Runoff = 2.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 10,196 cf, Depth= 3.71"

Routed to Pond 2.1P: USDF-1

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription						
	21,170	98 P	98 Paved parking, HSG A						
	11,799	39 >	75% Ġras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
	32,969	V	Veighted A	verage					
	11,799	3	5.79% Per	vious Area					
	21,170	6	4.21% Imp	ervious Ar	ea				
_				_					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
0.3	16	0.0200	0.97		Sheet Flow, A-B				
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.30"				
0.6	118	0.0280	3.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
5.1					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				
6.0	134	Total							

Subcatchment 2.0S:



Summary for Subcatchment 2.1S:

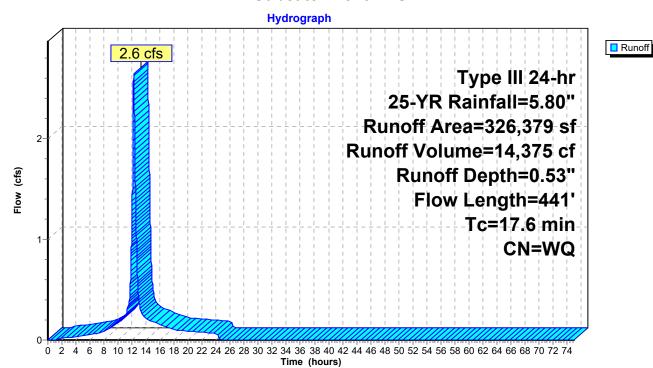
Runoff = 2.6 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 14,375 cf, Depth= 0.53"

Routed to Link POA-2: POA-2

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription						
	28,189	98 P	98 Paved parking, HSG A						
2	93,074	30 V	loods, Go	od, HSG A					
	150			•	ood, HSG A				
	4,966	30 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG A				
	26,379		/eighted A						
	98,190	_		vious Area					
	28,189	8	.64% Impe	ervious Area	a				
т.	1 41.	01	V - L 14	0	December Reco				
Tc (min)	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
9.8	57	0.0440	0.10		Sheet Flow, A-B				
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"				
6.8	266	0.0170	0.65		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
1.0	118	0.1700	2.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
17.6	441	Total							

Subcatchment 2.1S:



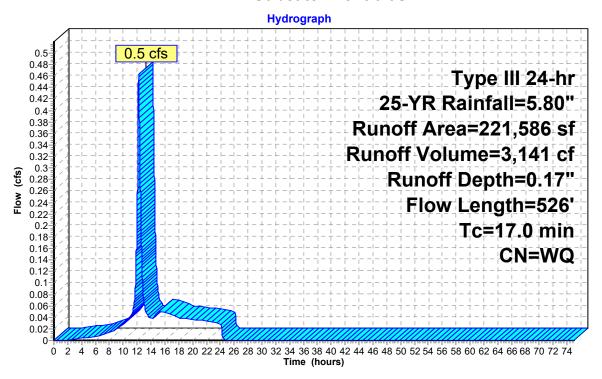
Summary for Subcatchment 3.0S:

Runoff = 0.5 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 3,141 cf, Depth= 0.17" Routed to Link POA-3 :

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
		4,940	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG A	1
_	2	16,646	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
	2	21,586	V	Veighted A	verage	
	2	21,586	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
_	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	11.0	52	0.0280	0.08		Sheet Flow, A-B
_	6.0	474	0.0700	1.32		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	17.0	526	Total			

Subcatchment 3.0S:





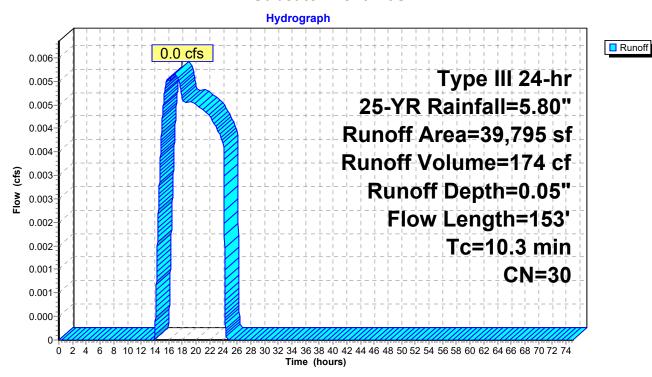
Summary for Subcatchment 4.0S:

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 16.88 hrs, Volume= 174 cf, Depth= 0.05" Routed to Link POA-4:

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
		39,795	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
		39,795	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	ea
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
-	9.6	44	0.0280	0.08	, ,	Sheet Flow, A-B
	0.7	109	0.2900	2.69		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	10.3	153	Total	·	·	

Subcatchment 4.0S:



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Summary for Pond 2.1P: USDF-1

Inflow Area = 32,969 sf, 64.21% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.71" for 25-YR event

Inflow 2.8 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 10.196 cf

0.1 cfs @ 14.38 hrs, Volume= 0.1 cfs @ 14.38 hrs, Volume= Outflow 10,196 cf, Atten= 95%, Lag= 138.0 min

Primary 10,196 cf

Routed to Link POA-2: POA-2

Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Link POA-2: POA-2

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Peak Elev= 314.55' @ 14.38 hrs Surf.Area= 4,801 sf Storage= 6,230 cf

Flood Elev= 317.50' Surf.Area= 6,968 sf Storage= 20,572 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,026.5 min (1,780.5 - 754.0)

Volume	Invert	Avai	il.Stor	age	Storage Descrip	otion	
#1	#1 310.83' 20,572 c		'2 cf	Custom Stage	Data (Prismatic)	Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevation	on Su	rf.Area	Voic	le	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee		(sq-ft)	(%		(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
310.8		3,000	0.		0	0	
310.0		3,000	0.		0	0	
313.0		3,000	100		30	30	
314.0		4,348	100		3,674	3,704	
315.0		5,168			4,758	8,462	
316.0		6,042			5,605	14,067	
317.0		6,968	100		6,505	20,572	
317.0	00	0,900	100	.0	0,303	20,372	
Device	Routing	In	vert	Outl	et Devices		
#1	Primary	310	.73'	12.0	" Round Outlet	Pipe	
	•			L= 8	32.0' CPP, project	cting, no headwal	I, Ke= 0.900
				Inlet	: / Outlet Invert= 3	310.73' / 310.30'	S= 0.0052 '/' Cc= 0.900
				n= 0	0.013 Corrugated	PE, smooth inter	rior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	310	.83'	1.0"	Vert. UD Orifice	e C= 0.600 Lim	ited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 2	310	.83'	2.41	0 in/hr Infiltration	on over Surface a	area Phase-In= 0.01'
#4	Device 1	314	.50'	1.0"	W x 7.0" H Vert	. Beehive Grate	X 29.00 C= 0.600
				Limi	ted to weir flow a	t low heads	
#5	Secondary	316	5.50'	14.0)' long x 9.0' bre	adth Broad-Cres	sted Rectangular Weir
	•			Hea	d (feet) 0.20 0.4	0.60 0.80 1.0	0 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
				2.50	3.00 3.50 4.00	4.50 5.00 5.50	
				Coe	f. (English) 2.46	2.55 2.70 2.69	2.68 2.68 2.67 2.64 2.64
				2.64	2.65 2.64 2.65	2.65 2.66 2.67	2.69

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Primary OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 14.38 hrs HW=314.55' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Outlet Pipe (Passes 0.1 cfs of 5.4 cfs potential flow)

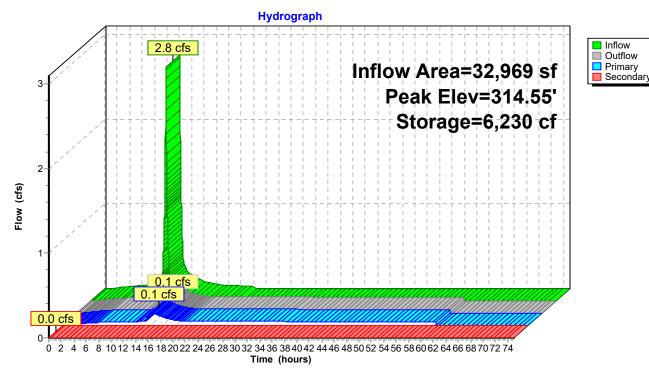
2=UD Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.1 cfs @ 9.24 fps)

3=Infiltration (Passes 0.1 cfs of 0.3 cfs potential flow)

4=Beehive Grate (Orifice Controls 0.1 cfs @ 0.73 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=310.83' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir(Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 2.1P: USDF-1



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Summary for Link POA-1:

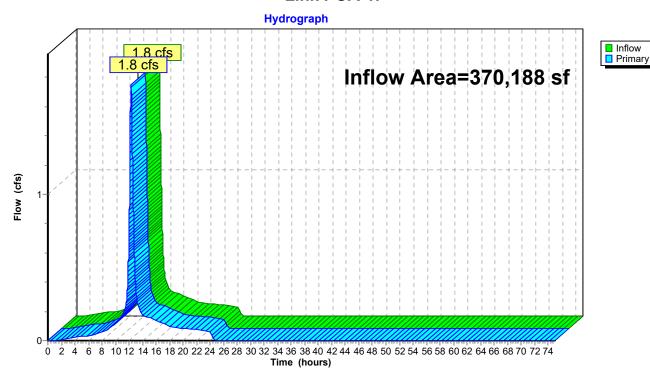
Inflow Area = 370,188 sf, 3.24% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.37" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 1.8 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 11,277 cf

Primary = 1.8 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 11,277 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link POA-1:



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Inflow

Primary

Summary for Link POA-2: POA-2

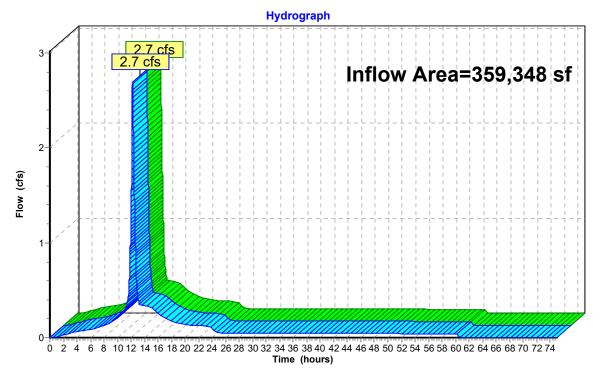
Inflow Area = 359,348 sf, 13.74% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.82" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 2.7 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 24,571 cf

Primary = 2.7 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 24,571 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link POA-2: POA-2



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Summary for Link POA-3:

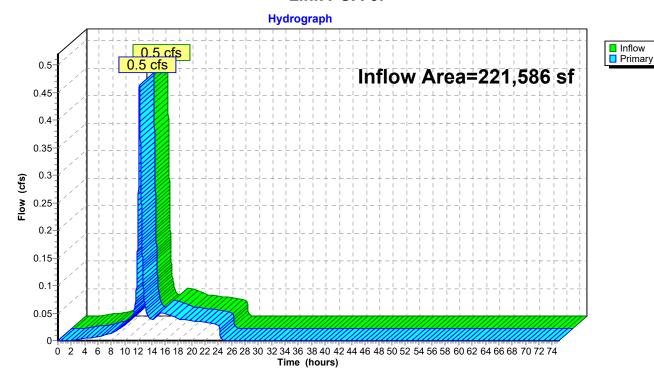
Inflow Area = 221,586 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.17" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 0.5 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 3,141 cf

Primary = 0.5 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 3,141 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link POA-3:



Summary for Link POA-4:

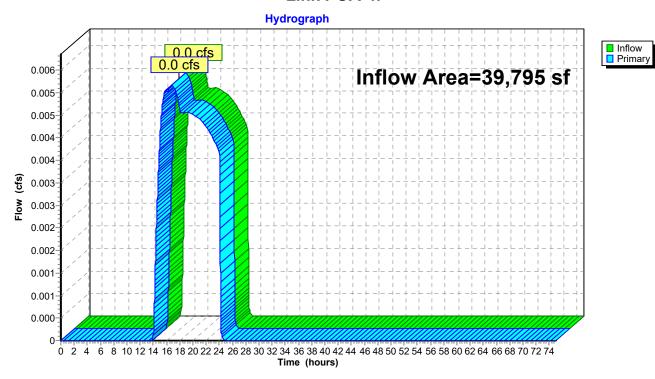
Inflow Area = 39,795 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.05" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 16.88 hrs, Volume= 174 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 16.88 hrs, Volume= 174 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

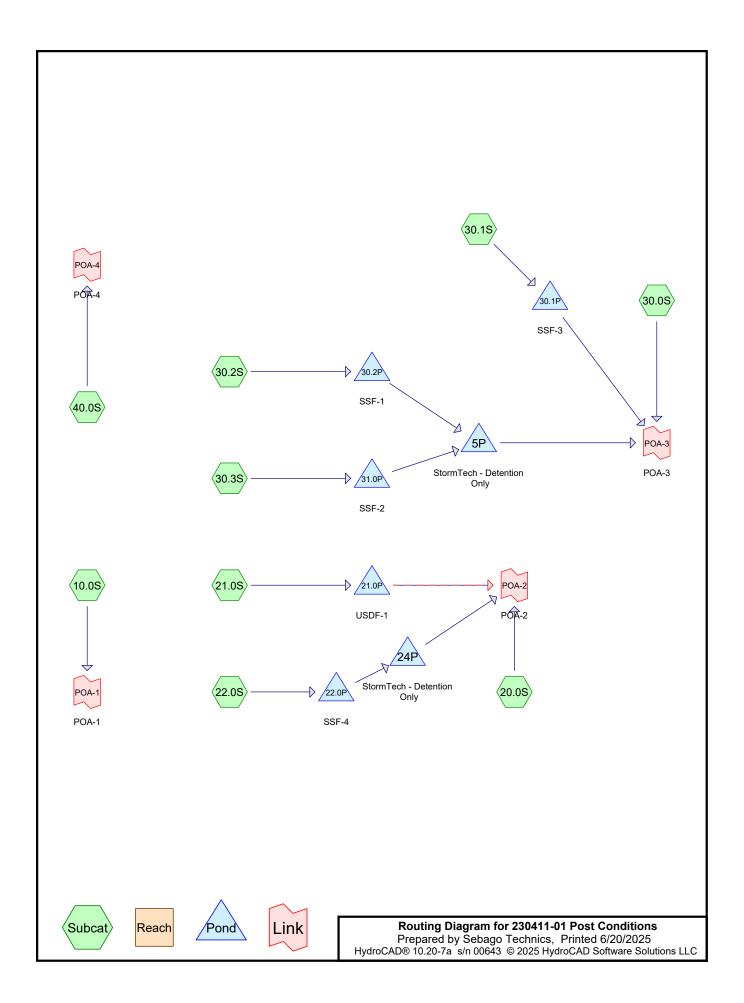
Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link POA-4:



Appendix 2B

Proposed Conditions HydroCAD Summary



230411-01 Post Conditions

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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(sq-ft)		(subcatchment-numbers)
137,682	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A (10.0S, 20.0S, 21.0S, 22.0S, 30.0S, 30.1S,
		30.2S, 30.3S, 40.0S)
5,174	96	Gravel surface, HSG A (10.0S, 30.0S)
169,382	30	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A (10.0S, 20.0S)
302,969	98	Paved parking, HSG A (10.0S, 20.0S, 21.0S, 22.0S, 30.1S, 30.2S, 30.3S)
75,490	98	Roofs, HSG A (21.0S, 22.0S, 30.1S, 30.2S, 30.3S)
300,220	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (10.0S, 20.0S, 30.0S, 40.0S)
990,917	58	TOTAL AREA

230411-01 Post Conditions

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(sq-ft)	Group	Numbers
990,917	HSG A	10.0S, 20.0S, 21.0S, 22.0S, 30.0S, 30.1S, 30.2S, 30.3S, 40.0S
0	HSG B	
0	HSG C	
0	HSG D	
0	Other	
990,917		TOTAL AREA

230411-01 Post Conditions

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Time span=0.00-75.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7501 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment10.0S: Runoff Area=207,220 sf 5.79% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.22"

Flow Length=490' Tc=23.4 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.7 cfs 3,730 cf

Subcatchment20.0S: Runoff Area=227,432 sf 12.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.36"

Flow Length=441' Tc=17.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.4 cfs 6,737 cf

Subcatchment21.0S: Runoff Area=50,218 sf 56.01% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.61"

Flow Length=134' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.9 cfs 6,722 cf

Subcatchment22.0S: Runoff Area=120,447 sf 77.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.21"

Flow Length=150' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=6.4 cfs 22,224 cf

Subcatchment30.0S: Runoff Area=106,675 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.03"

Flow Length=515' Tc=21.2 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.1 cfs 281 cf

Subcatchment30.1S: Runoff Area=52,105 sf 81.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.35"

Flow Length=182' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.9 cfs 10,193 cf

Subcatchment30.2S: Runoff Area=131,790 sf 87.60% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.51"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0220 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=8.0 cfs 27,591 cf

Subcatchment30.3S: Runoff Area=67,415 sf 87.60% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.51"

Flow Length=105' Slope=0.0204 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=4.1 cfs 14,113 cf

Subcatchment40.0S: Runoff Area=27,615 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"

Flow Length=75' Slope=0.5000 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.0 cfs 0 cf

Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only Peak Elev=311.29' Storage=39 cf Inflow=2.3 cfs 41,708 cf

Discarded=2.3 cfs 41,708 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=2.3 cfs 41,708 cf

Pond 21.0P: USDF-1 Peak Elev=314.12' Storage=4,215 cf Inflow=1.9 cfs 6,722 cf

Primary=0.1 cfs 6,722 cf Secondary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 6,722 cf

Pond 22.0P; SSF-4 Peak Elev=316.80' Storage=10,484 cf Inflow=6.4 cfs 22,224 cf

Outflow=1.0 cfs 22,224 cf

Pond 24P: StormTech - Detention Only

Peak Elev=311.26' Storage=17 cf Inflow=1.0 cfs 22,224 cf

Discarded=1.0 cfs 22,224 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=1.0 cfs 22,224 cf

Pond 30.1P; SSF-3 Peak Elev=309.70' Storage=5,809 cf Inflow=2.9 cfs 10,193 cf

Outflow=0.1 cfs 10,194 cf

Pond 30.2P; SSF-1 Peak Elev=317.73' Storage=11,913 cf Inflow=8.0 cfs 27,591 cf

Outflow=2.1 cfs 27,594 cf

Pond 31.0P: SSF-2 Peak Elev=316.81' Storage=7,205 cf Inflow=4.1 cfs 14,113 cf

Outflow=0.3 cfs 14,115 cf

230411-01 Post Conditions	Type III 24-hr 2-YR Rainfall=3.10"
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Link POA-1: POA-1	Inflow=0.7 cfs 3,730 cf
	Primary=0.7 cfs 3,730 cf
Link POA-2: POA-2	Inflow=1.4 cfs 13,459 cf
	Primary=1.4 cfs 13,459 cf
Link POA-3: POA-3	Inflow=0.1 cfs 10,475 cf
	Primary=0.1 cfs 10,475 cf
Link POA-4: POA-4	Inflow=0.0 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 990,917 sf Runoff Volume = 91,590 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.11" 61.81% Pervious = 612,458 sf 38.19% Impervious = 378,459 sf

Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf

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Time span=0.00-75.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7501 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 10.0S: Runoff Area=207,220 sf 5.79% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.35"

Flow Length=490' Tc=23.4 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.0 cfs 6,001 cf

Runoff Area=227,432 sf 12.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.55" Subcatchment 20.0S:

Flow Length=441' Tc=17.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.1 cfs 10,356 cf

Runoff Area=50,218 sf 56.01% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.50" Subcatchment21.0S:

Flow Length=134' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.9 cfs 10,462 cf

Runoff Area=120,447 sf 77.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.40" Subcatchment 22.0S:

Flow Length=150' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=9.6 cfs 34,107 cf

Runoff Area=106,675 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.06" Subcatchment30.0S:

Flow Length=515' Tc=21.2 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.1 cfs 530 cf

Subcatchment30.1S: Runoff Area=52,105 sf 81.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.59"

Flow Length=182' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=4.4 cfs 15,609 cf

Subcatchment30.2S: Runoff Area=131,790 sf 87.60% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.84"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0220 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=11.9 cfs 42,155 cf

Runoff Area=67,415 sf 87.60% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.84" Subcatchment30.3S:

Flow Length=105' Slope=0.0204 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=6.1 cfs 21,564 cf

Subcatchment40.0S: Runoff Area=27,615 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.04"

Flow Length=75' Slope=0.5000 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.0 cfs 81 cf

Peak Elev=312.29' Storage=7,888 cf Inflow=11.7 cfs 63,721 cf Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only

Discarded=3.5 cfs 63,721 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=3.5 cfs 63,721 cf

Peak Elev=314.70' Storage=6,931 cf Inflow=2.9 cfs 10,462 cf Pond 21.0P: USDF-1

Primary=0.1 cfs 10,462 cf Secondary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 10,462 cf

Pond 22.0P: SSF-4 Peak Elev=317.14' Storage=12,114 cf Inflow=9.6 cfs 34,107 cf

Outflow=5.9 cfs 34,108 cf

Peak Elev=312.63' Storage=4,937 cf Inflow=5.9 cfs 34,108 cf Pond 24P: StormTech - Detention Only

Discarded=1.4 cfs 34,108 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=1.4 cfs 34,108 cf

Peak Elev=310.50' Storage=9,747 cf Inflow=4.4 cfs 15,609 cf Pond 30.1P: SSF-3

Outflow=0.1 cfs 15,610 cf

Peak Elev=318.10' Storage=13,787 cf Inflow=11.9 cfs 42,155 cf Pond 30.2P: SSF-1

Outflow=8.8 cfs 42,156 cf

Pond 31.0P: SSF-2 Peak Elev=317.08' Storage=8,150 cf Inflow=6.1 cfs 21,564 cf

Outflow=3.2 cfs 21,565 cf

230411-01 Post Conditions Prepared by Sebago Technics HydroCAD® 10.20-7a s/n 00643 © 2025 HydroCAD Software Solutions		10-YR Rainfall=4.60" Printed 6/20/2025 Page 7
Link POA-1: POA-1		Inflow=1.0 cfs 6,001 cf Primary=1.0 cfs 6,001 cf
Link POA-2: POA-2	Р	Inflow=2.1 cfs 20,817 cf rimary=2.1 cfs 20,817 cf

Link POA-3: POA-3Inflow=0.2 cfs 16,141 cf

Primary=0.2 cfs 16,141 cf

Link POA-4: POA-4
Inflow=0.0 cfs 81 cf
Primary=0.0 cfs 81 cf

Total Runoff Area = 990,917 sf Runoff Volume = 140,863 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.71" 61.81% Pervious = 612,458 sf 38.19% Impervious = 378,459 sf

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Time span=0.00-75.00 hrs, dt=0.01 hrs, 7501 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 10.0S: Runoff Area=207,220 sf 5.79% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.52"

Flow Length=490' Tc=23.4 min CN=WQ Runoff=1.3 cfs 8,910 cf

Runoff Area=227,432 sf 12.39% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.75" Subcatchment 20.0S:

Flow Length=441' Tc=17.6 min CN=WQ Runoff=2.6 cfs 14,216 cf

Runoff Area=50,218 sf 56.01% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.29" Subcatchment21.0S:

Flow Length=134' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=3.7 cfs 13,755 cf

Runoff Area=120,447 sf 77.21% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.38" Subcatchment 22.0S:

Flow Length=150' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=12.1 cfs 43,994 cf

Runoff Area=106,675 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.14" Subcatchment30.0S:

Flow Length=515' Tc=21.2 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.1 cfs 1,271 cf

Subcatchment30.1S: Runoff Area=52,105 sf 81.85% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.62"

Flow Length=182' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=5.6 cfs 20,075 cf

Subcatchment30.2S: Runoff Area=131,790 sf 87.60% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.92"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0220 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=15.1 cfs 54,041 cf

Runoff Area=67,415 sf 87.60% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.92" Subcatchment30.3S:

Flow Length=105' Slope=0.0204 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=7.7 cfs 27,644 cf

Subcatchment40.0S: Runoff Area=27,615 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.15"

Flow Length=75' Slope=0.5000 '/' Tc=6.0 min CN=WQ Runoff=0.0 cfs 336 cf

Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only Peak Elev=313.02' Storage=17,080 cf Inflow=19.6 cfs 81,688 cf

Discarded=3.5 cfs 81,688 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=3.5 cfs 81,688 cf

Peak Elev=315.08' Storage=8,897 cf Inflow=3.7 cfs 13,755 cf Pond 21.0P: USDF-1

Primary=0.1 cfs 13,755 cf Secondary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.1 cfs 13,755 cf

Pond 22.0P: SSF-4 Peak Elev=317.33' Storage=13,000 cf Inflow=12.1 cfs 43,994 cf

Outflow=10.4 cfs 43,995 cf

Peak Elev=313.88' Storage=10,438 cf Inflow=10.4 cfs 43,995 cf Pond 24P: StormTech - Detention Only

Discarded=1.4 cfs 43,995 cf Primary=0.0 cfs 0 cf Outflow=1.4 cfs 43,995 cf

Pond 30.1P: SSF-3 Peak Elev=311.03' Storage=12,053 cf Inflow=5.6 cfs 20,075 cf

Outflow=0.3 cfs 20,076 cf

Peak Elev=318.27' Storage=14,596 cf Inflow=15.1 cfs 54,041 cf Pond 30.2P: SSF-1

Outflow=13.1 cfs 54,043 cf

Pond 31.0P: SSF-2 Peak Elev=317.26' Storage=8,760 cf Inflow=7.7 cfs 27,644 cf

Outflow=6.5 cfs 27,645 cf

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Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

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Link POA-1: POA-1
Inflow=1.3 cfs 8,910 cf

Primary=1.3 cfs 8,910 cf

Link POA-2: POA-2Inflow=2.7 cfs 27,971 cf

Primary=2.7 cfs 27,971 cf

Link POA-3: POA-3Inflow=0.3 cfs 21,348 cf

Primary=0.3 cfs 21,348 cf

Link POA-4: POA-4Inflow=0.0 cfs 336 cf
Primary=0.0 cfs 336 cf

Total Runoff Area = 990,917 sf Runoff Volume = 184,243 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.23" 61.81% Pervious = 612,458 sf 38.19% Impervious = 378,459 sf

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Summary for Subcatchment 10.0S:

Runoff = 1.3 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 8,910 cf, Depth= 0.52"

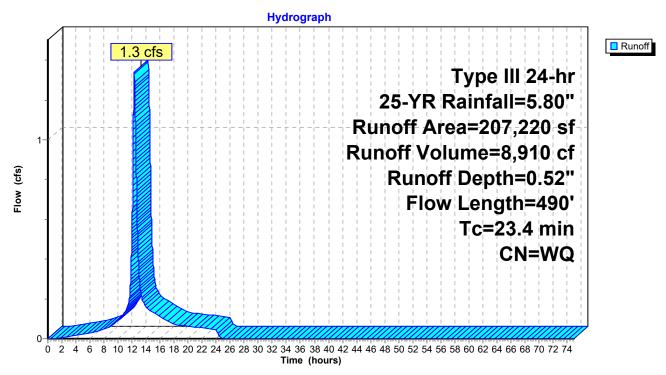
Routed to Link POA-1: POA-1

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription						
	12,000	98 P	Paved parking, HSG A						
	3,903	96 G	Gravel surface, HSG A						
	27,671	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	14,320	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A					
1	49,326	30 N	1eadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG A				
2	07,220		Veighted A						
1	95,220	9	4.21% Per	rvious Area					
	12,000	5	5.79% Impervious Area						
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
	_		,		Description Sheet Flow, A-B				
(min) 10.3	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)		<u> </u>				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)		Sheet Flow, A-B				
(min) 10.3 12.8	(feet) 50	(ft/ft) 0.0300	0.08 0.50		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
(min) 10.3	(feet) 50	(ft/ft) 0.0300	(ft/sec) 0.08		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D				
(min) 10.3 12.8	(feet) 50 385	(ft/ft) 0.0300 0.0100	0.08 0.50		Sheet Flow, A-B Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30" Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				

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Subcatchment 10.0S:



Summary for Subcatchment 20.0S:

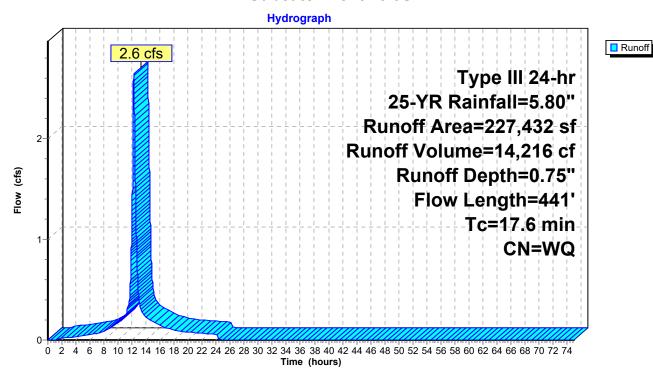
Runoff = 2.6 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 14,216 cf, Depth= 0.75"

Routed to Link POA-2: POA-2

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
	1	69,278	30 V	30 Woods, Good, HSG A						
		9,909		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
		20,056	30 N	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A						
_		28,189	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG A					
	2	27,432	V	Veighted A	verage					
	1	99,243	8	37.61% Per	vious Area	l .				
		28,189	1	2.39% Imp	ervious Ar	ea				
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	9.8	57	0.0440	0.10		Sheet Flow, A-B				
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"				
	6.8	266	0.0170	0.65		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C				
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
	1.0	118	0.1700	2.06		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D				
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
	17 6	441	Total							

Subcatchment 20.0S:



Summary for Subcatchment 21.0S:

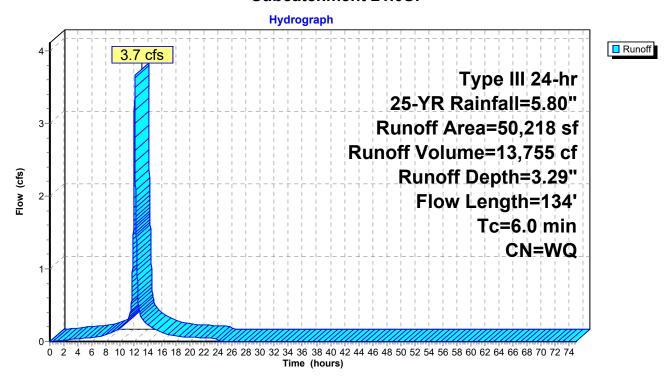
Runoff = 3.7 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 13,755 cf, Depth= 3.29"

Routed to Pond 21.0P: USDF-1

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription						
	24,154	98 P	98 Paved parking, HSG A						
	22,091	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	3,973	98 R	oofs, HSG	6 A					
	50,218	V	Veighted A	verage					
	22,091	4	3.99% Per	vious Area					
	28,127	5	6.01% Imp	pervious Ar	ea				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
0.3	16	0.0200	0.97		Sheet Flow, A-B				
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.30"				
0.6	118	0.0280	3.40		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
5.1					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				
6.0	134	Total							

Subcatchment 21.0S:



Summary for Subcatchment 22.0S:

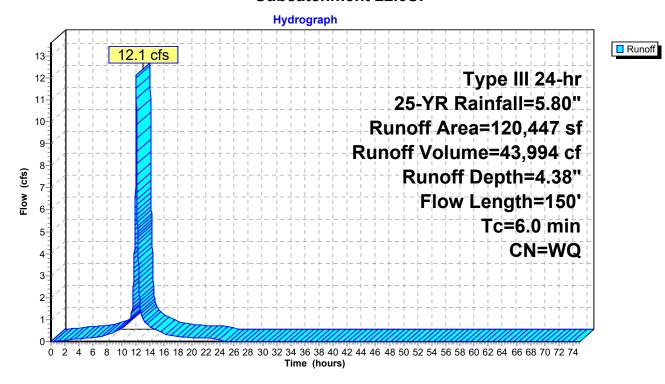
Runoff = 12.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 43,994 cf, Depth= 4.38"

Routed to Pond 22.0P: SSF-4

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription						
	73,452	98 P	Paved parking, HSG A						
	27,455	39 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A						
	19,540	98 F	oofs, HSG	S A					
1	20,447	٧	Veighted A	verage					
	27,455	2	2.79% Per	vious Area					
	92,992	7	7.21% lmp	ervious Ar	ea				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
2.6	50	0.3400	0.32		Sheet Flow,				
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.30"				
1.1	100	0.1000	1.58		Shallow Concentrated Flow,				
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
2.3					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				
6.0	150	Total							

Subcatchment 22.0S:



Summary for Subcatchment 30.0S:

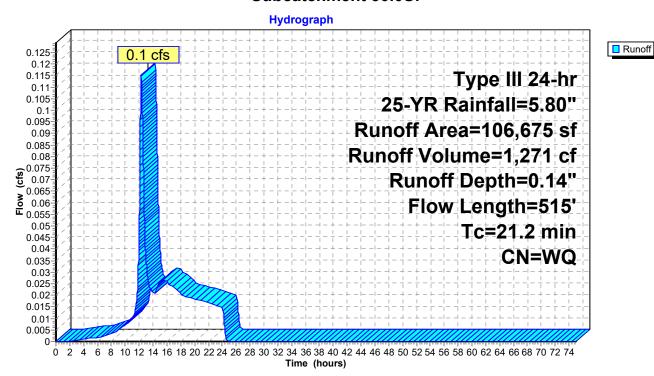
Runoff = 0.1 cfs @ 12.31 hrs, Volume= 1,271 cf, Depth= 0.14"

Routed to Link POA-3: POA-3

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN E	escription					
		8,750		, ,					
		96,654	30 V	Woods, Good, HSG A					
		1,271	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG <i>A</i>	4			
	1	06,675	V	Veighted A	verage				
	1	06,675		•	ervious Are	a			
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	·			
	14.7	50	0.0500	0.06		Sheet Flow, A			
						Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.30"			
	4.0	360	0.0900	1.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	2.5	105	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C			
				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
_	21.2	515	Total			•			

Subcatchment 30.0S:



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Summary for Subcatchment 30.1S:

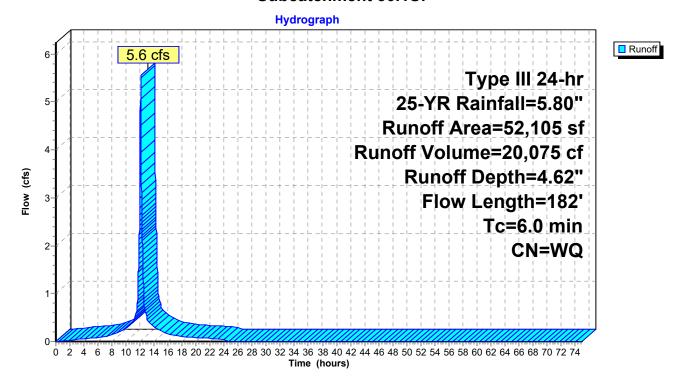
Runoff = 5.6 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 20,075 cf, Depth= 4.62"

Routed to Pond 30.1P: SSF-3

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription						
	30,432	98 F	Paved parking, HSG A						
	9,456	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
	12,217	98 F	Roofs, HSC	S A					
	52,105	V	Veighted A	verage					
	9,456	1	8.15% Per	vious Area					
	42,649	8	1.85% Imp	ervious Ar	ea				
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
2.4	110	0.0044	0.78		Sheet Flow, A-B				
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.30"				
0.3	72	0.0436	4.24		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
3.3					Direct Entry,				
6.0	182	Total							

Subcatchment 30.1S:



Summary for Subcatchment 30.2S:

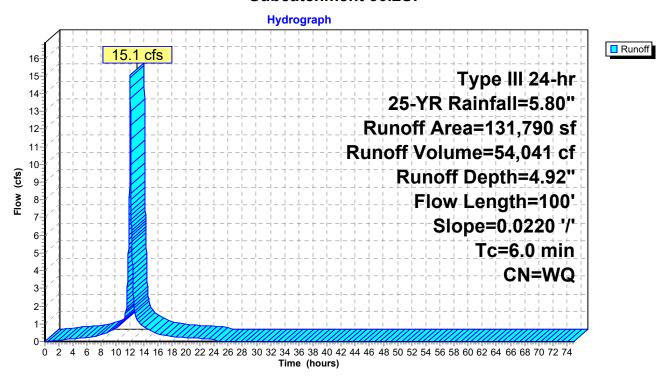
Runoff = 15.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 54,041 cf, Depth= 4.92"

Routed to Pond 30.2P: SSF-1

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	CN Description						
	93,699	98 F	Paved parking, HSG A						
	21,748	98 F	Roofs, HSG	S A					
	16,343	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
1	31,790	V	Veighted A	verage					
	16,343	1	2.40% Per	vious Area					
1	15,447	8	7.60% Imp	ervious Ar	ea				
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
8.0	65	0.0220	1.33		Sheet Flow, A-B				
					Smooth surfaces n= 0.011 P2= 3.30"				
0.2	35	0.0220	3.01		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C				
					Paved Kv= 20.3 fps				
5.0					Direct Entry,				
6.0	100	Total							

Subcatchment 30.2S:



Summary for Subcatchment 30.3S:

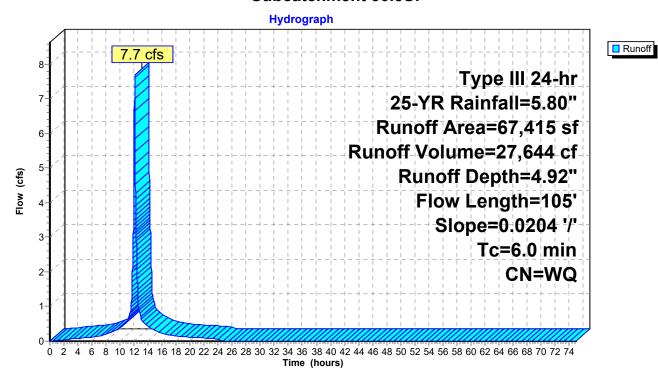
Runoff = 7.7 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 27,644 cf, Depth= 4.92"

Routed to Pond 31.0P: SSF-2

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	CN Description					
		41,043	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	1			
		18,012	98	Roofs, HSC	θĀ				
		8,360	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
		67,415		Weighted Average					
		8,360		12.40% Pe	rvious Area	I			
		59,055		87.60% Imp	pervious Ar	ea			
	Тс	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	1.2	105	0.0204	1.42		Sheet Flow,			
						Smooth surfaces	n= 0.011	P2= 3.30"	
	4.8					Direct Entry,			
	6.0	105	Total	·					

Subcatchment 30.3S:



Summary for Subcatchment 40.0S:

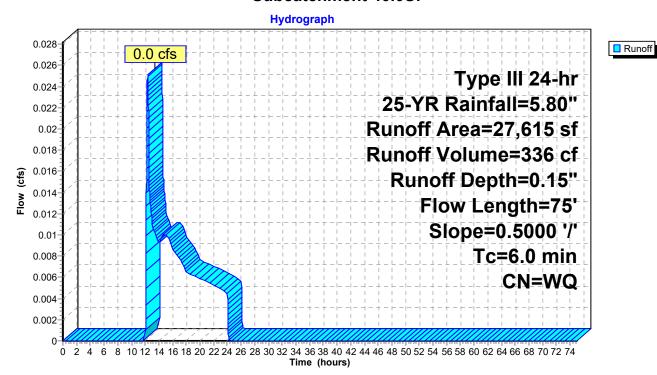
Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 336 cf, Depth= 0.15"

Routed to Link POA-4: POA-4

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-Q, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

	Area (sf)	CN E	Description			
	0	98 F	aved park	ing, HSG A	1	
	7,647	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A	
	19,968	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A		
	27,615	٧	Veighted A	verage		
	27,615	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description	
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
1.5	30	0.5000	0.34		Sheet Flow, A-B	
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.30"	
0.2	45	0.5000	3.54		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C	
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
4.3					Direct Entry,	
6.0	75	Total				

Subcatchment 40.0S:



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Summary for Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only

Inflow Area = 199,205 sf, 87.60% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.92" for 25-YR event Inflow 19.6 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 81.688 cf 3.5 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume= Outflow 81,688 cf, Atten= 82%, Lag= 0.0 min 3.5 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 81.688 cf 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= Primary 0 cf

Routed to Link POA-3: POA-3

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 313.02' @ 12.69 hrs Surf.Area= 15,181 sf Storage= 17,080 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 23.5 min calculated for 81,677 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 23.5 min (1,019.4 - 995.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	311.28'	14,743 cf	87.00'W x 174.50'L x 3.75'H Field A
			56,930 cf Overall - 20,071 cf Embedded = 36,859 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	312.03'	20,071 cf	ADS_StormTech DC-780 b +Capx 432 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.4"W x 30.0"H => 6.49 sf x 7.12'L = 46.2 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			432 Chambers in 18 Rows
			Cap Storage= 2.7 cf x 2 x 18 rows = 95.6 cf
		34,814 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	311.93'	24.0" Round Culvert
	•		L= 298.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 311.93' / 308.69' S= 0.0109 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Discarded	311.28'	10.000 in/hr Infiltration over Surface area Phase-In= 0.01'
#3	Device 1	314.03'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.5 cfs @ 11.99 hrs HW=311.32' (Free Discharge) **2=Infiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.5 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=311.28' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) -1=Culvert (Controls 0.0 cfs)

1-3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechDC-780 b +Cap (ADS StormTech®DC-780 with cap storage)

Effective Size= 45.4"W x 30.0"H => 6.49 sf x 7.12'L = 46.2 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap Cap Storage= 2.7 cf x 2 x 18 rows = 95.6 cf

51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

24 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.81' Cap Length x 2 = 172.50' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 174.50' Base Length

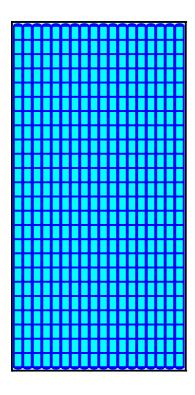
18 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 17 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 87.00' Base Width 9.0" Stone Base + 30.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 3.75' Field Height

432 Chambers x 46.2 cf + 2.7 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 18 Rows = 20,070.9 cf Chamber Storage

56,929.5 cf Field - 20,070.9 cf Chambers = 36,858.7 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 14,743.5 cf Stone Storage

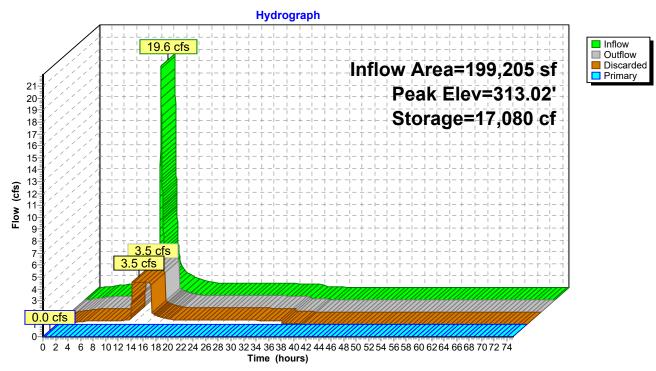
Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 34,814.3 cf = 0.799 af Overall Storage Efficiency = 61.2% Overall System Size = 174.50' x 87.00' x 3.75'

432 Chambers 2,108.5 cy Field 1,365.1 cy Stone



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Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only



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Summary for Pond 21.0P: USDF-1

Inflow Area = 50,218 sf, 56.01% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.29" for 25-YR event

Inflow 3.7 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 13.755 cf

0.1 cfs @ 15.81 hrs, Volume= 0.1 cfs @ 15.81 hrs, Volume= Outflow 13,755 cf, Atten= 97%, Lag= 223.9 min

Primary 13,755 cf

Routed to Link POA-2: POA-2

Secondary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Link POA-2: POA-2

Invert

Volume

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 315.08' @ 15.81 hrs Surf.Area= 5,241 sf Storage= 8,897 cf

Avail.Storage Storage Description

Flood Elev= 317.50' Surf.Area= 6,968 sf Storage= 20,572 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 1,053.6 min (1,810.8 - 757.2)

TOTALLIG		,a		<u> </u>	Otorago Boodinpt		
#1	310.83'		20,57	2 cf	Custom Stage D	Data (Prismatic)Lis	sted below (Recalc)
Elevation	on Su	rf.Area	Voic	ls	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(%	ó)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
310.8	33	3,000	0.	.0	0	0	
312.9	9	3,000	0.	.0	0	0	
313.0		3,000			30	30	
314.0		4,348			3,674	3,704	
315.0		5,168			4,758	8,462	
316.0		6,042			5,605	14,067	
317.0	00	6,968	100.	.0	6,505	20,572	
Device	Routing	In	vert	Outl	et Devices		
#1	Primary	310).73'	12.0	" Round Outlet I	Pipe	
	•			L= 8 Inlet	2.0' CPP, project / Outlet Invert= 3	ting, no headwall, 10.73' / 310.30' S	Ke= 0.900 = 0.0052 '/' Cc= 0.900 rr, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	310	0.83'				ed to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 2	310	0.83'	0.50	0 in/hr Infiltration	n over Surface ar	ea Phase-In= 0.01'
#4	Device 1	314	1.50'	1.0"	W x 3.0" H Vert.	WQV Orifice C=	0.600
				Limi	ted to weir flow at	low heads	
#5	Device 1	316	3.00'			Beehive Grate X	29.00 C= 0.600
					ted to weir flow at		
#6	Secondary	316	3.50'	Hea 2.50 Coe	d (feet) 0.20 0.40 3.00 3.50 4.00 f. (English) 2.46	0 0.60 0.80 1.00 4.50 5.00 5.50	ed Rectangular Weir 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 .68 2.68 2.67 2.64 2.64 2.69

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Primary OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 15.81 hrs HW=315.08' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

1=Outlet Pipe (Passes 0.1 cfs of 5.8 cfs potential flow)

2=UD Orifice (Passes 0.1 cfs of 0.1 cfs potential flow)

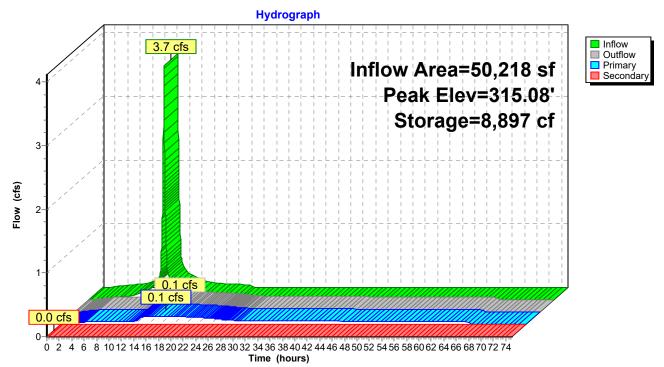
3=Infiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)

4=WQV Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.1 cfs @ 3.25 fps)

5=Beehive Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=310.83' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 6=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir(Controls 0.0 cfs)





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Summary for Pond 22.0P: SSF-4

Inflow Area = 120,447 sf, 77.21% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.38" for 25-YR event

12.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= Inflow 43.994 cf

10.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 10.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= Outflow 43,995 cf, Atten= 14%, Lag= 2.9 min

Primary 43,995 cf

Routed to Pond 24P: StormTech - Detention Only

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 317.33' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 14,558 sf Storage= 13,000 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 258.7 min (1,008.9 - 750.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	314.67'	6,520 cf	72.75'W x 96.28'L x 3.75'H Field A
			26,267 cf Overall - 9,968 cf Embedded = 16,299 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	315.17'	9,968 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 195 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			195 Chambers in 15 Rows
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 15 rows = 102.6 cf
#3	312.50'	0 cf	Build up to UD (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
			16,390 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids

16,488 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
312.50	7,553	0	0
314.67	7,553	16,390	16,390

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	312.40'	24.0" Round Culvert
	·		L= 80.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 312.40' / 312.00' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	312.50'	2.0" Vert. UD cap for bleeder C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 1	316.67'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#4	Device 3	315.37'	24.0" Round Overflow to OCS
			L= 6.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 315.37' / 315.31' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf

230411-01 Post Conditions

Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

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Primary OutFlow Max=10.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=317.33' TW=312.23' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 10.4 cfs of 29.1 cfs potential flow)

2=UD cap for bleeder (Orifice Controls 0.2 cfs @ 10.49 fps)

-3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 10.2 cfs @ 2.56 fps)
-4=Overflow to OCS (Passes 10.2 cfs of 11.8 cfs potential flow)

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Pond 22.0P: SSF-4 - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechSC-800 +Cap (ADS StormTech®SC-800 with cap volume)

Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 15 rows = 102.6 cf

51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

13 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.88' Cap Length x 2 = 94.28' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 96.28' Base Length

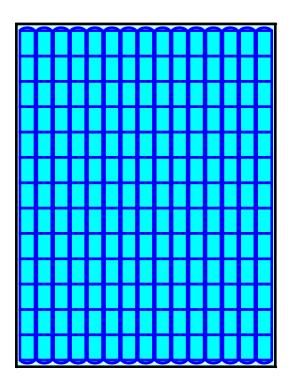
15 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 14 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 72.75' Base Width 6.0" Stone Base + 33.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 3.75' Field Height

195 Chambers x 50.6 cf + 3.4 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 15 Rows = 9,968.1 cf Chamber Storage

26,267.3 cf Field - 9,968.1 cf Chambers = 16,299.2 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 6,519.7 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 16,487.8 cf = 0.379 af Overall Storage Efficiency = 62.8% Overall System Size = 96.28' x 72.75' x 3.75'

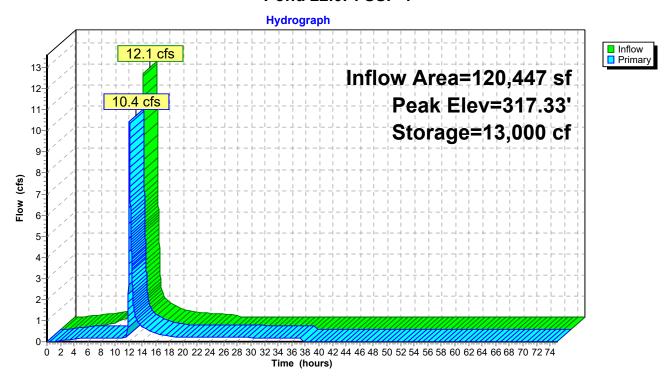
195 Chambers 972.9 cy Field 603.7 cy Stone





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Pond 22.0P: SSF-4



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Summary for Pond 24P: StormTech - Detention Only

Inflow Area = 120,447 sf, 77.21% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.38" for 25-YR event Inflow = 10.4 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 43,995 cf
Outflow = 1.4 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume= 43,995 cf, Atten= 87%, Lag= 0.0 min Discarded = 1.4 cfs @ 11.99 hrs, Volume= 43,995 cf
Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf

Routed to Link POA-2: POA-2

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 313.88' @ 12.90 hrs Surf.Area= 5,961 sf Storage= 10,438 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 41.5 min calculated for 43,989 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 41.5 min (1,050.4 - 1,008.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	311.25'	5,858 cf	72.75'W x 81.94'L x 3.75'H Field A
			22,353 cf Overall - 7,709 cf Embedded = 14,644 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	312.00'	7,709 cf	ADS_StormTech DC-780 b +Capx 165 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.4"W x 30.0"H => 6.49 sf x 7.12'L = 46.2 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap
			165 Chambers in 15 Rows
			Cap Storage= 2.7 cf x 2 x 15 rows = 79.6 cf
		40 505 6	T . I A . II I I O.

13,567 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	311.90'	24.0" Round Culvert
	•		L= 26.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 311.90' / 311.77' S= 0.0050 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Discarded	311.25'	10.000 in/hr Infiltration over Surface area Phase-In= 0.01'
#3	Device 1	314.00'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.4 cfs @ 11.99 hrs HW=311.29' (Free Discharge) **2=Infiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 1.4 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=311.25' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater) 1=Culvert (Controls 0.0 cfs)

1-3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 24P: StormTech - Detention Only - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechDC-780 b +Cap (ADS StormTech®DC-780 with cap storage)

Effective Size= 45.4"W x 30.0"H => 6.49 sf x 7.12'L = 46.2 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 30.0"H x 7.56'L with 0.44' Overlap Cap Storage= 2.7 cf x 2 x 15 rows = 79.6 cf

51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

11 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.81' Cap Length x 2 = 79.94' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 81.94' Base Length

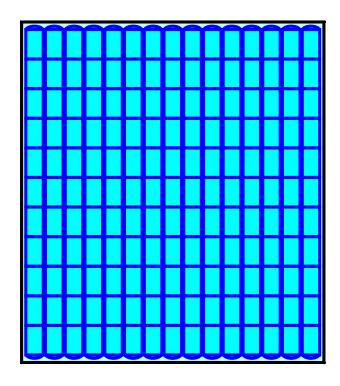
15 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 14 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 72.75' Base Width 9.0" Stone Base + 30.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 3.75' Field Height

165 Chambers x 46.2 cf + 2.7 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 15 Rows = 7,709.1 cf Chamber Storage

22,353.3 cf Field - 7,709.1 cf Chambers = 14,644.3 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 5,857.7 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 13,566.8 cf = 0.311 af Overall Storage Efficiency = 60.7% Overall System Size = 81.94' x 72.75' x 3.75'

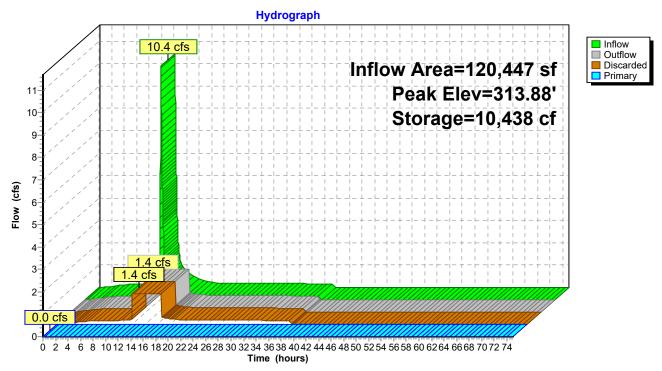
165 Chambers 827.9 cy Field 542.4 cy Stone





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Pond 24P: StormTech - Detention Only



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Summary for Pond 30.1P: SSF-3

Inflow Area = 52,105 sf, 81.85% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.62" for 25-YR event

5.6 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= Inflow 20,075 cf

0.3 cfs @ 14.14 hrs, Volume= 0.3 cfs @ 14.14 hrs, Volume= Outflow 20,076 cf, Atten= 95%, Lag= 123.4 min

Primary 20,076 cf

Routed to Link POA-3: POA-3

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 311.03' @ 14.14 hrs Surf.Area= 8,922 sf Storage= 12,053 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 811.8 min (1,560.9 - 749.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	308.35'	6,022 cf	49.00'W x 131.87'L x 3.75'H Field A
			24,231 cf Overall - 9,175 cf Embedded = 15,055 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	308.85'	9,175 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 180 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			180 Chambers in 10 Rows
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 10 rows = 68.4 cf
#3	306.18'	0 cf	Build up to UD (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
			5,340 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids

15,197 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
306.18	2,461	0	0
308.35	2,461	5,340	5,340

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	306.08'	24.0" Round Culvert
			L= 115.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 306.08' / 304.75' S= 0.0116 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	306.18'	1.4" Vert. UD cap for bleeder C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 5	309.05'	24.0" Round Overflow to OCS
			L= 6.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 309.05' / 308.93' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#4	Device 1	310.35'	2.0" Vert. WQV Orifice C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads
#5	Device 1	311.00'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32

230411-01 Post Conditions

Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

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Primary OutFlow Max=0.3 cfs @ 14.14 hrs HW=311.03' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 0.3 cfs of 23.7 cfs potential flow)

2=UD cap for bleeder (Orifice Controls 0.1 cfs @ 10.54 fps)

-4=WQV Orifice (Orifice Controls 0.1 cfs @ 3.72 fps)

5=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 0.1 cfs @ 0.50 fps) **3=Overflow to OCS** (Passes 0.1 cfs of 2.7 cfs potential flow)

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Pond 30.1P: SSF-3 - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechSC-800 +Cap (ADS StormTech®SC-800 with cap volume)

Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 10 rows = 68.4 cf

51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

18 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.88' Cap Length x 2 = 129.87' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 131.87' Base Length

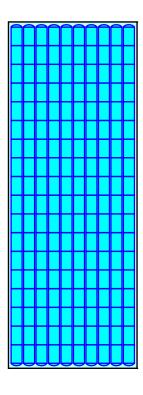
10 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 9 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 49.00' Base Width 6.0" Stone Base + 33.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 3.75' Field Height

180 Chambers x 50.6 cf + 3.4 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 10 Rows = 9,175.0 cf Chamber Storage

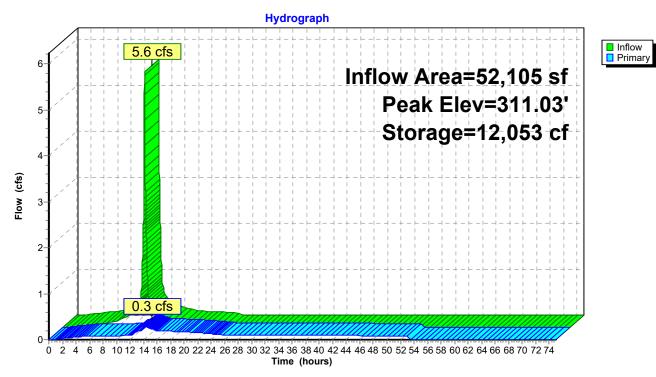
24,230.5 cf Field - 9,175.0 cf Chambers = 15,055.5 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 6,022.2 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 15,197.2 cf = 0.349 af Overall Storage Efficiency = 62.7% Overall System Size = 131.87' x 49.00' x 3.75'

180 Chambers 897.4 cy Field 557.6 cy Stone



Pond 30.1P: SSF-3



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Summary for Pond 30.2P: SSF-1

Inflow Area = 131,790 sf, 87.60% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.92" for 25-YR event

15.1 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= Inflow 54.041 cf

13.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 13.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= Outflow 54,043 cf, Atten= 13%, Lag= 2.7 min

Primary = 54,043 cf

Routed to Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 318.27' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 15,177 sf Storage= 14,596 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 222.3 min (970.1 - 747.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	315.50'	6,826 cf	82.25'W x 89.17'L x 3.75'H Field A
			27,502 cf Overall - 10,437 cf Embedded = 17,065 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	316.00'	10,437 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 204 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			204 Chambers in 17 Rows
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 17 rows = 116.3 cf
#3B	315.50'	311 cf	6.25'W x 46.47'L x 3.75'H Field B
			1,089 cf Overall - 310 cf Embedded = 779 cf x 40.0% Voids
#4B	316.00'	310 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 6 Inside #3
			Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 6.8 cf
#5	313.33'	0 cf	Build up to UD (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
			16,390 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids

17,885 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard Storage Group B created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
313.33	7,553	0	0
315.50	7,553	16,390	16,390

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	313.23'	24.0" Round Culvert
			L= 46.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 313.23' / 312.05' S= 0.0257 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	313.33'	2.2" Vert. UD cap for bleeder C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 1	317.50'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#4	Device 3	316.20'	24.0" Round Overflow to OCS

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L= 6.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 316.20' / 316.14' S= 0.0100 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf

Primary OutFlow Max=13.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=318.27' TW=312.09' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 13.1 cfs of 30.4 cfs potential flow)

-2=UD cap for bleeder (Orifice Controls 0.3 cfs @ 10.61 fps)

-3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Passes 12.8 cfs of 13.3 cfs potential flow)
-4=Overflow to OCS (Barrel Controls 12.8 cfs @ 4.89 fps)

Pond 30.2P: SSF-1 - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechSC-800 +Cap (ADS StormTech®SC-800 with cap volume)

Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 17 rows = 116.3 cf

51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

12 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.88' Cap Length x 2 = 87.17' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 89.17' Base Length

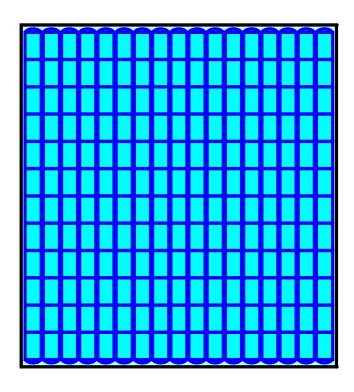
17 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 16 + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 82.25' Base Width 6.0" Stone Base + 33.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 3.75' Field Height

204 Chambers x 50.6 cf + 3.4 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 17 Rows = 10,437.1 cf Chamber Storage

27,502.3 cf Field - 10,437.1 cf Chambers = 17,065.2 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 6,826.1 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 17,263.2 cf = 0.396 af Overall Storage Efficiency = 62.8% Overall System Size = 89.17' x 82.25' x 3.75'

204 Chambers 1,018.6 cy Field 632.0 cy Stone





Pond 30.2P: SSF-1 - Chamber Wizard Field B

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechSC-800 +Cap (ADS StormTech®SC-800 with cap volume)

Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 1 rows = 6.8 cf

6 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.88' Cap Length x 2 = 44.47' Row Length +12.0" End Stone x 2 = 46.47' Base Length

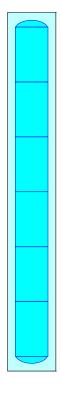
1 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 12.0" Side Stone x 2 = 6.25' Base Width 6.0" Stone Base + 33.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 3.75' Field Height

6 Chambers x 50.6 cf + 3.4 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 1 Rows = 310.4 cf Chamber Storage

1,089.1 cf Field - 310.4 cf Chambers = 778.7 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 311.5 cf Stone Storage

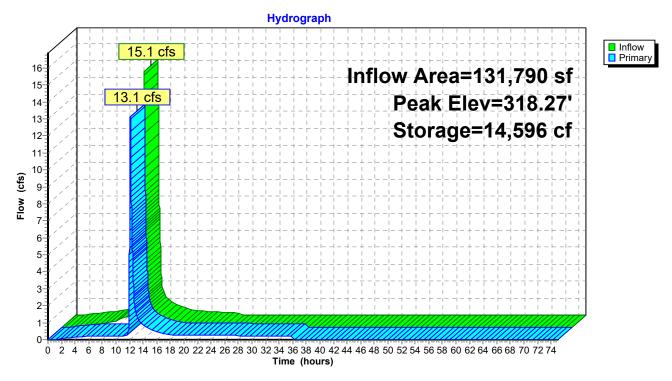
Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 621.9 cf = 0.014 af Overall Storage Efficiency = 57.1% Overall System Size = 46.47' x 6.25' x 3.75'

6 Chambers 40.3 cy Field 28.8 cy Stone





Pond 30.2P: SSF-1



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Summary for Pond 31.0P: SSF-2

Inflow Area = 67,415 sf, 87.60% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.92" for 25-YR event

7.7 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= Inflow 27,644 cf

6.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 6.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= Outflow 27,645 cf, Atten= 15%, Lag= 3.0 min

Primary 27,645 cf

Routed to Pond 5P: StormTech - Detention Only

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs Peak Elev= 317.26' @ 12.13 hrs Surf.Area= 8,744 sf Storage= 8,760 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 298.5 min (1,046.3 - 747.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	314.76'	4,865 cf	40.50'W x 125.75'L x 3.75'H Field A
			19,098 cf Overall - 6,935 cf Embedded = 12,163 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	315.26'	6,935 cf	ADS_StormTech SC-800 +Cap x 136 Inside #1
			Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf
			Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap
			136 Chambers in 8 Rows
			Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 8 rows = 54.7 cf
#3	312.59'	0 cf	Build up to UD (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
			7,923 cf Overall x 0.0% Voids

11,800 cf Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Elevation	Surf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)
312.59	3,651	0	0
314.76	3,651	7,923	7,923

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	312.49'	24.0" Round Culvert
	·		L= 35.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 312.49' / 312.03' S= 0.0131 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf
#2	Device 1	312.59'	1.6" Vert. UD cap for bleeder C= 0.600
			Limited to weir flow at low heads
#3	Device 1	316.76'	6.0' long x 0.5' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00
			Coef. (English) 2.80 2.92 3.08 3.30 3.32
#4	Device 3	315.46'	24.0" Round Overflow to OCS
			L= 6.0' CMP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Inlet / Outlet Invert= 315.46' / 315.34' S= 0.0200 '/' Cc= 0.900
			n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf

230411-01 Post Conditions

Type III 24-hr 25-YR Rainfall=5.80"

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Primary OutFlow Max=6.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs HW=317.26' TW=312.11' (Dynamic Tailwater)

-1=Culvert (Passes 6.5 cfs of 29.4 cfs potential flow)

2=UD cap for bleeder (Orifice Controls 0.1 cfs @ 10.33 fps)

-3=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 6.4 cfs @ 2.12 fps)
-4=Overflow to OCS (Passes 6.4 cfs of 10.1 cfs potential flow)

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Pond 31.0P: SSF-2 - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = ADS_StormTechSC-800 +Cap (ADS StormTech®SC-800 with cap volume)

Effective Size= 45.0"W x 33.0"H => 7.11 sf x 7.12'L = 50.6 cf Overall Size= 51.0"W x 33.0"H x 7.55'L with 0.43' Overlap Cap Storage= 3.4 cf x 2 x 8 rows = 54.7 cf

51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 57.0" C-C Row Spacing

17 Chambers/Row x 7.12' Long +0.88' Cap Length x 2 = 122.75' Row Length +18.0" End Stone x 2 = 125.75' Base Length

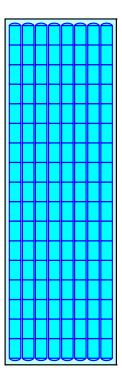
8 Rows x 51.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 7 + 18.0" Side Stone x 2 = 40.50' Base Width 6.0" Stone Base + 33.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 3.75' Field Height

136 Chambers x 50.6 cf + 3.4 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 8 Rows = 6,935.3 cf Chamber Storage

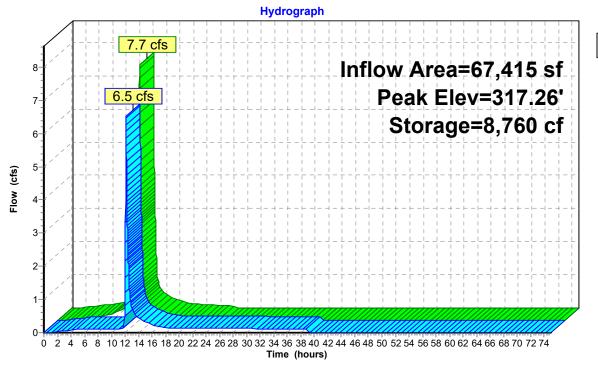
19,098.3 cf Field - 6,935.3 cf Chambers = 12,163.0 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 4,865.2 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 11,800.5 cf = 0.271 af Overall Storage Efficiency = 61.8% Overall System Size = 125.75' x 40.50' x 3.75'

136 Chambers 707.3 cy Field 450.5 cy Stone



Pond 31.0P: SSF-2





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☐ Inflow☐ Primary

Summary for Link POA-1: POA-1

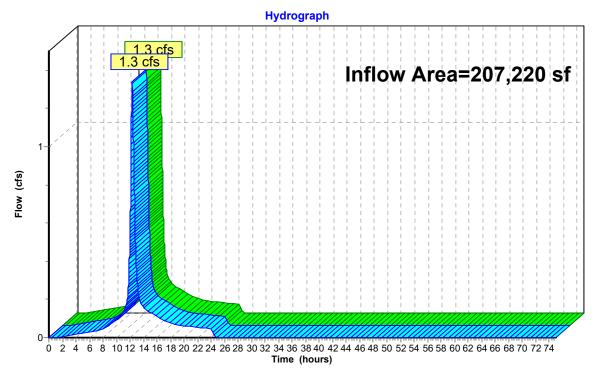
Inflow Area = 207,220 sf, 5.79% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.52" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 1.3 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 8,910 cf

Primary = 1.3 cfs @ 12.30 hrs, Volume= 8,910 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link POA-1: POA-1



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Inflow Primary

Summary for Link POA-2: POA-2

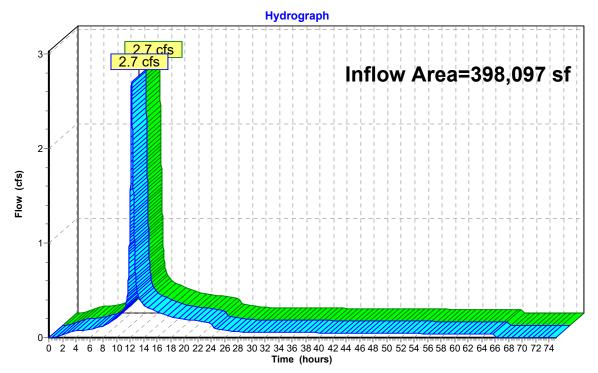
Inflow Area = 398,097 sf, 37.51% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.84" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 2.7 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 27,971 cf

Primary = 2.7 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 27,971 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link POA-2: POA-2



Inflow

Primary

Summary for Link POA-3: POA-3

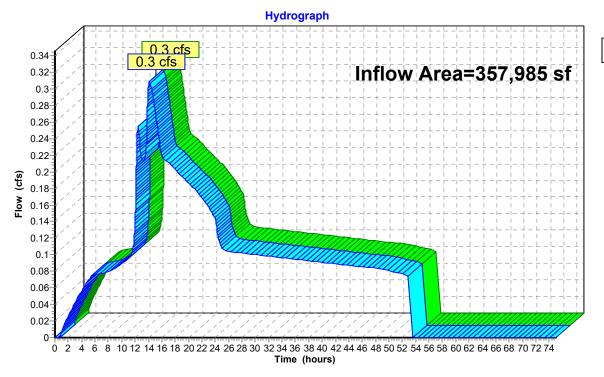
Inflow Area = 357,985 sf, 60.66% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.72" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 0.3 cfs @ 14.14 hrs, Volume= 21,348 cf

Primary = 0.3 cfs @ 14.14 hrs, Volume= 21,348 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link POA-3: POA-3



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Inflow

Primary

Summary for Link POA-4: POA-4

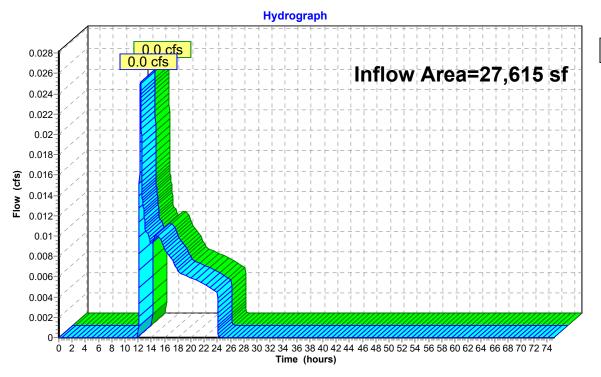
Inflow Area = 27,615 sf, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.15" for 25-YR event

Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 336 cf

Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 12.37 hrs, Volume= 336 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-75.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Link POA-4: POA-4



Appendix 3

Inspection, Maintenance and Housekeeping Plan



INSPECTION, MAINTENANCE, AND HOUSEKEEPING PLAN

For:

Franklin Drive Subdivision Multi-Family Development & Commercial Development Windham, ME

By:

Sebago Technics, Inc.
75 John Roberts Road, Suite 4A
South Portland, Maine

Introduction

The following plan outlines the anticipated inspection and maintenance procedures for the erosion and sedimentation control measures as well as stormwater management facilities for the project. This plan also outlines several housekeeping requirements that shall be followed during and after construction. These procedures shall be followed in order to ensure the intended function of the designed measures and to prevent unreasonably adverse impacts to the surrounding environment.

The procedures outlined in this Inspection, Maintenance and Housekeeping Plan are provided as an overview of the anticipated practices to be used on this site. In some instances, additional measures may be required due to unexpected conditions. For additional detail on any of the erosion and sedimentation control measures or stormwater management devices to be utilized on this project, refer to the most recently revised edition of the "Maine Erosion and Sedimentation Control BMP" manual and/or the "Stormwater Management for Maine: Best Management Practices" manual as published by the Maine Department of Environmental Protection (MDEP).

During Construction

- 1. **Inspection:** During the construction process, it is the Contractor's responsibility to comply with the inspection and maintenance procedures outlined in this section. These responsibilities include inspecting disturbed and impervious areas, erosion control measures, materials storage areas that are exposed to precipitation, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the site. These areas shall be inspected at least once a week as well as before and after a storm event (0.5" of rainfall), and prior to completing permanent stabilization measures. A person with knowledge of erosion and stormwater control, including the standards and conditions in any applicable permits, shall conduct the inspections.
- 2. **Maintenance:** All measures shall be maintained in an effective operating condition until areas are permanently stabilized. If Best Management Practices (BMPs) need to be maintained or modified, additional BMPs are necessary, or other corrective action is needed, implementation must be completed within 7 calendar days and prior to any storm event (0.5" of rainfall).
- 3. **Documentation:** A log summarizing the inspections and any corrective action taken must be maintained on-site. The log must include the name(s) and qualifications of the person making the inspections, the date(s) of the inspections, and major observations about the operation and

maintenance of erosion and sedimentation controls, material storage areas, and vehicle access points to the site. Major observations must include BMPs that need maintenance, BMPs that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate for a particular location, and locations where additional BMPs are needed. For each BMP requiring maintenance, BMP needing replacement, and location needing additional BMPs, note in the log the corrective action taken and when it was taken. The log must be made accessible to the appropriate regulatory agency upon request. The permittee shall retain a copy of the log for a period of at least three years from the completion of permanent stabilization.

4. **Specific Inspection and Maintenance Tasks:** The following is a list of erosion control and stormwater management measures and the specific inspection and maintenance tasks to be performed during construction.

A. Sediment Barriers:

- Hay bale barriers, silt fences, and filter berms shall be inspected immediately after each rainfall and at least daily during prolonged rainfall.
- If the fabric on a silt fence or filter barrier should decompose or become ineffective prior to the end of the expected usable life, and the barrier is still necessary, it shall be replaced.
- Sediment deposits should be removed after each storm event (0.5" of rainfall). They
 must be removed before deposits reach approximately one-half the height of the
 barrier.
- Filter berms shall be reshaped as needed.
- Any sediment deposits remaining in place after the silt fence or filter barrier is no longer required should be dressed to conform to the existing grade, prepared, and seeded.

B. Riprap Materials:

• Once a riprap installation has been completed, it should require very little maintenance. It shall, however, be inspected periodically to determine if high flows have caused scour beneath the riprap or dislodged any of the stone.

C. Erosion Control Blankets:

- Inspect these reinforced areas semi-annually and after significant rainfall events for slumping, sliding, seepage, and scour. Pay close attention to unreinforced areas adjacent to the erosion control blankets, which may experience accelerated erosion.
- Review all applicable inspection and maintenance procedures recommended by the specific blanket manufacturer. These tasks shall be included in addition to the requirements of this plan.

D. Stabilized Construction Entrances/Exits:

- The exit shall be maintained in a condition that will prevent tracking of sediment onto public rights-of-way.
- When the control pad becomes ineffective, the stone shall be removed along with the collected soil material. The entrance should then be reconstructed.

 Areas that have received mud-tracking or sediment deposits shall be swept or washed. Washing shall be done on an area stabilized with aggregate, which drains into an approved sediment-trapping device (not into storm drains, ditches, or waterways).

E. <u>Temporary Seed and Mulch:</u>

- Mulched areas should be inspected after rain events to check for rill erosion.
- If less than 90% of the soil surface is covered by mulch, additional mulch shall be applied in bare areas.
- In applications where seeding and mulch have been applied in conjunction with erosion control blankets, the blankets must be inspected after rain events for dislocation or undercutting.
- Mulch shall continue to be reapplied until 95% of the soil surface has established temporary vegetative cover.

F. Stabilized Temporary Drainage Swales:

- Sediment accumulation in the swale shall be removed once the cross-section of the swale is reduced by 25%.
- The swales shall be inspected after rainfall events. Any evidence of sloughing of the side slopes or channel erosion shall be repaired, and corrective action should be taken to prevent the reoccurrence of the problem.
- In addition to the stabilized lining of the channel (i.e., erosion control blankets), stone check dams may be needed to further reduce channel velocity.
- 5. **Housekeeping:** The following general performance standards apply to the proposed project.
 - A. <u>Spill prevention</u>: Controls must be used to prevent pollutants from being discharged from materials on-site, including storage practices to minimize exposure of the materials to stormwater, and appropriate spill prevention, containment, and response planning and implementation.
 - B. <u>Groundwater protection</u>: During construction, liquid petroleum products and other hazardous materials with the potential to contaminate groundwater may not be stored or handled in areas of the site draining to an infiltration area. An "infiltration area" is any area of the site that, by design or as a result of soils, topography, and other relevant factors, accumulates runoff that infiltrates into the soil. Dikes, berms, sumps, and other forms of secondary containment that prevent discharge to groundwater may be used to isolate portions of the site for the purposes of storage and handling of these materials.
 - C. <u>Fugitive sediment and dust</u>: Actions must be taken to ensure that activities do not result in noticeable erosion of soils or fugitive dust emissions during or after construction. Oil may not be used for dust control.
 - D. <u>Debris and other materials</u>: Litter, construction debris, and chemicals exposed to stormwater must be prevented from becoming a pollutant source.
 - E. <u>Trench or foundation dewatering</u>: Trench dewatering is the removal of water from

trenches, foundations, cofferdams, ponds, and other areas within the construction area that retain water after excavation. In most cases, the collected water is heavily silted and hinders correct and safe construction practices. The collected water must be removed from the ponded area, either through gravity or pumping, and must be spread through natural wooded buffers or removed to areas that are specifically designed to collect the maximum amount of sediment possible, like a cofferdam sedimentation basin. Avoid allowing the water to flow over disturbed areas of the site. Equivalent measures may be taken if approved.

Post-Construction

- Inspection: After construction, it is the responsibility of the owner or assigned heirs to comply with the inspection and maintenance procedures outlined in this section. All measures must be maintained in an effective operating condition. The owner shall inspect and maintain the BMPs, including but not limited to any parking areas, catch basins, drainage swales, detention basins and ponds, pipes and related structures, in accordance with all municipal and state inspection, cleaning, and maintenance requirements of the approved post-construction stormwater management plan.
- 2. **Specific Inspection and Maintenance Tasks:** The following is a list of permanent erosion control and stormwater management measures and the inspection and maintenance tasks to be performed after construction. If the BMP requires maintenance, repair or replacement to function as intended by the approved post-construction stormwater management plan, the owner or operator of the BMP shall take corrective action(s) to address the deficiency or deficiencies as soon as possible after the deficiency is discovered and shall provide a record of the deficiency and corrective action(s) to the local municipality in the annual report.

A. Vegetated Areas:

- Inspect vegetated areas, particularly slopes and embankments, early in the growing season or after heavy rains (>0.5") to identify active or potential erosion problems.
- Replant bare areas or areas with sparse growth. Where rill erosion is evident, armor the area with an appropriate lining or divert the erosive flows to on-site areas able to withstand the concentrated flows.

B. <u>Ditches, Swales, and Other Open Channels:</u>

- Inspect ditches, swales, level spreaders, and other open stormwater channels in the spring, in the late fall, and after heavy rains to remove any obstructions to flow. Remove accumulated sediments and debris, remove woody vegetative growth that could obstruct flow, and repair any erosion of the ditch lining.
- Vegetated ditches must be mowed at least annually or otherwise maintained to control the growth of woody vegetation and maintain flow capacity.
- Any woody vegetation growing through riprap linings must also be removed.
 Repair any slumping side slopes as soon as practicable.
- If the ditch has a riprap lining, replace riprap in areas where any underlying filter fabric or underdrain gravel is showing through the stone or where stones have dislodged.

C. Culverts:

- Inspect culverts in the spring, in the late fall, and after heavy rains (>0.5") to remove any obstructions to flow.
- Remove accumulated sediments and debris at the inlet, at the outlet, and within the conduit.
- Inspect and repair any erosion damage at the culvert's inlet and outlet.

D. Removal of Winter Sand:

- Clear accumulations of winter sand in parking lots and along roadways at least once a year, preferably in the spring.
- Accumulations on pavement may be removed by pavement sweeping.
- Accumulations of sand along road shoulders may be removed by grading excess sand to the pavement edge and removing it manually or by a front-end loader or other acceptable method.

E. Underdrained Soil Filters:

- The basin should be inspected semi-annually and following major storm events.
 Debris and sediment buildup should be removed from the forebay and basin as needed. Any bare area or erosion rills should be repaired with new filter media, seeded, and mulched.
- A legal entity should be established with responsibility for inspecting and maintaining any underdrained filter. The legal agreement establishing the entity should list specific maintenance responsibilities (including timetables) and provide for the funding to cover long-term inspection and maintenance.
- The filter should drain within 24 to 48 hours following a one-inch storm or greater. If the system drains too fast, an orifice may need to be added on the underdrain outlet or may need to be modified if already present.
- Sediment and plant debris should be removed from the pretreatment structure at least annually.
- If mowing is desired, only hand-held string trimmers or push-mowers are allowed on the filter (no tractor), and the grass bed should be mowed no more than 2 times per growing season to maintain grass heights of no less than 6 inches.
- Fertilization of the underdrained filter area should be avoided unless necessary to establish vegetation.
- Harvesting and pruning of excessive growth should be done occasionally.
 Weeding to control unwanted or invasive plants may also be necessary.
- Maintaining a healthy cover of grass will minimize clogging with fine sediments.
 If ponding exceeds 48 hours, the top of the filter bed should be rototilled to reestablish the soil's filtration capacity.
- The top several inches of the filter can be replaced with fresh material if water is ponding for more than 72 hours, or the basin can be rototilled, seeded, and mulched. Once the filter is mature, adding new material (a 1-inch to 2-inch cover of mature compost) can compensate for subsidence.

F. Subsurface Sand Filter Chamber System:

- Inspect the site monthly for the first few months after construction. Then
 inspections can occur on an annual basis, preferably after rain events when
 clogging will be obvious.
- Make any repairs necessary to ensure the measure is operating properly.
- Regular maintenance is necessary to remove surface sediment, trash, debris, and leaf litter.
- Outlets and chambers need to be cleaned/repaired when drawdown times in the filter exceeds 36 hours.
- In certain cases, layers of sand may need to be replaced every 3 to 5 years.

3. Documentation:

- A. The owner or operator of a BMP or a qualified post-construction stormwater inspector hired by that person, shall, as required by the local municipality, provide a completed and signed certification on a form provided by the local municipality, certifying that the person has inspected the BMP(s) and that they are adequately maintained and functioning as intended by the approved post-construction stormwater management plan, or that they required maintenance or repair, including the record of the deficiency and corrective action(s) taken.
- B. A log summarizing the inspections and any corrective action taken must be maintained. The log must include the name(s) and qualifications of the person making the inspections, the date(s) of the inspections, and major observations about the operation and maintenance of controls. Major observations must include BMPs that need maintenance, BMPs that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate for a particular location, and locations where additional BMPs are needed. For each BMP requiring maintenance, BMP needing replacement, and location needing additional BMPs, note in the log the corrective action taken and when it was taken. The log must be made accessible to the appropriate regulatory agency upon request. A sample "Stormwater Inspection and Maintenance Form" has been included as Attachment 1 of this Inspection, Maintenance, and Housekeeping Plan.
- **4. Duration of Maintenance:** Perform maintenance as described and required for any associated permits unless and until the system is formally accepted by a municipality or quasi-municipal district, or is placed under the jurisdiction of a legally created association that will be responsible for the maintenance of the system. If a municipality or quasi-municipal district chooses to accept a stormwater management system, or a component of a stormwater system, it must provide a letter to the MDEP stating that it assumes responsibility for the system. The letter must specify the components of the system for which the municipality or district will assume responsibility, and that the municipality or district agrees to maintain those components of the system in compliance with MDEP standards. Upon such assumption of responsibility and approval by the MDEP, the municipality, quasi-municipal district, or association becomes a copermittee for this purpose only and must comply with all terms and conditions of the permit.

ATTACHMENT 1 – STORMWATER INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE LOG

Franklin Drive Subdivision Multi-Family Development & Commercial Development 20 Franklin Drive Windham, Maine

This log is intended to accompany the Inspection, Maintenance, and Housekeeping Plan for the multifamily development located along Franklin Drive in Windham, Maine. The following items shall be checked, cleaned, and maintained on a regular basis as specified in the Maintenance Plan and as described in the sections below. This log shall be kept on file for a minimum of five (5) years and shall be available for review by the Town of Windham and the Maine DEP. Qualified personnel familiar with the drainage systems and soils shall perform all inspections. A copy of the construction and post-construction maintenance logs is provided.

General Site

	INSPECTION MAINTEN	ANCE AND HOUSEKEEPING FORM	
General Information			
Project Name:		Inspection Date:	
Project Location:		Current Weather:	
		Date / Amount Last Precip:	
BMP Owner:		Company conducting inspection:	
Owner Mailing Address:		Company Mailing Address	
Owner Phone #:		Company Phone #:	
Owner Email:		Inspector Name:	
		Inspector Email:	
Site Element	Suggested Maintenance (recm'd frequency)	Observations	Inspection Notes/Recommended Action
Vegetated Areas	Inspect Slopes/Embankments for erosion (annually)		
	Replant bare areas or areas of sparse growth (annually)		
Ditches/Swales	Remove obstructions/debris/sediment (monthly)		
	Inspect for erosion/repair as needed (annually)		
	Remove woody vegetation (annually)		
	Mow vegetated ditches (annually)		
Catch Basins	Remove sediment/debris from sump (annually)		
	Remove accumulated debris from inlet grate		
Culverts	Remove sediment/debris from inlet/outlet aprons (annually)		
	Inspect inlet/outlet aprons for erosion, repair as needed (annually)		
	Inspect, repair as needed, riprap aprons for dislodged/sparse coverage (annually)		
Pipe Outlets	Remove sediment/debris from outlet aprons (annually)		
	Inspect outlet aprons for erosion, repair as needed (annually)		
	Inspect, repair as needed, riprap aprons for dislodged/sparse coverage (annually)		
Additional Notes/Observatic	ins:		

Underdrain Soil Filter

	INSPECTION MAINTEN	IANCE AND HOUSEKEEPING FORM	
General Information			
Project Name:		Inspection Date:	
Project Location:		Current Weather:	
		Date / Amount Last Precip:	
BMP Owner:		Company conducting inspection:	
Owner Mailing Address:		Company Mailing Address	
			_
Owner Phone #:		Company Phone #:	
Owner Email:		Inspector Name:	
		Inspector Email:	
BMP Element	Suggested Maintenance (recm'd	Observations	Inspection Notes/Recommended Action
BIVIP Element	frequency)	Observations	Inspection Notes/Recommended Action
Forebay/Pretreatment	Sediment/Debris Removal (Annually)		
	Inspect for bare areas or rill erosion (Annually)		
Outlet Control Structure	Sediment Depth (Annually)		
	Floatables/Debris (Annually)		
Discharge Pipe	Ground Stabilized (>1" rain, Annually)		
Emergency Spillway	Review for signs of erosion (Twice Annually)		
	Review for signs of discharge (>1" rain, twice annually)		
Embankments	Review for signs of erosion (Twice Annually)		
Filter Bed	Trim overgrown vegetation with string trimmer (annually)		
	Review basin for evidence of vehicular traffic or storage of snow within footprint (annually)		
	Confirm pond drains in 24-48 hours for water quality volume (annually)		
Additional Notes/Observatio		,	

Subsurface Sand Filter

	INSPECTION MAINTEN	ANCE AND HOUSEKEEPING FORM	
General Information			
Project Name:		Inspection Date:	
Project Location:		Current Weather:	
		Date / Amount Last Precip:	
BMP Owner:		Company conducting inspection:	
Owner Mailing Address:		Company Mailing Address	
Owner Phone #:		Company Phone #:	
Owner Email:		Inspector Name:	
		Inspector Email:	
BMP Element	Suggested Maintenance	Observations	Inspection Notes/Recommended Action
Division and the second			mapacation motes, resources
Pretreatment			
	Sediment Depth/Removal (Annually)		
Outlet Control Structure			
	Sediment Depth (Annually)		
	Floatables/Debris (Annually)		
Disaharga Bina			
Discharge Pipe			
	Ground Stabilized (>1" rain, Annually)		
Subsurface Chambers			
	Sediment Depth/Removal (Annually)		
Additional Notes/Observatio		<u> </u>	

Appendix 4

Subsurface Investigations



MAP LEGEND

Special Line Features Streams and Canals Interstate Highways Aerial Photography Very Stony Spot Major Roads Local Roads Stony Spot US Routes Spoil Area Wet Spot Other Rails Nater Features **Fransportation 3ackground** W 8 ◁ ŧ Soil Map Unit Polygons Severely Eroded Spot Area of Interest (AOI) Soil Map Unit Points Miscellaneous Water Soil Map Unit Lines Closed Depression Marsh or swamp Perennial Water Mine or Quarry Rock Outcrop Special Point Features **Gravelly Spot** Saline Spot Sandy Spot Slide or Slip **Borrow Pit** Lava Flow Clay Spot **Gravel Pit** Area of Interest (AOI) Sinkhole Blowout Landfill 9 Soils

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Cumberland County and Part of Oxford County, Maine

Survey Area Data: Version 20, Sep 5, 2023

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 22, 2021—Oct 7, 2021

Sodic Spot

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background

MAP LEGEND

MAP INFORMATION

imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
DeB	Deerfield loamy fine sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	1.5	4.0%
HgB	Hermon sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	6.1	15.8%
HhC	Hermon sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	2.1	5.4%
HIB	Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	12.0	31.2%
Sp	Sebago mucky peat	8.6	22.2%
Wa	Walpole fine sandy loam	8.3	21.4%
Totals for Area of Interest		38.6	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it

Custom Soil Resource Report

was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Cumberland County and Part of Oxford County, Maine

DeB—Deerfield loamy fine sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2xfg9

Elevation: 0 to 1,190 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Deerfield and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Deerfield

Setting

Landform: Outwash deltas, outwash terraces, outwash plains, kame terraces

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Parent material: Sandy outwash derived from granite, gneiss, and/or quartzite

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: loamy fine sand Bw - 9 to 25 inches: loamy fine sand BC - 25 to 33 inches: fine sand Cg - 33 to 60 inches: sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 15 to 37 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 11.0

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY027MA - Moist Sandy Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

HgB—Hermon sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w9r8

Elevation: 0 to 950 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 31 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 52 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 160 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Hermon and similar soils: 90 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Hermon

Setting

Landform: Mountains, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, interfluve, base slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Sandy and gravelly supraglacial meltout till derived from granite

and gneiss

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: sandy loam

Bs1 - 9 to 16 inches: very gravelly sandy loam
Bs2 - 16 to 32 inches: extremely gravelly loamy sand
C - 32 to 65 inches: very gravelly coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(1.42 to 14.17 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144BY601ME - Dry Sand

Hydric soil rating: No

HhC—Hermon sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w9rd

Elevation: 0 to 1,080 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 31 to 65 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 52 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 160 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Hermon, very stony, and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Hermon, Very Stony

Setting

Landform: Mountains, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Mountainbase, mountainflank, side slope,

nose slope, interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Sandy and gravelly supraglacial meltout till derived from granite

and gneiss

Typical profile

Oa - 0 to 2 inches: highly decomposed plant material

E - 2 to 3 inches: sandy loam Bhs - 3 to 9 inches: sandy loam

Bs1 - 9 to 16 inches: very gravelly sandy loam
Bs2 - 16 to 32 inches: extremely gravelly loamy sand
C - 32 to 65 inches: very gravelly coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 8 to 15 percent

Surface area covered with cobbles, stones or boulders: 1.1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(1.42 to 14.03 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Custom Soil Resource Report

Ecological site: F144BY601ME - Dry Sand

Hydric soil rating: No

HIB—Hinckley loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2svm8

Elevation: 0 to 1,430 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 53 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Hinckley and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Hinckley

Setting

Landform: Outwash deltas, outwash terraces, kames, kame terraces, moraines, eskers, outwash plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Nose slope, side slope, base slope, crest, riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear, concave

Parent material: Sandy and gravelly glaciofluvial deposits derived from gneiss

and/or granite and/or schist

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 8 inches: loamy sand

Bw1 - 8 to 11 inches: gravelly loamy sand Bw2 - 11 to 16 inches: gravelly loamy sand BC - 16 to 19 inches: very gravelly loamy sand

C - 19 to 65 inches: very gravelly sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Runoff class: Very low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to very

high (1.42 to 99.90 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 3.0 inches)

Custom Soil Resource Report

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3s

Hydrologic Soil Group: A

Ecological site: F144AY022MA - Dry Outwash

Hydric soil rating: No

Sp—Sebago mucky peat

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: blk0 Elevation: 10 to 2,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 34 to 48 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 160 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Sebago and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Sebago

Setting

Landform: Bogs

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Organic material

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 36 inches: mucky peat Oi - 36 to 65 inches: mucky peat

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(1.42 to 6.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very high (about 18.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8w

Hydrologic Soil Group: A/D

Ecological site: F144BY230ME - Acidic Peat Wetland Complex

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Wa—Walpole fine sandy loam

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: blk7

Elevation: 0 to 540 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 48 to 49 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 165 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Walpole and similar soils: 85 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Walpole

Setting

Landform: Outwash plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Sandy glaciofluvial deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: fine sandy loam
H2 - 8 to 20 inches: fine sandy loam
H3 - 20 to 65 inches: gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (2.00 to 6.00

in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 18 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4w

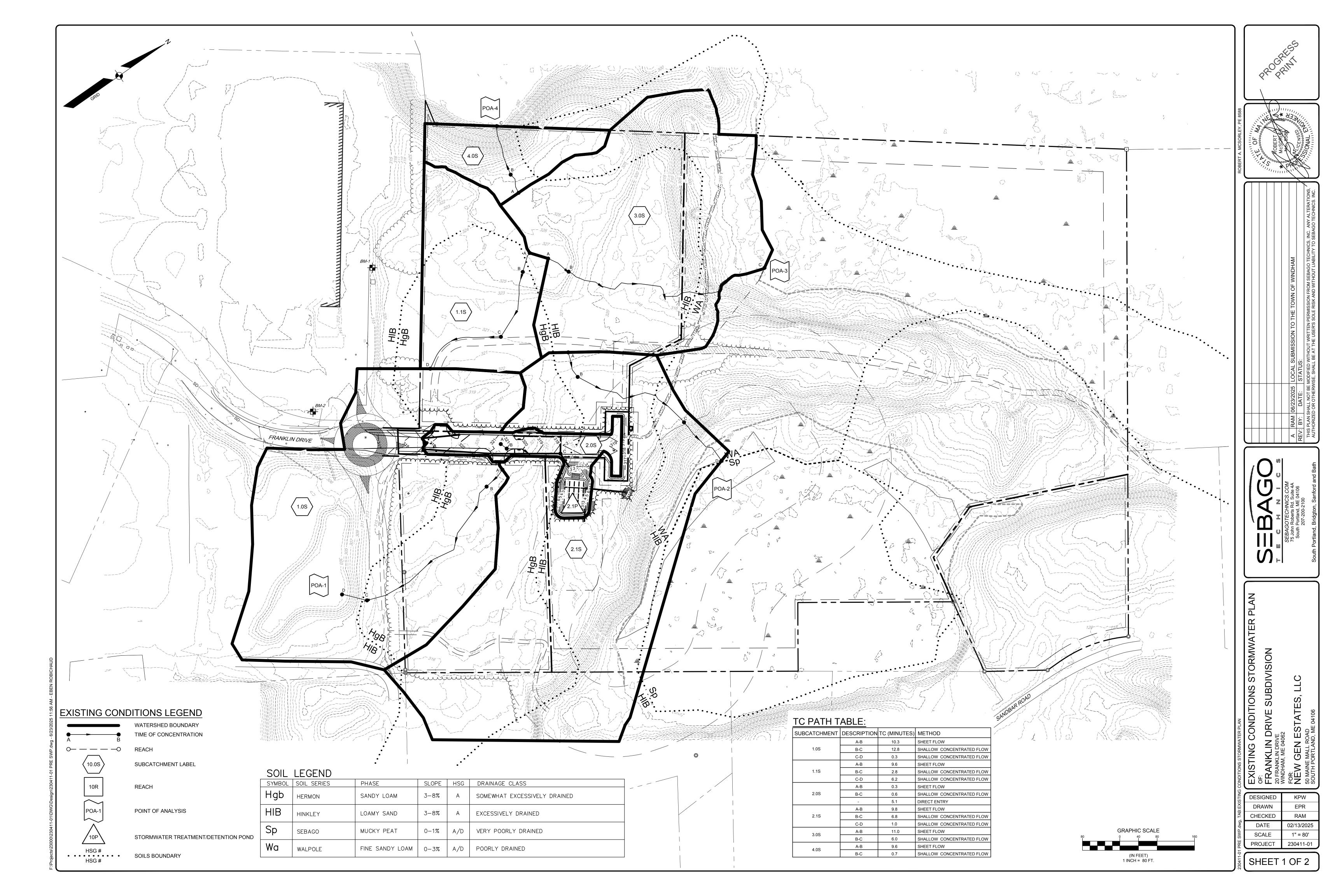
Hydrologic Soil Group: A/D

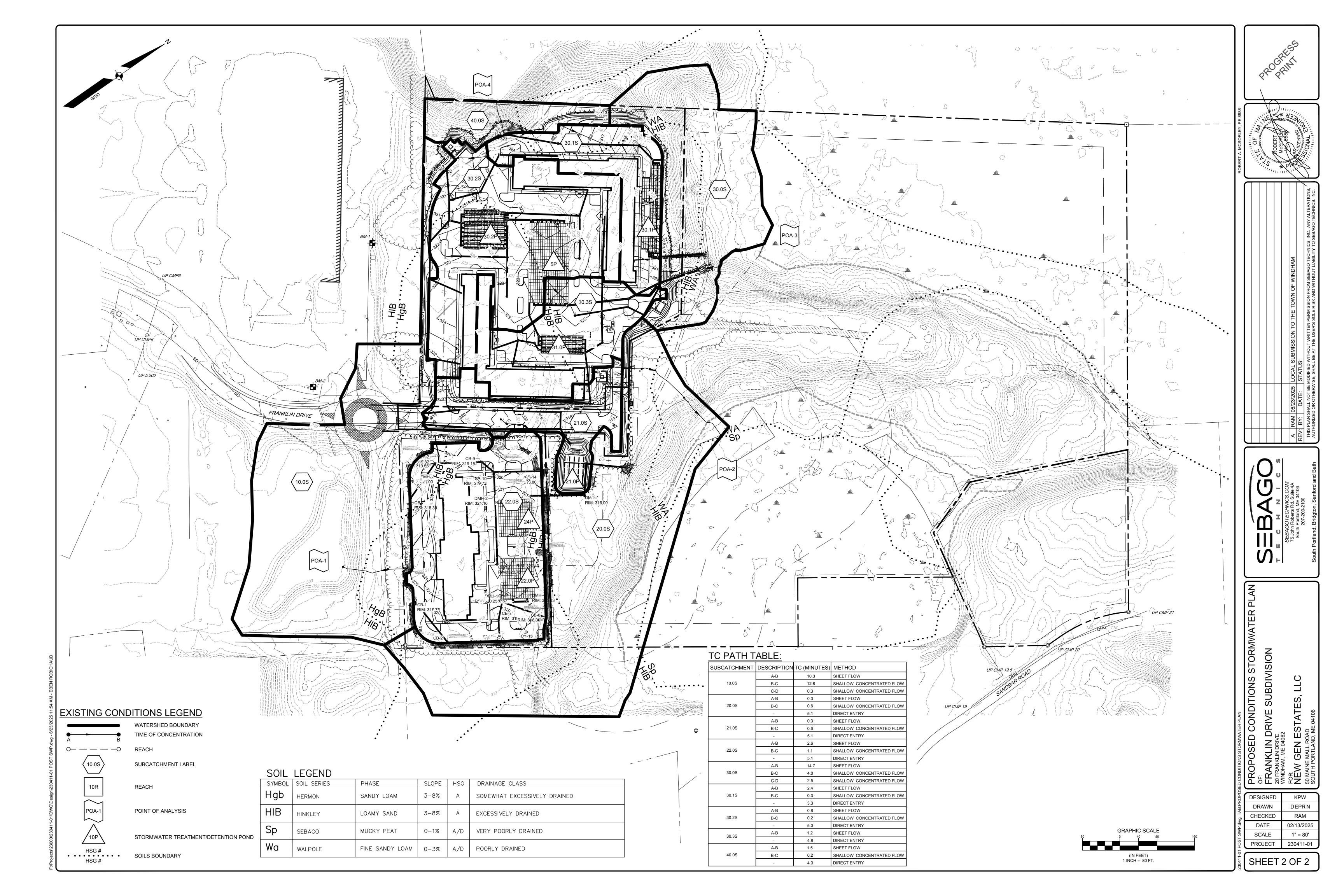
Ecological site: F144BY303ME - Acidic Swamp

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Appendix 5

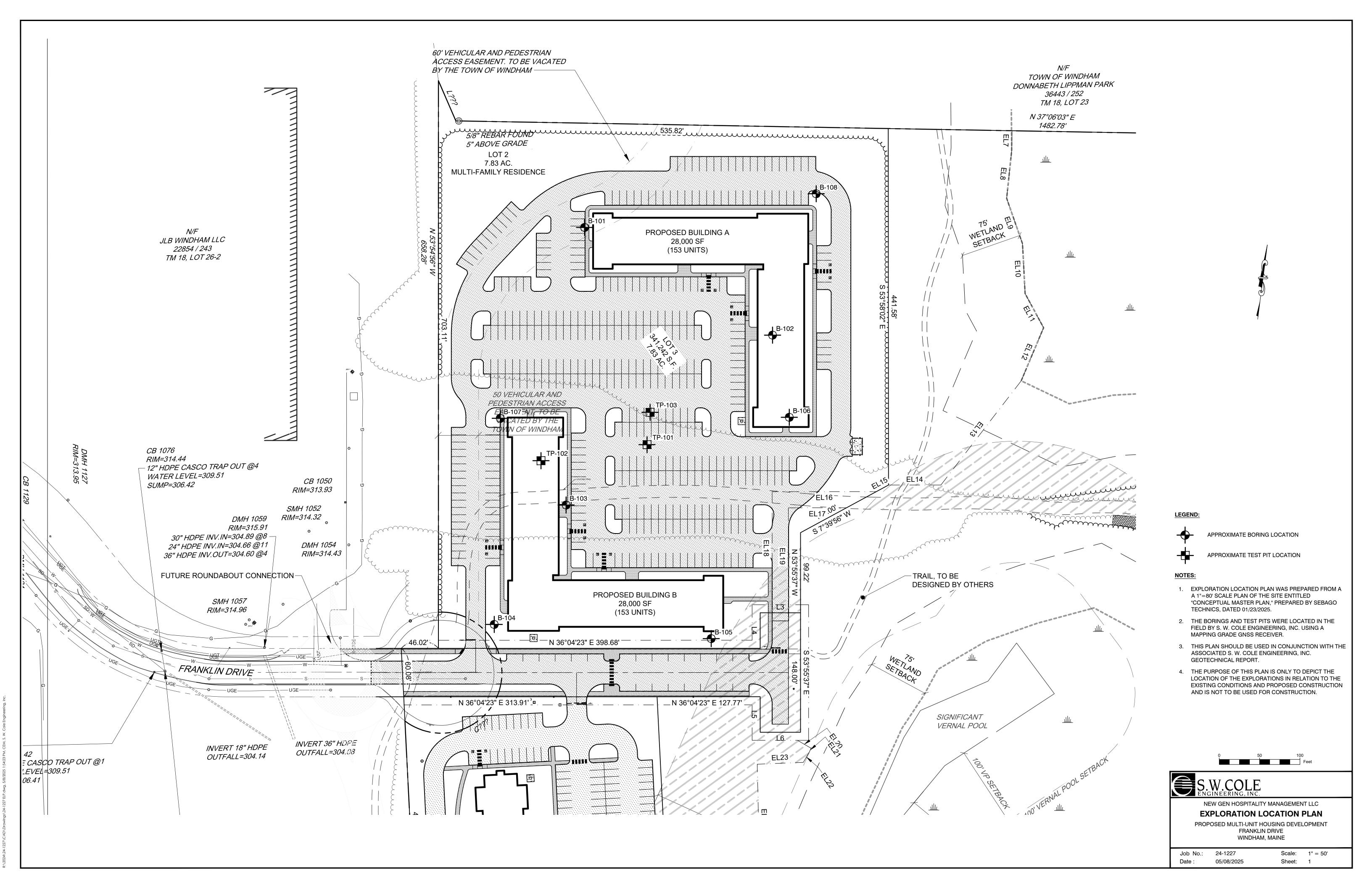
Stormwater Management Plans





Appendix 6

S.W. Cole Report on Site Infiltration





CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-101** SHEET:

1 of 1 PROJECT NO. 24-1227 DATE START: 4/23/2025

DATE FINISH: 4/23/2025

LOGGED BY: Kyle Kaserman

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan **DRILLING CO.:** Seaboard Drilling

HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50 HAMMER TYPE: Automatic

ELEVATION (FT): 325' +/-DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140

HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

DRILLING METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 40.0

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A CORE BARREL:

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

 Water Level
 D = Split Spoon Sample

 ✓ At time of Drilling
 U = Thin Walled Tube S

 ✓ At Completion of Drilling
 R = Rock Core Sample

 ✓ After Drilling
 V = Field Vane Shear

 D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer RQD = Rock Quality Designation PID = Photoionization Detector

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

N/A = Not Applicable

mpf = Minute per Foot

				SAI	MPLE INFO	RMATIO	N	go	
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	- (f	t) Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Log	Sample Description & H,0 Classification Remarks
- - -	-		1D /	2-		4-8-11- 7 8-28- 17-13	w =1.4 %	*.4 /	0.3 Vegetation/forest duff Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, 2.0 trace silt, with frequent cobbles Dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles
320	<u> </u>		3D \	5-	7 24/20	26-32- 29-31			Very dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, some silt
315 — - -	10		4D \	10-	12 24/16	8-16- 17-13			Dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with frequent cobbles
310	15		5D \	15-	17 24/10	39-35- 26-30			Very dense, light brown, SAND, some silt, some gravel, with frequent cobbles
305	20		6D \	20-	22 24/10	12-13- 15-15			20.0 Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with occasional cobbles
300 -	- - 25 -		7D \	25-	27 24/12	6-6-7-7			
295 — - -	30		8D \	30-	32 24/14	5-6-7-8			30.0 Medium dense, light brown, SAND, some silt, trace gravel
290 — - -	35		9D \	35-	37 24/16	12-11- 4-4			35.0 Medium dense to dense, brown, coarse SAND, trace silt, trace gravel
-			10D	38-	40 24/24	5-12- 23-16			Pottom of Exploration at 40.0 foot

Stratification lines represent approximate Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

10-12-2022 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25

30RING / WELL

Bottom of Exploration at 40.0 feet

BORING NO.: B-101



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-102** SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO. 24-1227 DATE START: 4/23/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/23/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan **DRILLING CO.:** Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

ELEVATION (FT): 319' +/-DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140 HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A CORE BARREL:

DRILLING METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 27.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kaserman

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. WOH = Weight of Hammer q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft RQD = Rock Quality Designation \varnothing = Friction Angle (Estimated)

▼ At Completion of Drilling R = Rock Core Sample
▼ After Drilling V = Field Vane Shear mpf = Minute per Foot PID = Photoionization Detector N/A = Not Applicable

					SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	١	Log	
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Type	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic L	Sample Description & H,0 Depth Remarks Classification
315 —	5		1D 2D 3D	XXX	0-2 2-4 5-7	24/16 24/14 24/20	8-25- 43-25 5-7-11- 18			0.3 Vegetation/forest duff Loose, brown, SAND, some silt, trace gravel, 2.0 with organics Very dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles 5.0 Medium dense, gray-brown, silty SAND, with trace organics
310 -	10		4D	X	10-10.9	11/10	41- 50/5"			Very dense, gray-brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with frequent cobbles
305 -	- - 15 -		5D	X	15-17	24/12	3-5-6-5			Medium dense, light brown-gray, gravelly SAND, trace silt
300 -	20		6D	X	20-22	24/12	5-5-6-7			Medium dense, light brown-gray, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with occasional cobbles
295 -	- - 25 -		7D	X	25-27	24/16	7-5-7-7			25.0 Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, some silt

Bottom of Exploration at 27.0 feet

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made

BORING NO.:

B-102

10-12-2022 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25 **30RING / WELL**



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-103**

SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO. 24-1227 DATE START: 4/23/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan DRILLING CO.: Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

ELEVATION (FT): 321' +/-DRILLER: Ryan Hackett AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in

HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140 HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 22.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kaserman **DRILLING METHOD:** Hollow Stem Auger

DATE FINISH:

4/23/2025

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A

CORE BARREL:

WATER LEVEL DEPTHS (ft): No Free Water Observed

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample ▼ At Completion of Drilling R = Rock Core Sample
▼ After Drilling V = Field Vane Shear

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot mpf = Minute per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods PID = Photoionization Detector

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. WOH = Weight of Hammer q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft. RQD = Rock Quality Designation \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

N/A = Not Applicable

				SAMPL	E INFOR	RMATION	١	Log	
Elev. Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	No.	Туре	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Lo	Sample Description & H ₂ 0 Depth Classification Remarks
320 —		1D	M	0-1.5	18/5	3-8- 30/6"		\bowtie	Medium dense, dark gray / brown, SILT AND 1.0 SAND, with organics (FILL)
		2D		2-2.1	1/1	50/1"			2.0 Dense, brown, sandy GRAVEL, trace silt, with frequent cobbles
+ 5									Very dense, brown, SAND, some silt, some gravel
315		3D	\boxtimes	5-5.5	6/4	50			Very dense, light brown, coarse SAND, some gravel, some silt
310 —		4D	X	10-12	24/14	20-35- 17-10			10.0 Very dense, light brown, silty SAND, trace
T									Very dense, gray-light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with occasional cobbles
305 —		5D	X	15-17	24/14	5-6-9- 12			Medium dense, light brown, coarse SAND, some silt, trace gravel
300 —		6D	X	20-22	24/14	9-10- 10-10			Bottom of Exploration at 22.0 feet

10-12-2022 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25 **30RING / WELL**

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made

BORING NO.:

B-103



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-104** SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO. 24-1227 DATE START: 4/23/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/23/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan DRILLING CO.: Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR: **ELEVATION (FT):** 319' +/-DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140

HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

DRILLING METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger

CORE BARREL:

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 22.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kaserman

WATER LEVEL DEPTHS (ft): No Free Water Observed

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample V = Field Vane Shear

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot mnf = Minute per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. WOH = Weight of Hammer q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft. RQD = Rock Quality Designation \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

					SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	N	Log	
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Type	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic L	Sample Description & H ₂ 0 Depth Classification H ₂ 0 Depth Remarks
15 -	5		1D 2D 3D	X	0-2 2-4 5-7	24/12 24/18 24/16	1-5-8- 11 24-33- 31-30 9-10- 17-46			Vegetation/forest duff Medium dense, brown, gravelly SAND, some 2.0 silt, with occasional cobbles Very dense, light brown-white, gravelly SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt
10 -	10		4D	X	10-12	24/14	5-5-6-5			Loose to medium dense, light brown, SAND, some silt, trace gravel
305 –	15 		5D	X	15-17	24/16	3-3-5-5			
800 -	20		6D	M	20-22	24/12	5-6-8-8			

Bottom of Exploration at 22.0 feet

10-12-2022 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25 **30RING / WELL**

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made

BORING NO.:

B-104



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-105** SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO. 24-1227 DATE START: 4/25/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/25/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan **DRILLING CO.:** Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

ELEVATION (FT): 317' +/-DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140

HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 27.0

DRILLING METHOD:

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A

CORE BARREL:

Hollow Stem Auger

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

▼ At Completion of Drilling ▼ After Drilling

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample R = Rock Core Sample

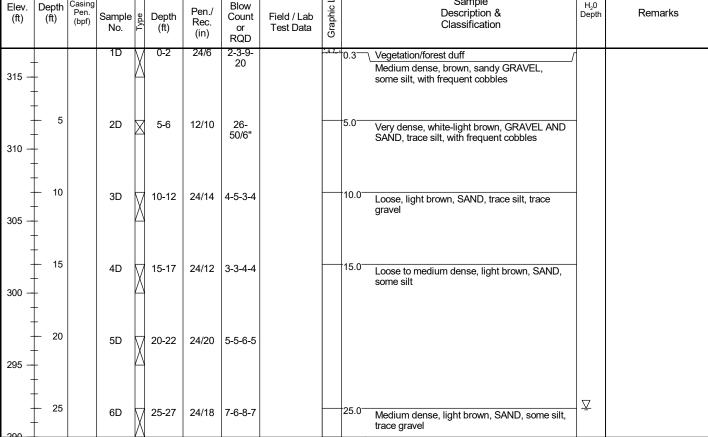
Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer RQD = Rock Quality Designation S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. qu = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft

LOGGED BY: Kyle Kaserman

Ø = Friction Angle (Estimated)

V = Field Vane Shear mpf = Minute per Foot PID = Photoionization Detector N/A = Not Applicable SAMPLE INFORMATION -og Sample H₂0 Depth Depth Casing Blow Pen / Pen Description & Remarks



Bottom of Exploration at 27.0 feet

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made

5/27/25

10-12-2022 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT

30RING / WELL

BORING NO.: B-105



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-106** SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO. 24-1227 DATE START: 4/25/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/25/2025

Drillina	Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan **DRILLING CO.:** Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER TYPE: Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140 HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

ELEVATION (FT): 318' +/-

DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 27.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kaserman **DRILLING METHOD:** Hollow Stem Auger

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A CORE BARREL:

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample ▼ At Completion of Drilling R = Rock Core Sample
▼ After Drilling V = Field Vane Shear

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot mpf = Minute per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods PID = Photoionization Detector

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. WOH = Weight of Hammer q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft. RQD = Rock Quality Designation \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

N/A = Not Applicable

					SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	١	Log	
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Type	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic L	Sample Description & H,0 Classification Remarks
-			1D	X	0-2	24/6	4-3-3-7			Loose, brown, silty SAND, with roots and organics (FILL)
315 -	† + +		2D	X	2-3.5	18/6	14-16- 50/6"			Very dense, white-brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles
	<u> </u>		3D	X	5-6.5	18/10	8-21- 50/6"			Very dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with occasional cobbles
310 -	+									
-	10		4D	X	10-12	24/14	6-6-8-9			Medium dense, light brown, coarse SAND, trace gravel, trace silt
305 -	+ - - 15		5D	V	15-17	24/16	5-7-9-9			15.0 Medium dense, light brown, SAND, trace silt,
300 -	 - -			Λ						trace gravel
-	20		6D §	X	20-22	24/12	4-5-6-5			20.0 Medium dense, light brown, SAND, trace silt
295	25		7D \	X	25-27	24/12	9-7-7-6			25.0 Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with occasional cobbles
l										Bottom of Exploration at 27.0 feet

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made

10-12-2022 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT

30RING / WELL

BORING NO.:

B-106



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-107** SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO. 24-1227 DATE START: 4/25/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/25/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan **DRILLING CO.:** Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

DRILLER: Ryan Hackett **AUGER ID/OD:** 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in

ELEVATION (FT): 322' +/-

HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140 HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

DRILLING METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 27.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kaserman

CORE BARREL:

WATER LEVEL DEPTHS (ft): No Free Water Observed

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS: ▼ At Completion of Drilling ▼ After Drilling

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample R = Rock Core Sample V = Field Vane Shear

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot mpf = Minute per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer RQD = Rock Quality Designation PID = Photoionization Detector

S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. qu = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft

Ø = Friction Angle (Estimated) N/A = Not Applicable

SAMPLE INFORMATION -og Sample H₂0 Depth Elev. Depth Casing Blow Graphic Pen / Pen Description & Remarks Depth Count Field / Lab Sample /be (ft) (ft) (bpf) Rec. Classification No. (ft) or Test Data (in) RQD 1D 0-2 24/18 3-27 Loose to medium dense, gray-brown, SILT 27-26 1.0 AND SAND, with organics (FILL) 320 Very dense to dense, light brown, gravelly 2D 2-3.6 20/16 19-37-SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles 41-50/2" 5 3D 5-7 24/0 21-25-23-19 315 10 4D 10-12 24/14 12-18-21-18 310 15 5D 15-17 7-7-10-24/14 Medium dense, light brown, SAND, some 12 gravel, trace silt, with occasional cobbles 305 20 20.0 6D 20-22 24/12 6-8-7-7 Medium dense, light brown, coarse SAND, some gravel, trace silt, with occasional 300 cobbles 25 6-5-7-7 7D 25-27 24/14 Medium dense, SAND, trace gravel, trace silt

Bottom of Exploration at 27.0 feet

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made

BORING NO.:

B-107

5/27/25 10-12-2022 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT **30RING / WELL**



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-108** SHEET: 1 of 2

PROJECT NO. 24-1227 DATE START: 4/25/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/28/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan **DRILLING CO.:** Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic / Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

ELEVATION (FT): 318' +/-DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

AUGER ID/OD: N/A / N/A HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140 / 140

HAMMER DROP (inch): 30 / 30

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 62.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kaserman

DRILLING METHOD: Cased Boring **SAMPLER:** Standard Split-Spoon

CASING ID/OD: 4 in / 4 1/2 in CORE BARREL:

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

▼ At Completion of Drilling
▼ After Drilling

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample R = Rock Core Sample

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer RQD = Rock Quality Designation

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

V = Field Vane Shear mpf = Minute per Foot PID = Photoionization Detector N/A = Not Applicable

					SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	١	bg			
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Type	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Log	Sample Description & Classification	H₂0 Depth	Remarks
- - 315 —	-		1D	X	0-2	24/6	2-9-30- 9			0.2 \ Vegetation/forest duff Dense, brown, SAND, some silt, trace gravel, with occasional cobbles		
-	- - 5 -		2D	X	5-6.8	22/10	12-19- 30- 50/4"			Dense, brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with frequent cobbles		
310 —	- - - 10		3D	X	10-12	24/14	21-40- 35-28			Very dense, light brown-white, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with frequent cobbles		
305 — - - -	- - - 15 -		4D	X	15-17	24/10	5-10-9- 9			Medium dense, light brown-white, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with occasional cobbles		
300	- - 20		5D	X	20-22	24/6	13-11- 16-15			20.0 Medium dense, gray-brown, SAND AND GRAVEL, trace silt	Ā	
295 —	- - - 25 -		6D	X	25-27	24/8	5-5-6-6			25.0 Medium dense, gray-brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt		
290	- - 30 -		7D	X	30-32	24/8	6-7-6-7			Medium dense, gray-brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with occasional cobbles		
285 —	- - 35 -		8D	X	35-37	24/6	6-5-8-8			Medium dense, gray-brown, SAND AND GRAVEL, trace silt, with occasional cobbles		
280 — Stratific	ation lines	represen soil typ	ent approxir pes, transiti	mat	e s may					(Continued Next Page)		

boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

30RING / WELL 10-12-2022 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25

BORING NO.: B-108



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC

PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: B-108 SHEET: 2 of 2

 PROJECT NO.
 24-1227

 DATE START:
 4/25/2025

 DATE FINISH:
 4/28/2025

					SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	٧	Log		
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Type	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Lo	Sample Description & H ₂ 0 Depth Classification	rks
275 —	_		9D	X	40-42	24/10	6-18-8- 8			Medium dense, gray-brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with occasional cobbles	
- - - 270 –	- - 45 -		10D	X	45-47	24/10	8-10- 14-14			Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt	
- - - 265 –	50		11D	X	50-52	24/3	8-6-13- 20				
260 -	- 55 		12D	X	55-57	24/12	11-12- 9-8			Medium dense, light brown-gray, SAND, some silt, trace gravel Medium dense, light brown-gray, SILT, some sand	
-	60		13D	X	60-62	24/14	12-12- 14-13			Medium dense, light brown-gray, SILT AND SAND, with layers of sandy silt	

Bottom of Exploration at 62.0 feet

BORING / WELL 10-12-2022 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

BORING NO.:

B-108



TEST PIT LOGS

PROJECT NO.: _____ LOGGED BY:

NO.: 24-1227

LOGGED BY: Evan Walker
CONTRACTOR:

 CLIENT:
 New Gen Hospitality Management LLC
 CONTRACTOR:

 PROJECT:
 Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development
 Seaboard Drilling

 LOCATION:
 Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine
 EQUIPMENT:

T = A = T	DIT	TD	404
	DII		7117
TEST	ГП	ır.	-101

DATE: 4/28/2025 LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): 321' +/- COMPLETION DEPTH (FT): 9.0							I (FT): 9.0		
WATER I	EVEL DEPT	HS (FT): No Free Water Observed REMARKS:							
Depth (feet)	Graphic Log	Stratum Description	H₂0 Depth	Sample No.	Type	Sample Depth (ft)	Field / Lab Test Data		
- - - 5 -		Vegetation / Dark gray-brown sandy silt with organics (FILL) Brown, SAND AND GRAVEL, trace silt, with frequent cobbles Guelph Permeameter Test @ 6': Unsaturated Infiltration Rate = 18.7 in / hr					w =6.4 %		
_	Bottom of Exploration at 9.0 feet								

TEST PIT TP-102

DATE: 4/28/2025 LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan

SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): 321' +/
WATER LEVEL DEPTHS (FT): No Free Water Observed

REMARKS:

Depth (feet)	Graphic Log	Stratum Description		Sample No.	Type	Sample Depth (ft)	Field / Lab Test Data
		Vegetation / Dark brown silty SAND, with organics (FILL)					
_		1.0 Brown, sandy GRAVEL, trace silt, with frequent cobbles					
_							

Bottom of Exploration at 3.0 feet



TEST PIT LOGS

PROJECT NO.: _ LOGGED BY: Evan Walker

24-1227

CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

PROJECT: Proposed Milti-Unit Housing Development

CONTRACTOR: Seaboard Drilling EQUIPMENT:

TEST PIT TP-103

				· · · · · <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>						
DATE: _	4/28/2025	_ LOCATION:	See Exploration Location Plan	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):	323' +/-		COMPL	ETIC	N DEPTH	I (FT):4.0
WATER L	EVEL DEPT	HS (FT): N	Free Water Observed	REMARKS:						
Depth (feet)	Graphic Log		Stratum	Description		H₂0 Depth	Sample No.	Type	Sample Depth (ft)	Field / Lab Test Data
			t Duff / Dark brown silty SAND,	with organics (FILL)						
		2.0 Brow	n, SAND AND GRAVEL, trace s	ilt, with frequent cobbles						

Bottom of Exploration at 4.0 feet

TEST PIT 24-1227.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25



KEY TO NOTES & SYMBOLS Test Boring and Test Pit Explorations

All stratification lines represent the approximate boundary between soil types and the transition may be gradual.

Key to Symbols Used:

w - water content, percent (dry weight basis)

qu - unconfined compressive strength, kips/sq. ft. - laboratory test

 S_{v} - field vane shear strength, kips/sq. ft. L_{v} - lab vane shear strength, kips/sq. ft.

qp - unconfined compressive strength, kips/sq. ft. – pocket penetrometer test

O - organic content, percent (dry weight basis)

W_L - liquid limit - Atterberg test
 W_P - plastic limit - Atterberg test
 WOH - advance by weight of man
 WOR - advance by weight of rods

HYD - advance by force of hydraulic piston on drill

RQD - Rock Quality Designator - an index of the quality of a rock mass.

Description of Proportions: Description of Stratified Soils

Parting: 0 to 1/16" thickness
Trace: 0 to 5%
Seam: 1/16" to 1/2" thickness
Some: 5 to 12%
Layer: ½" to 12" thickness

"Y" 12 to 35% Varved: Alternating seams or layers
And 35+% Occasional: one or less per foot of thickness
With Undifferentiated Frequent: more than one per foot of thickness

REFUSAL: <u>Test Boring Explorations</u> - Refusal depth indicates that depth at which, in the drill foreman's opinion, sufficient resistance to the advance of the casing, auger, probe rod or sampler was encountered to render further advance impossible or impracticable by the procedures and equipment being used.

REFUSAL: Test Pit Explorations - Refusal depth indicates that depth at which sufficient resistance to the advance of the backhoe bucket was encountered to render further advance impossible or impracticable by the procedures and equipment being used.

Although refusal may indicate the encountering of the bedrock surface, it may indicate the striking of large cobbles, boulders, very dense or cemented soil, or other buried natural or man-made objects or it may indicate the encountering of a harder zone after penetrating a considerable depth through a weathered or disintegrated zone of the bedrock.



ASTM C-117 & C-136

Project Name WINDHAM ME - PROPOSED MULTI-UNIT HOUSING

DEVELOPMENT - PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING

Client NEW GEN HOSPITALITY MANAGEMENT, LLC

 Project Number
 24-1227

 Lab ID
 32988G

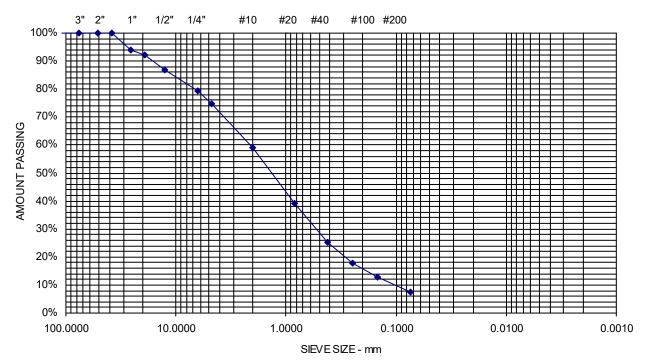
 Date Received
 5/1/2025

 Date Completed
 5/5/2025

Material Source B-101, 2D, 2-4

Tested By NAOMI MCMILLEN

STANDARD DESIGNATION (mm/µm)	SIEVE SIZE	AMOUNT PASSING (%)	
150 mm	6"	100	
125 mm	5"	100	
100 mm	4"	100	
75 mm	3"	100	
50 mm	2"	100	
38.1 mm	1-1/2"	100	
25.0 mm	1"	94	
19.0 mm	3/4"	92	
12.5 mm	1/2"	87	
6.3 mm	1/4"	79	
4.75 mm	No. 4	75	25.3% Gravel
2.00 mm	No. 10	59	
850 um	No. 20	39	
425 um	No. 40	25	67% Sand
250 um	No. 60	18	
150 um	No. 100	13	
75 um	No. 200	7.6	7.6% Fines



Comments: w = 1.4%



ASTM C-117 & C-136

Project Name WINDHAM ME - PROPOSED MULTI-UNIT HOUSING

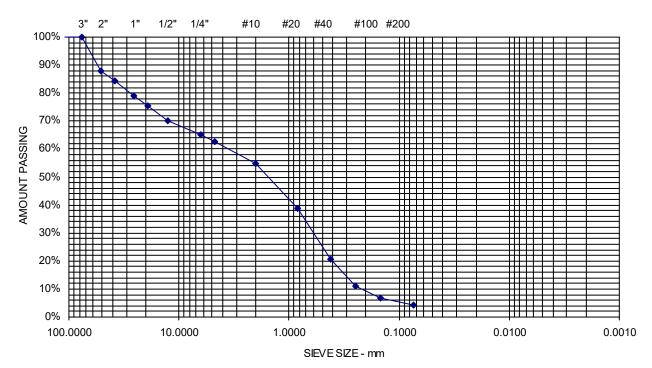
DEVELOPMENT - PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING

Client NEW GEN HOSPITALITY MANAGEMENT, LLC

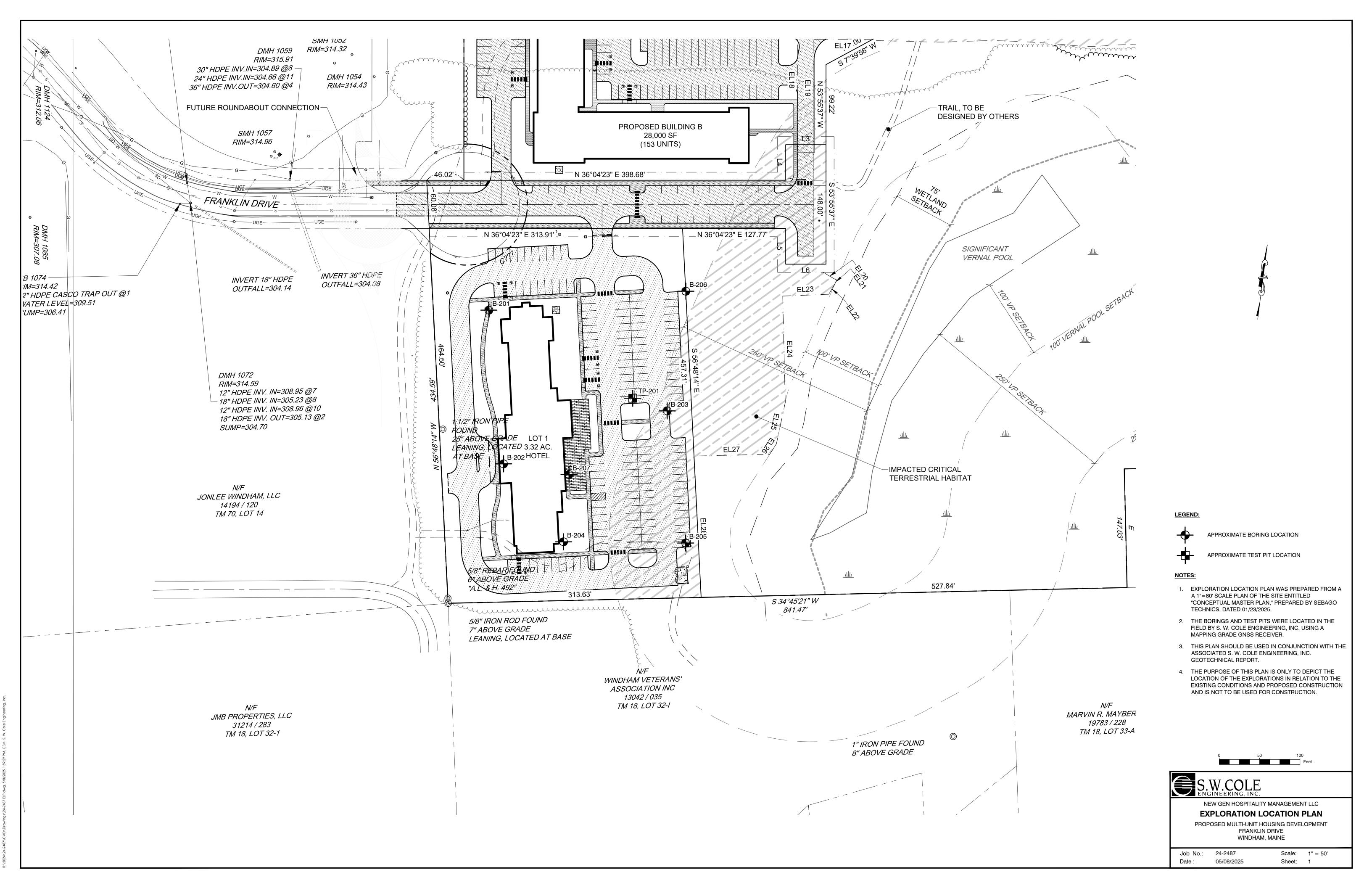
Project Number 24-1227
Lab ID 32989G
Date Received 5/1/2025
Date Completed 5/7/2025
Tested By LEAH YOUNGE

Material Source TP-101, 6-7

<u>STANDARD</u> <u>DESIGNATION (mm/μm)</u>	SIEVE SIZE	AMOUNT PASSING (%)	
150 mm	6"	100	
125 mm	5"	100	
100 mm	4"	100	
75 mm	3"	100	
50 mm	2"	88	
38.1 mm	1-1/2"	84	
25.0 mm	1"	79	
19.0 mm	3/4"	75	
12.5 mm	1/2"	70	
6.3 mm	1/4"	65	
4.75 mm	No. 4	63	37.4% Gravel
2.00 mm	No. 10	55	
850 um	No. 20	39	
425 um	No. 40	21	58.3% Sand
250 um	No. 60	11	
150 um	No. 100	7	
75 um	No. 200	4.3	4.3% Fines



Comments: w=6.4%





CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC

PROJECT: Proposed Hotel

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-201**

SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO. 24-2487

DATE START: 4/24/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/24/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

ELEVATION (FT): 318' +/-DRILLING CO.: Seaboard Drilling DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140

HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 22.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kasernan **DRILLING METHOD:** Hollow Stem Auger

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A CORE BARREL:

HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR: ___ WATER LEVEL DEPTHS (ft): No Free Water Observed

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample ▼ At Completion of Drilling R = Rock Core Sample
▼ After Drilling V = Field Vane Shear

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot mpf = Minute per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods $\begin{tabular}{lll} WOH = Weight of Hammer & q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft. \\ RQD = Rock Quality Designation & \varnothing = Friction Angle (Estimated) \\ \end{tabular}$

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft.

PID = Photoionization Detector

	Ā VII	er Dilling			v – Fleiu v	ranc oncar	Прі –	Willia	per Foot FID - Filotolonization Detector N/A - Not Applicable
				SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	١	Log	
Elev. Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Type	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Lo	Sample Description & H ₂ 0 Depth Classification Remarks
315 — 5 — 5 — 310 —		1D 2D 3	X	0-2 2-4 5-7	24/14 24/22 24/16	1-4-9-8 23-19- 31-31 14-14- 14-14	w =2.9 %		0.3 Vegetation/forest duff (FILL) 0.8 Loose, brown, silty SAND, with organics 2.0 (FILL) Loose, gray- brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt (FILL) Dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with occasional cobbles
- 10 - - 305		4D \$	X	10-12	24/16	5-7-8-8			10.0 Medium dense to loose, light brown, SAND, some silt, trace gravel
- - 15 -		5D §	X	15-17	24/16	4-4-5-4			
300 — 20		6D	X	20-22	24/16	3-4-4-6			20.0 Loose, light brown, fine SAND, some silt Bottom of Exploration at 22.0 feet

10-12-2022 24-2487.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT **30RING / WELL**

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

BORING NO.:



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC

PROJECT: Proposed Hotel

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-202**

LOGGED BY: Kyle Kasernan

SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO. 24-2487

DATE START: 4/24/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/24/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan DRILLING CO.: Seaboard Drilling

ELEVATION (FT): 317' +/-DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50 HAMMER TYPE: Automatic

HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140

HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

DRILLING METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 32.0

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A CORE BARREL:

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

Water Level

▼ At time of Drilling
▼ At Completion of Drilling
▼ After Drilling

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample R = Rock Core Sample V = Field Vane Shear

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot mpf = Minute per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer RQD = Rock Quality Designation

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

PID = Photoionization Detector N/A = Not Applicable

					SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	١	gc	
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Type	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Log	Sample Description & H ₂ 0 Depth Remarks Classification
315 — -	-		1D 2D	X	0-2 2-4	24/10 24/16	4-14-9- 13 10-16- 26-24		-,,,	0.2 Vegetation/forest duff Medium dense, light brown, sandy GRAVEL, 2.0 trace silt, with frequent cobbles Dense, light brown, SAND AND GRAVEL, trace silt, with frequent cobbles
310 —	- 5 - -		3D	X	5-7	24/0	13-17- 24-28			
305 —	- - 10 -		4D	X	10-12	24/0	6-5-6-4			10.0 Medium dense, light brown, fine SAND, some silt
300 —	- - 15 -		5D	X	15-17	24/20	5-7-9-9			
- - 295 —	- - 20 -		6D	X	20-22	24/18	5-6-7-8			20.0 Medium dense, light brown SAND, some silt
- - 290 —	- - 25 -		7D	X	25-27	24/16	4-5-4-5			25.0 Loose, brown, SAND, some silt
- - - 285	- - 30 -		8D	X	30-32	24/24	2-3-4-6			
										Bottom of Exploration at 32.0 feet

Stratification lines represent approximate Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

BORING NO.:

B-202

10-12-2022 24-2487.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25 **30RING / WELL**



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC

PROJECT: Proposed Hotel

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-203** SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO. 24-2487 DATE START: 4/24/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/24/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan DRILLING CO.: Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR: **ELEVATION (FT):** 315' +/-

DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140

HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A

DRILLING METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon CORE BARREL:

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 32.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kasernan

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

 Water Level
 D = Split Spoon Sample

 ✓ At time of Drilling
 U = Thin Walled Tube S

 ✓ At Completion of Drilling
 R = Rock Core Sample

 ✓ After Drilling
 V = Field Vane Shear

 D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot mpf = Minute per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer RQD = Rock Quality Designation PID = Photoionization Detector

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

N/A = Not Applicable

				SAMP	LE INFO	RMATIO	٧	g	
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	- (π)	(in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Log	Sample Description & H_0 Classification Remarks
_			1D \	0-2	24/6	2-1-7- 13		<u></u>	0.2 Vegetation/forest duff Loose, brown, SAND, some silt, with organics
-	<u></u>		2D (2-4	24/16	14-13- 12-10			2.0 Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles
310	<u> </u>		3D \	5-7	24/10	26-26- 25-29			Very dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with frequent cobbles
305 —	10		4D \	10-12	24/0	9-11-9- 7			12.0 Loose, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt
300 —	- - - 15		5D \	15-17	24/16	5-5-5-6			Esses, light brown, gratery or the
295 — - - -	20		6D \	20-22	24/12	4-5-7-9			20.0 Medium dense, light brown, SAND, some gravel, some silt
290 — - -	25		7D \	25-27	24/24	4-6-7-8			25.0 Medium dense, light brown, SAND, some silt
285 — -	30		8D \	30-32	24/24	3-5-6-6			30.0 Medium dense, light brown-gray, SAND, some silt Bottom of Exploration at 32.0 feet

Stratification lines represent approximate Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

5/27/25

10-12-2022 24-2487.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT

30RING / WELL

BORING NO.:



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC

PROJECT: Proposed Hotel

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-204** SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO. 24-2487 DATE START: 4/24/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/24/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan DRILLING CO.: Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic

HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

ELEVATION (FT): 316' +/-DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140

HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A

DRILLING METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger

CORE BARREL:

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 27.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kasernan

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

Water Level

▼ At time of Drilling
▼ At Completion of Drilling
▼ After Drilling D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample R = Rock Core Sample V = Field Vane Shear

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer RQD = Rock Quality Designation

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

mpf = Minute per Foot PID = Photoionization Detector N/A = Not Applicable

				SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	٧	g			
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Log	Sample Description & Classification	H ₂ 0 Depth	Remarks
315	- 5		1D 2D	0-2 2-4 7 5-7	24/6 24/12 24/14	3-4-4-6 6-14- 19-9 7-6-5-5			Vegetation/forest duff Loose, brown, gravelly SAND, with frequent cobbles Dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles 5.0 Medium dense, light brown, SAND, some		
310	10		4D \(\bar{\chi}\)	7 10-12	24/14	4-3-3-3			Medium dense, light brown, SAND, some gravel, trace silt, with frequent cobbles Loose, light brown, SAND, trace silt, trace		
305			5D \(\)	7 15-17	24/14	3-3-3-5			gravel 15.0 Loose to medium dense, light brown, coarse		
300	- - - 20		6D \(\)	7 20-22	24/18	7-9-12-			SAND, some gravel, trace silt		
295						10			-25 O	Σ	
290 –			7D	25-27	24/22	6-6-6-6			25.0 Medium dense, brown, silty SAND Bottom of Exploration at 27.0 feet	_	

Bottom of Exploration at 27.0 feet

10-12-2022 24-2487.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25 Stratification lines represent approximate **30RING / WELL** Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

BORING NO.:



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC

PROJECT: Proposed Hotel

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-205** SHEET: 1 of 1 PROJECT NO. 24-2487

DATE START: 4/24/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/24/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan

HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

ELEVATION (FT): 314' +/-DRILLING CO.: Seaboard Drilling RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140

HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 27.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kasernan **DRILLING METHOD:** Hollow Stem Auger

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A CORE BARREL:

WATER LEVEL DEPTHS (ft): No Free Water Observed

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic

 Water Level
 D = Split Spoon Sample

 ✓ At time of Drilling
 U = Thin Walled Tube S

 ✓ At Completion of Drilling
 R = Rock Core Sample

 ✓ After Drilling
 V = Field Vane Shear

 D = Split Spoon Sample

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer RQD = Rock Quality Designation PID = Photoionization Detector

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft. \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

N/A = Not Applicable

U = Thin Walled Tube Sample

mpf = Minute per Foot

				SAMPL	E INFO	RMATIO	V	gc			
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	` ′	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Log	Sample Description & Classification	H ₂ 0 Depth	Remarks
310 —	5		1D 2D 3D 7	0-2 2-4 7 5-7	24/10 24/14 24/12	2-2-5- 11 10-9- 21-19		\$ 1/2.	70.5 Vegetation/forest duff Loose, light brown, sandy GRAVEL, with 2.0 frequent cobbles Medium dense, gray-brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles		
305 —	10		4D	10-12	24/0	12-10- 10-8			6.0 Dense, gray, gravelly SAND, some silt		
300 -	15		5D	7 15-17	24/14	4-10- 16-11			12.0 Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt		
295	20		6D	20-22	24/12	6-6-9-8					
290	25 		7D	25-27	24/24	6-9-10- 10			25.0 Medium dense, brown, SAND, some silt Bottom of Exploration at 27.0 feet		

10-12-2022 24-2487.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT Stratification lines represent approximate **30RING / WELL** Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

BORING NO.: **B-205**



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC

PROJECT: Proposed Hotel

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-206** SHEET: 1 of 1

PROJECT NO. 24-2487

DATE START: 4/24/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/24/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan DRILLING CO.: Seaboard Drilling

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50 HAMMER TYPE: Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

DRILLER: Ryan Hackett AUGER ID/OD: 2 1/4 in / 5 5/8 in

ELEVATION (FT): 316' +/-

HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140 HAMMER DROP (inch): 30

DRILLING METHOD: Hollow Stem Auger

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 22.0 LOGGED BY: Kyle Kasernan

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

CASING ID/OD: N/A /N/A CORE BARREL:

WATER LEVEL DEPTHS (ft): No Free Water Observed

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

D = Split Spoon Sample U = Thin Walled Tube Sample ▼ At Completion of Drilling R = Rock Core Sample
▼ After Drilling V = Field Vane Shear

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot mpf = Minute per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods $\begin{tabular}{lll} WOH = Weight of Hammer & q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft. \\ RQD = Rock Quality Designation & \varnothing = Friction Angle (Estimated) \\ \end{tabular}$

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft.

PID = Photoionization Detector N/A = Not Applicable

Elev. (ft) Depth (ft) Pen. (ppf) Sample No. (ft) Pen. (ft) Rec. (in) POD Test Data	arks
Elev. (ft) Depth (ft) Pen. (hpf) Sample Depth No (ft) (ft) Rec. (ft) Rec. (ft) Pen. (hpf) Pen. (hpf	arks
315 — 1D 0-2 24/10 3-6-13- 17 Wegetation/forest duff Medium dense, brown, SAND, some silt, with 2D 2-4 24/12 19-14- 23-31 Dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with frequent cobbles	
310 — 5 3D 5-7 24/6 19-25-18-16 5.0 Dense, gray, GRAVEL AND SAND, trace silt, with frequent cobbles	
305 — 10 4D 10-12 24/14 4-3-3-3 10.0 Loose, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt, with occasional cobbles	
300 — 15 5D 15-17 24/14 3-3-3-3	
295 — 20 6D 20-22 24/16 5-6-5-6 20.0 Medium dense, light brown, SAND, some silt, trace gravel Bottom of Exploration at 22.0 feet	

10-12-2022 24-2487.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25 **30RING / WELL**

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

BORING NO.:

S.W.COLE	

CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC

PROJECT: Proposed Hotel

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: **B-207**

SHEET: 1 of 2 PROJECT NO. 24-2487

DATE START: 4/29/2025 DATE FINISH: 4/29/2025

Drilling Information

LOCATION: See Exploration Location Plan

ELEVATION (FT): 317' +/-DRILLER: Ryan Hackett

TOTAL DEPTH (FT): 52.0 DRILLING METHOD: Cased Boring

LOGGED BY: Kyle Kaserman

RIG TYPE: Track Mounted Diedrich D-50

DRILLING CO.: Seaboard Drilling

AUGER ID/OD: N/A / N/A

SAMPLER: Standard Split-Spoon

HAMMER TYPE: Automatic / Automatic HAMMER CORRECTION FACTOR:

HAMMER WEIGHT (lbs): 140 / 300 HAMMER DROP (inch): 30 / 16

CASING ID/OD: 4 in / 4 1/2 in CORE BARREL:

GENERAL NOTES:

KEY TO NOTES AND SYMBOLS:

D = Split Spoon Sample

Pen. = Penetration Length Rec. = Recovery Length bpf = Blows per Foot

WOR = Weight of Rods WOH = Weight of Hammer RQD = Rock Quality Designation PID = Photoionization Detector

 S_v = Field Vane Shear Strength, kips/sq.ft. q_U = Unconfined Compressive Strength, kips/sq.ft \emptyset = Friction Angle (Estimated)

N/A = Not Applicable

U = Thin Walled Tube Sample ▼ At Completion of Drilling R = Rock Core Sample
▼ After Drilling V = Field Vane Shear

mpf = Minute per Foot

					SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	١	go	
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Type	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Log	Sample Description & H ₂ 0 Depth Classification
315 —	-		1D 2D	X	0-2 2-3.3	24/10 16/8	2-3-8-8 15-25- 50/4"			0.6 Medium dense, brown, SAND, some silt, some gravel, with occasional cobbles 2.0 Medium dense, light brown, gravelly SAND, trace silt Very dense, light brown, gravelly SAND,
310 —	5		3D	X	5-7	24/0	20-24- 27-31			some silt, with frequent cobbles
305 —	10		4D	X	10-12	24/2	14-20- 21-20			Dense, dark gray, SAND, some silt, trace gravel
300 —	15		5D	X	15-17	24/20	5-6-7-7			15.0 Medium dense, light brown, fine SAND, some silt
- - 295 —	20		6D	X	20-22	24/12	6-8-9- 10			20.0 Medium dense, light brown, fine SAND, some silt, trace gravel
290 —	25 		7D	X	25-27	24/10	4-4-4-5			25.0 Loose, light brown, fine SAND, some silt
- - 285 —	30		8D	X	30-32	24/14	5-5-5-6			
- - 280 —	35		9D	X	35-37	24/22	2-2-3-5			35.0 Loose, gray, silty SAND
-	-4: !:-		ant approvi							

Stratification lines represent approximate Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

30RING / WELL

(Continued Next Page)

BORING NO.: B-207



CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC
PROJECT: Proposed Hotel

S.W.COLE LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

BORING NO.: B-207
SHEET: 2 of 2
PROJECT NO. 24-2487

DATE START: 4/29/2025 **DATE FINISH**: 4/29/2025

					SAMPL	E INFO	RMATION	N	og				
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	Casing Pen. (bpf)	Sample No.	Type	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blow Count or RQD	Field / Lab Test Data	Graphic Lo		Sample Description & Classification	H ₂ 0 Depth	Remarks
275 —	-		10D	X	40-42	24/20	6-6-8-9			40.0	Medium dense, light brown-gray, fine SAND, some silt		
270 —	- 45 -		11D	X	45-47	24/20	9-8-14- 16			45.0	Medium dense, light brown-gray, fine SAND, some silt, with occasional silt layers		
- - - 265	50		12D	X	50-52	24/12	17-13- 17-24			50.0	Medium dense, gray-light brown, silty sandy GRAVEL, with occasional cobbles	_	

Bottom of Exploration at 52.0 feet

BORING / WELL 10-12-2022 24-2487.GPJ SWCE TEMPLATE.GDT 5/27/25

Stratification lines represent approximate boundary between soil types, transitions may be gradual. Water level readings have been made at times and under conditions stated. Fluctuations of groundwater may occur due to other factors than those present at the time measurements were made.

BORING NO.:



TEST PIT LOGS

CLIENT: New Gen Hospitality Management LLC PROJECT: Proposed Hotel

LOCATION: Franklin Drive, Windham, Maine

PROJECT NO.: 24-2487 LOGGED BY: Evan Walker

CONTRACTOR: Seaboard Drilling EQUIPMENT:

TEST PIT TP-201

DATE:	4/28/2025	LOCATION:	See Exploration Location Plan	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): 317' +/-	COMPLETION DEPTH (FT):7.5
WATER	LEVEL DEPTH	IS (FT): No	Free Water Observed	REMARKS:	

Depth (feet) Sample Depth Sample Depth Field / Lab Test Data
0.5 Orange-brown to brown, gravelly SAND, some silt, with roots Light brown, SAND AND GRAVEL, trace silt, with frequent cobbles and boulders
2.0 Light brown, SAND AND GRAVEL, trace silt, with frequent cobbles and boulders
boulders
boulders
boulders
Guelph Permeameter Test @ 4.5': Unsaturated Infiltration Pate = 22.9 in / hr
Guelph Permeameter Teet @ 4.5': Uncaturated Infiltration Pate = 22.0 in / hr
Guelph Permeameter Teet @ 4.5': Unsaturated Infiltration Pate = 22.0 in / hr
Odelpit etitleameter rest (a) 4.5. Orisaturated illinitration (vale = 22.5 iii / 1ii
├ 5
Rottom of Evploration at 7.5 feet

Bottom of Exploration at 7.5 feet



KEY TO NOTES & SYMBOLS Test Boring and Test Pit Explorations

All stratification lines represent the approximate boundary between soil types and the transition may be gradual.

Key to Symbols Used:

w - water content, percent (dry weight basis)

qu - unconfined compressive strength, kips/sq. ft. - laboratory test

 S_{v} - field vane shear strength, kips/sq. ft. L_{v} - lab vane shear strength, kips/sq. ft.

qp - unconfined compressive strength, kips/sq. ft. – pocket penetrometer test

O - organic content, percent (dry weight basis)

W_L - liquid limit - Atterberg test
 W_P - plastic limit - Atterberg test
 WOH - advance by weight of man
 WOR - advance by weight of rods

HYD - advance by force of hydraulic piston on drill

RQD - Rock Quality Designator - an index of the quality of a rock mass.

Description of Proportions: Description of Stratified Soils

Parting: 0 to 1/16" thickness
Trace: 0 to 5%
Seam: 1/16" to 1/2" thickness
Some: 5 to 12%
Layer: ½" to 12" thickness

"Y" 12 to 35% Varved: Alternating seams or layers
And 35+% Occasional: one or less per foot of thickness
With Undifferentiated Frequent: more than one per foot of thickness

REFUSAL: <u>Test Boring Explorations</u> - Refusal depth indicates that depth at which, in the drill foreman's opinion, sufficient resistance to the advance of the casing, auger, probe rod or sampler was encountered to render further advance impossible or impracticable by the procedures and equipment being used.

REFUSAL: Test Pit Explorations - Refusal depth indicates that depth at which sufficient resistance to the advance of the backhoe bucket was encountered to render further advance impossible or impracticable by the procedures and equipment being used.

Although refusal may indicate the encountering of the bedrock surface, it may indicate the striking of large cobbles, boulders, very dense or cemented soil, or other buried natural or man-made objects or it may indicate the encountering of a harder zone after penetrating a considerable depth through a weathered or disintegrated zone of the bedrock.



ASTM C-117 & C-136

Project Name WINDHAM ME - PROPOSED HOTEL - GEOTECHNICAL

ENGINEERING SERVICES

Client NEW GEN HOSPITALITY MANAGEMENT, LLC

Material Source B-201, 2D, 2-4

Project Number 24-2487

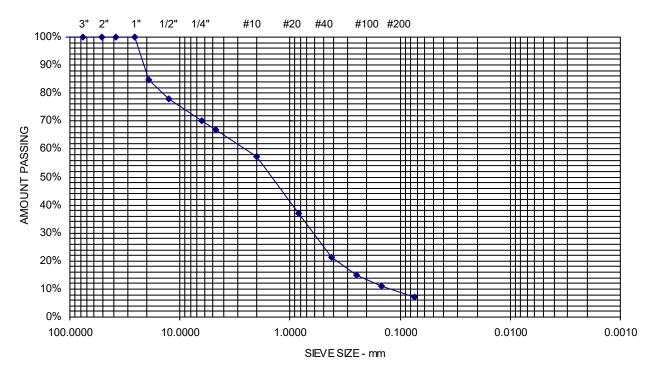
Lab ID 32986G

Date Received 5/1/2025

Date Completed 5/5/2025

Tested By NAOMI MCMILLEN

STANDARD DESIGNATION (mm/µm)	SIEVE SIZE	AMOUNT PASSING (%)	
150 mm	6"	100	
125 mm	5"	100	
100 mm	4"	100	
75 mm	3"	100	
50 mm	2"	100	
38.1 mm	1-1/2"	100	
25.0 mm	1"	100	
19.0 mm	3/4"	85	
12.5 mm	1/2"	78	
6.3 mm	1/4"	70	
4.75 mm	No. 4	67	33.1% Gravel
2.00 mm	No. 10	57	
850 um	No. 20	37	
425 um	No. 40	21	59.7% Sand
250 um	No. 60	15	
150 um	No. 100	11	
75 um	No. 200	7.2	7.2% Fines



Comments: MC= 2.9%



ASTM C-117 & C-136

Project Name WINDHAM ME - PROPOSED HOTEL - GEOTECHNICAL

ENGINEERING SERVICES

Client NEW GEN HOSPITALITY MANAGEMENT, LLC

Material Source TP-201, 5-6

Project Number 24-2487

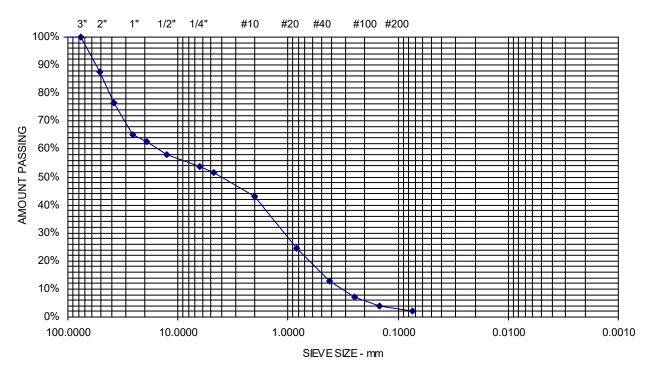
Lab ID 32987G

Date Received 5/1/2025

Date Completed 5/7/2025

Tested By LEAH YOUNGE

<u>STANDARD</u> <u>DESIGNATION (mm/μm)</u>	SIEVE SIZE	AMOUNT PASSING (%)	
150 mm	6"	100	
125 mm	5"	100	
100 mm	4"	100	
75 mm	3"	100	
50 mm	2"	88	
38.1 mm	1-1/2"	76	
25.0 mm	1"	65	
19.0 mm	3/4"	63	
12.5 mm	1/2"	58	
6.3 mm	1/4"	54	
4.75 mm	No. 4	52	48.4% Gravel
2.00 mm	No. 10	43	
850 um	No. 20	24	
425 um	No. 40	13	49.4% Sand
250 um	No. 60	7	
150 um	No. 100	4	
75 um	No. 200	2.2	2.2% Fines



Comments: w=7.2%