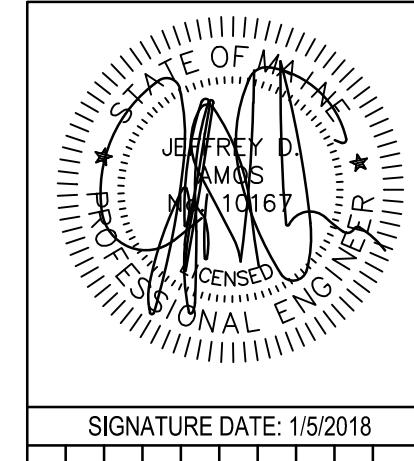


# KETTLE ESTATES

## A 42 UNIT CONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT DUSTY RHOADES LANE - WINDHAM, MAINE

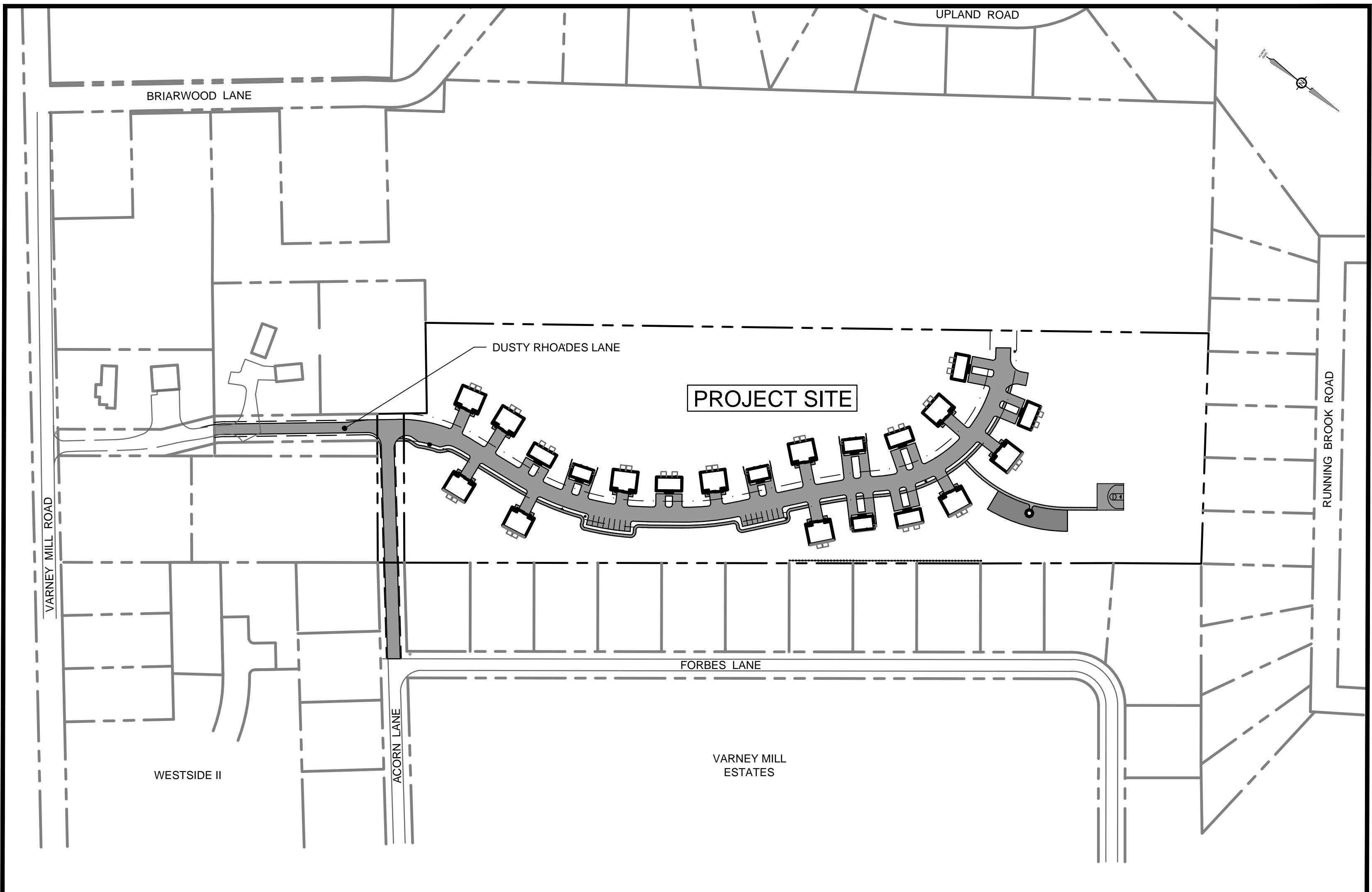


SIGNATURE DATE: 1/5/2018

**APPLICANT:**  
ROBIE HOLDINGS, LLC  
P.O. BOX 1508  
WINDHAM, MAINE 04062

**OWNER:**  
ROBIE HOLDINGS, LLC  
P.O. BOX 1508  
WINDHAM, MAINE 04062

**PROJECT PARCEL SITE**  
TOWN OF WINDHAM TAX ASSESSOR'S MAP & LOT NUMBERS  
MAP 19 LOT 8-2-1



LOCATION MAP

SCALE: 1"=150'

**PREPARED BY:**

CIVIL ENGINEER:  
TERRADYN CONSULTANTS, LLC  
P.O. BOX 339  
NEW GLOUCESTER, MAINE 04260  
(207) 632-9010

SURVEYOR:  
WAYNE WOOD & CO.  
30 WOOD DRIVE  
GRAY MAINE 04039  
207-657-3330

SEPTIC DESIGN & SOIL EVALUATION:  
MARK CENCI GELOGIC  
93 MILL ROAD  
NORTH YARMOUTH, MAINE 04097

**PERMITS**

TYPE OF PERMIT	GOVERNING BODY	STATUS
SITE PLAN & SUBDIVISION APPROVAL	TOWN OF WINDHAM, MAINE PLANNING DEPARTMENT 8 SCHOOL ROAD WINDHAM, ME 04062 TEL. 207-892-1900	SUBMITTED: 1/5/2018 APPROVED:
BUILDING PERMIT	TOWN OF WINDHAM, MAINE CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER 8 SCHOOL ROAD WINDHAM, ME 04062 TEL. 207-892-1900	TO BE SUBMITTED BY OWNER/CONTRACTOR

**SHEET INDEX**

C-0.0	COVER SHEET & LOCATION MAP
C-1.0	SITE & LANDSCAPING PLAN
C-1.1	SITE & LANDSCAPING PLAN
C-2.0	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN
C-2.1	GRADING & EROSION CONTROL PLAN
C-3.0	UTILITY PLAN
C-3.1	UTILITY PLAN
C-4.0	PROFILES
C-4.1	PROFILES, DETAILS & NOTES
C-5.0	DETAILS & NOTES
C-5.1	DETAILS & NOTES
C-5.2	DETAILS & NOTES

**LEGEND**

EXISTING PROPERTY LINE
PROJECT SITE BOUNDARY
EXISTING SETBACK LINE
PROPOSED EASEMENT
EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR
PROPOSED CONTOUR
EXISTING STORMDRAIN
PROPOSED STORMDRAIN
EXISTING SANITARY SEWER
PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER
EXISTING WATER LINE
PROPOSED WATER LINE
EXISTING UNDERDRAIN
PROPOSED UNDERDRAIN
EXISTING OVERHEAD ELECTRIC & TELEPHONE
PROPOSED OVERHEAD ELECTRIC & TELEPHONE
EXISTING UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC & TELEPHONE
PROPOSED UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC & TELEPHONE
EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT
PROPOSED EDGE OF PAVEMENT
EXISTING EDGE OF GRAVEL
PROPOSED EDGE OF GRAVEL
EXISTING CURB
PROPOSED CURB
SILT FENCE
TEST PIT
EXISTING VALVE
PROPOSED VALVE
EXISTING HYDRANT
EXISTING LIGHT POLE
PROPOSED LIGHT POLE
EXISTING UTILITY POLE
PROPOSED UTILITY POLE
EXISTING CATCH BASIN
PROPOSED CATCH BASIN
EXISTING DRAIN MANHOLE
PROPOSED DRAIN MANHOLE
EXISTING SEWER MANHOLE
PROPOSED SEWER MANHOLE
EXISTING SPOT GRADE
PROPOSED SPOT GRADE
SURVEY CONTROL POINT
EXISTING MONUMENT
EXISTING IRON PIPE
EXISTING SIGN
PROPOSED SIGN
EXISTING BUILDING
PROPOSED BUILDING
PROPOSED CONCRETE PAD
PROPOSED PAVEMENT
PROPOSED ROOF DRAIN FILTER
TURF REINFORCEMENT BLANKET
RIPRAP



Civil Engineering - Land Planning - Stormwater Design - Environmental Permitting

www.terradynconsultants.com

Office: (207) 926-5111

Fax: (207) 221-1317

P.O. Box 339

New Gloucester, ME 04260

111 Elderberry Lane

10/19/2017

REVISED PER TOWN COMMENTS

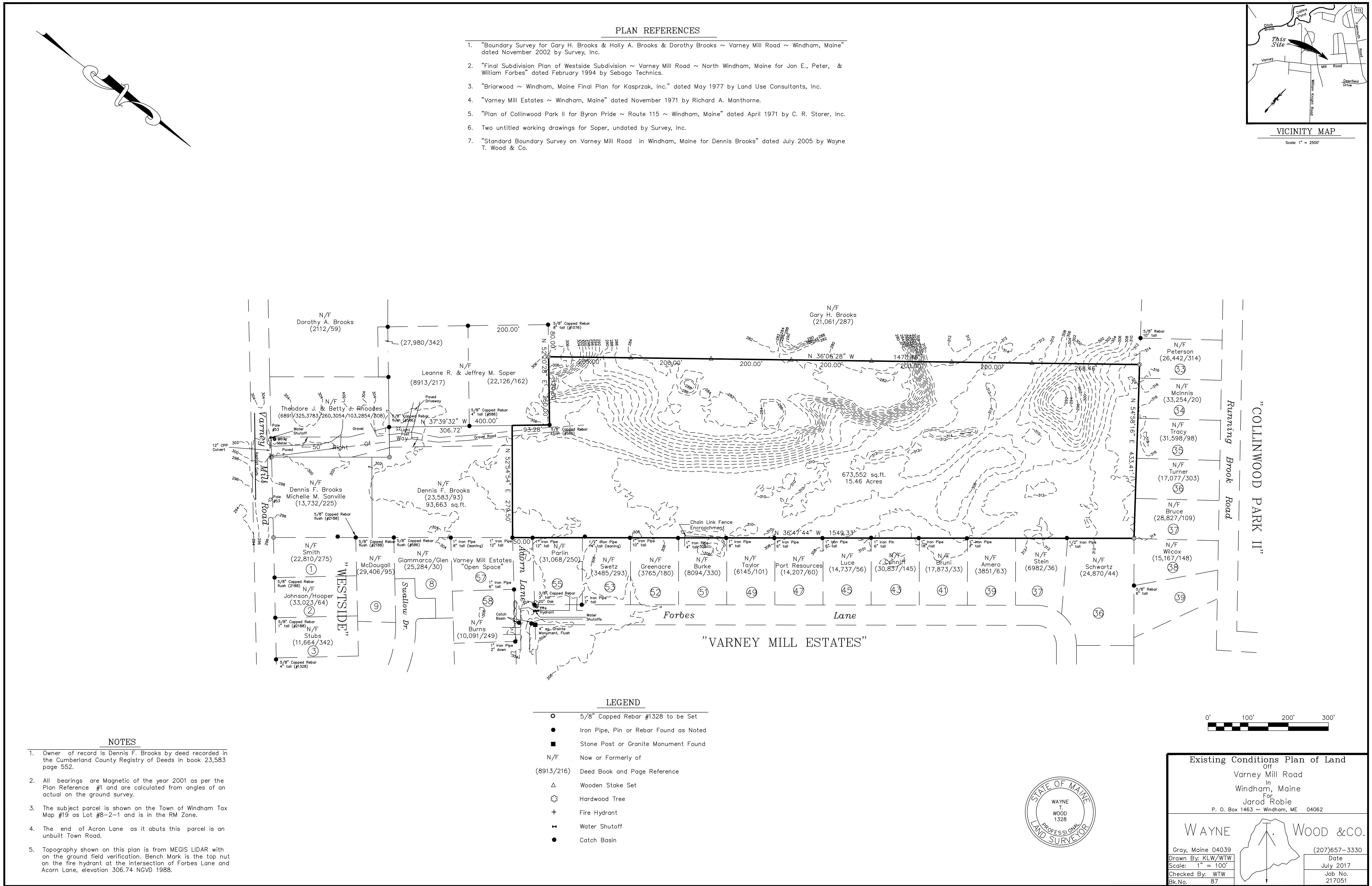
10/22/2017

REVISED PER TOWN COMMENTS

NO. DATE

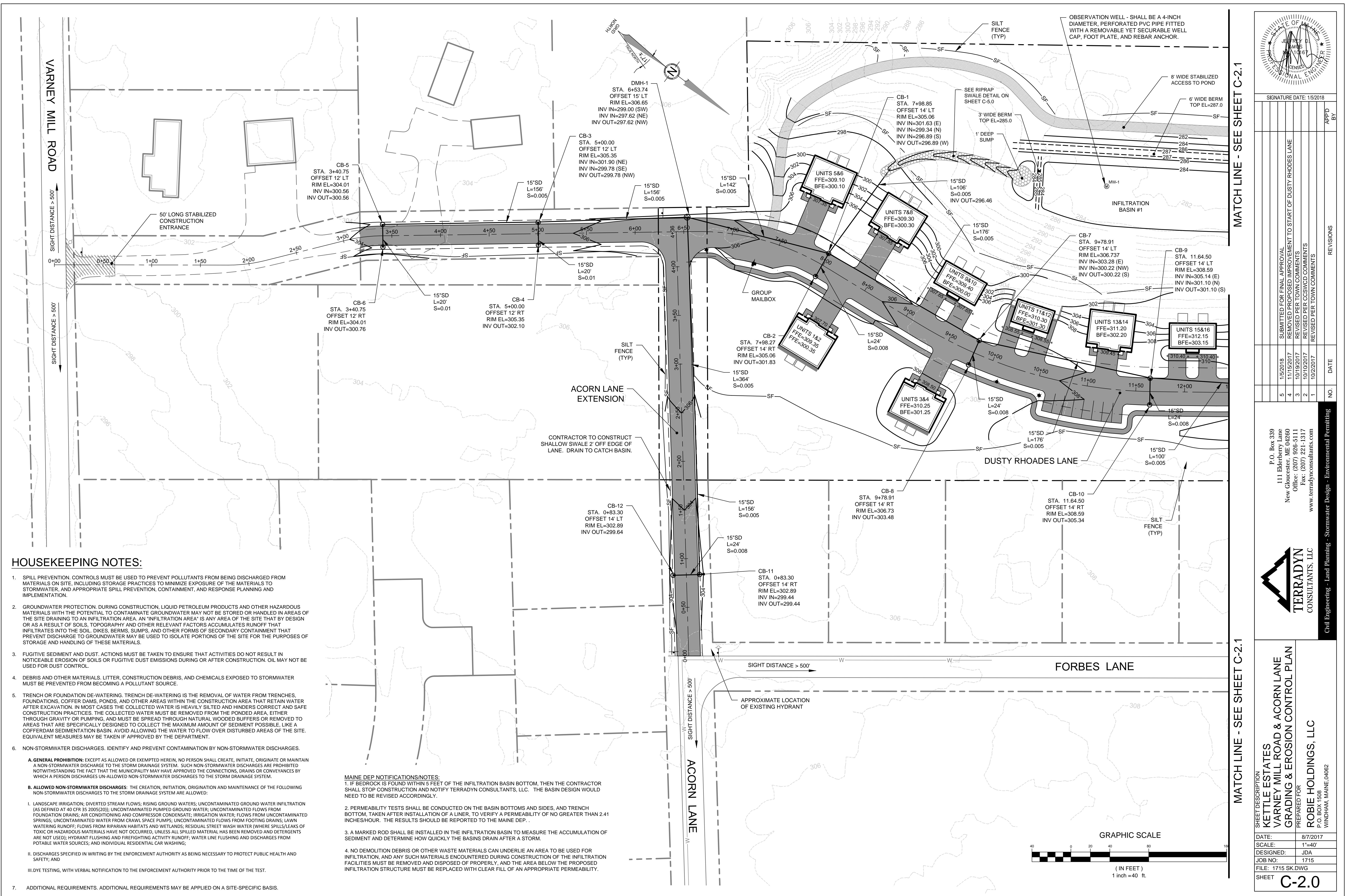
REVISIONS

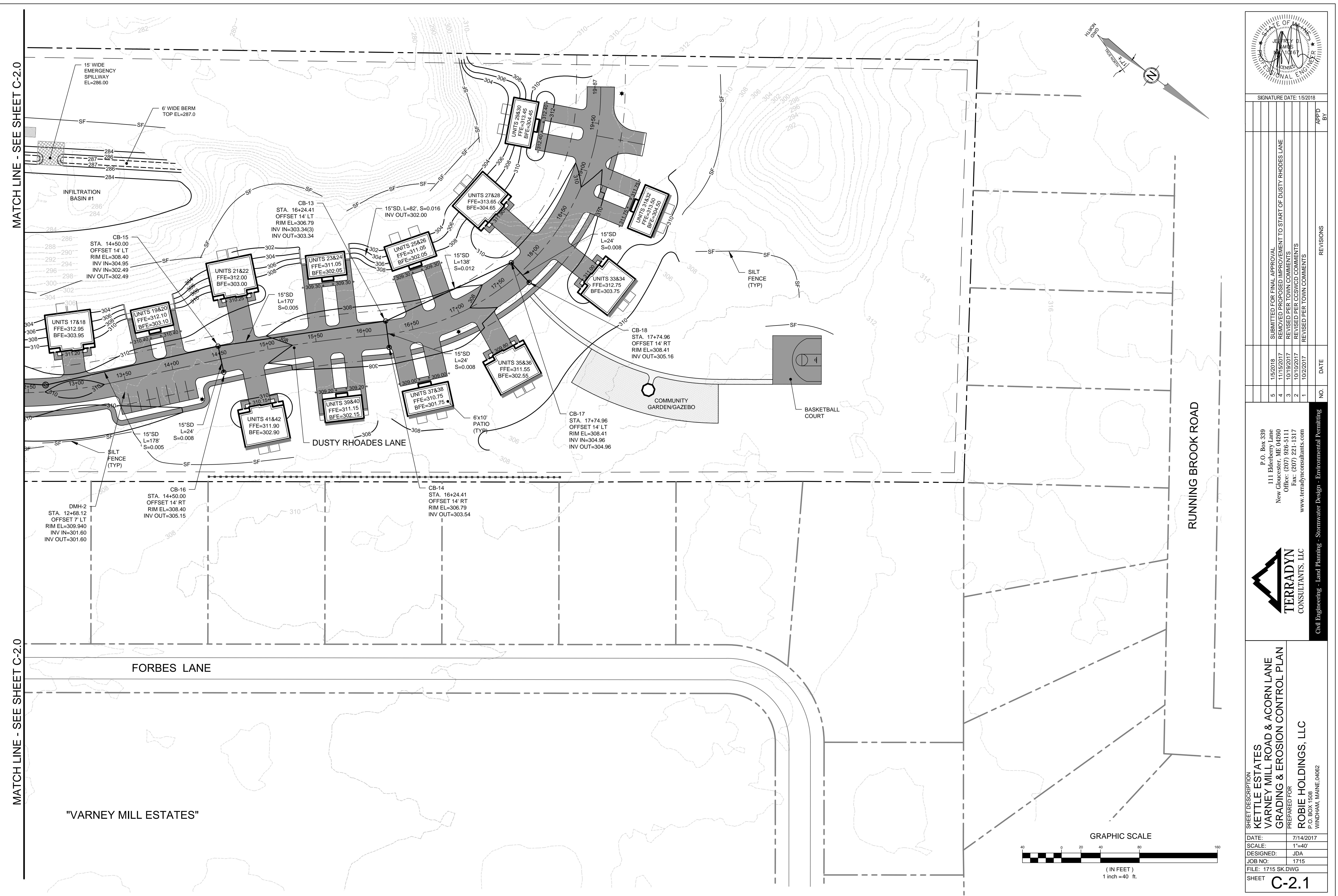
SHEET DESCRIPTION	
KETTLE ESTATES VARNEY MILL ROAD & ACORN LANE COVER SHEET & LOCATION MAP	
PREPARED FOR	ROBIE HOLDINGS, LLC
P.O. BOX 1508	WINDHAM, MAINE 04062
DATE:	8/7/2017
SCALE:	AS SHOWN
DESIGNED:	JDA
JOB NO:	1715
FILE:	1715.B.DWG
SHEET	C-0.0

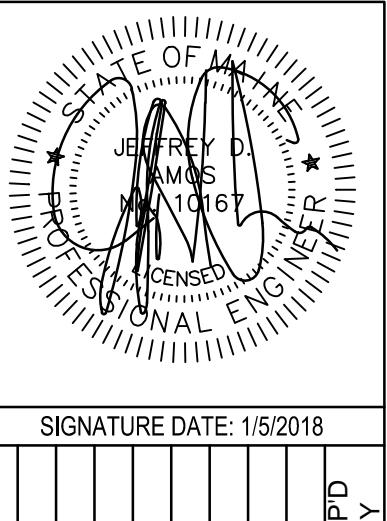












SIGNATURE DATE: 1/5/2018

MATCH LINE - SEE SHEET C-3.1

6	1/5/2018	SUBMITTED FOR FINAL APPROVAL
5	1/3/2018	REVISED PER PWD REVIEW
4	1/15/2017	REMOVED PROPOSED IMPROVEMENT TO START OF DUSTY RHODES LANE
3	10/19/2017	REVISED PER TOWN COMMENTS
2	10/10/2017	REVISED PER CCSWCD COMMENTS
1	10/2/2017	REVISED PER TOWN COMMENTS
		REVISIONS

P.O. Box 339	111 Elderberry Lane
New Gloucester, ME 04260	
Office: (207) 926-5111	
Fax: (207) 221-1317	
www.terradynconsultants.com	

Civil Engineering - Land Planning - Stormwater Design - Environmental Permitting

TERRADYN  
CONSULTANTS, LLC

100

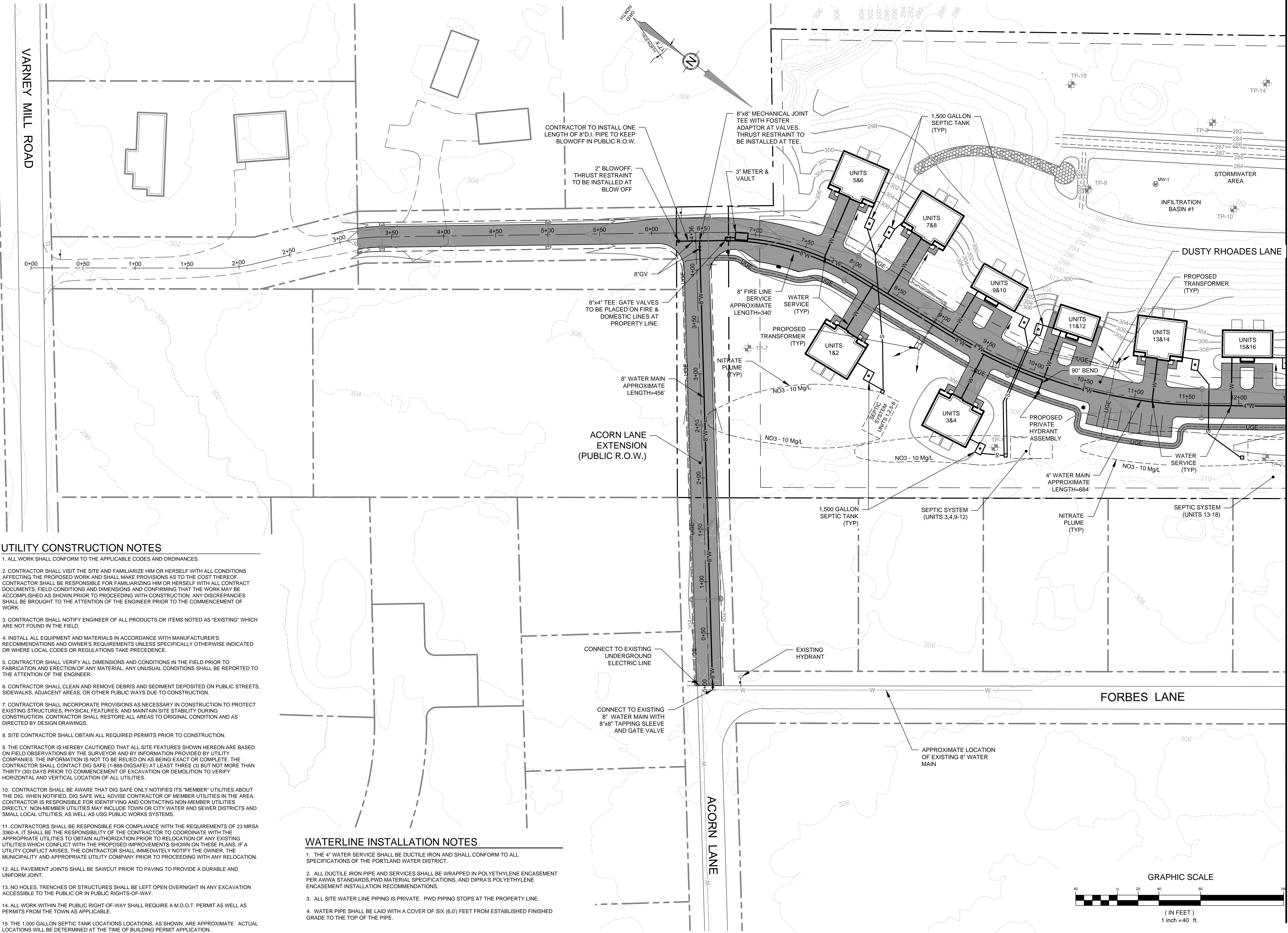
MATCH LINE - SEE SHEET C-3.1

SHEET DESCRIPTION  
KETTLE ESTATES  
VARNEY MILL ROAD & ACORN LANE  
UTILITY PLAN

PREPARED FOR	ROBIE HOLDINGS, LLC
DATE:	8/7/2017
SCALE:	1"=40'
DESIGNED:	JDA
JOB NO:	1715
FILE:	1715 SK.DWG

GRAPHIC SCALE  
C-3.0

MATCH LINE - SEE SHEET C-3.1



MATCH LINE - SEE SHEET C-3.0

MATCH LINE - SEE SHEET C-3.0

## "VARNEY MILL ESTATES"

# FORBES LANE

# RUNNING BROOK ROAD

A diagram of a compass rose illustrating the relationship between Grid North and True North. A vertical line labeled "TRUE NORTH" has an arrow pointing upwards. A second vertical line labeled "GRID NORTH" is positioned to the left of the first, also pointing upwards. The angle between these two lines is labeled "17°". A large grey wedge shape is shown between the two lines, representing the angular difference. A compass rose with a large "N" is located at the bottom center, with a line extending from it towards the "TRUE NORTH" line.

A circular registration stamp with a hatched outer border. The text "STATE OF ALABAMA" is at the top, "PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER" is at the bottom, and "LICENSED" is in the center. The number "MLE 10167" is in the center. The name "JEFFREY D. AMOS" is written across the center. A signature is written over the stamp, obscuring the name and number. A star is on the right side.

NO.	DATE	REVISIONS
6	1/5/2018	SUBMITTED FOR FINAL APPROVAL
5	1/3/2018	REVISED PER PWD REVIEW
4	11/15/2017	REMOVED PROPOSED IMPROVEMENT TO ST
3	10/19/2017	REVISED PER TOWN COMMENTS
2	10/10/2017	REVISED PER CCSWCD COMMENTS
1	10/2/2017	REVISED PER TOWN COMMENTS

**TERRADYN**  
CONSULTANTS, LLC

P.O. Box 339  
111 Elderberry Lane  
New Gloucester, ME 04260  
Office: (207) 926-5111  
Fax: (207) 221-1317  
[www.terradyneconsultants.com](http://www.terradyneconsultants.com)

Civil Engineering - Land Planning - Stormwater Design - Environmental Permitting

<b>KETTLE ESTATES VARNEY MILL ROAD &amp; ACORN LANE UTILITY PLAN</b>	
DATE:	8/7/2017
SCALE:	1"=40'
DESIGNED:	JDA
JOB NO:	1715
FILE:	1715 SK.DWG
SHEET	<b>C-3.1</b>
PREPARED FOR	<b>ROBIE HOLDINGS, LLC</b>
	P.O. BOX 1508 WINDHAM, MAINE, 04062

GRAPHIC SCALE

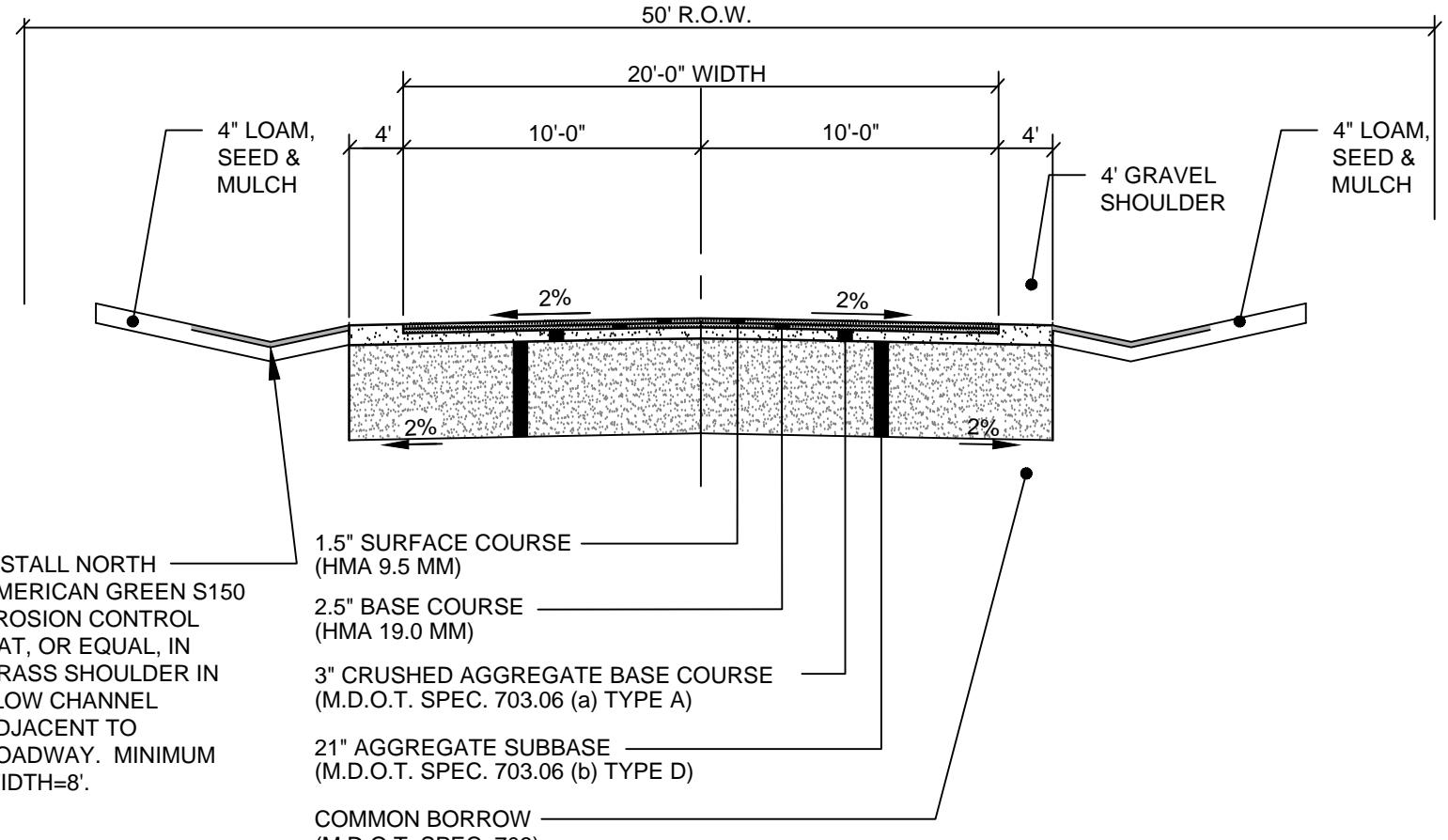
0 20 40 80 160

( IN FEET )

1 inch = 40 ft.



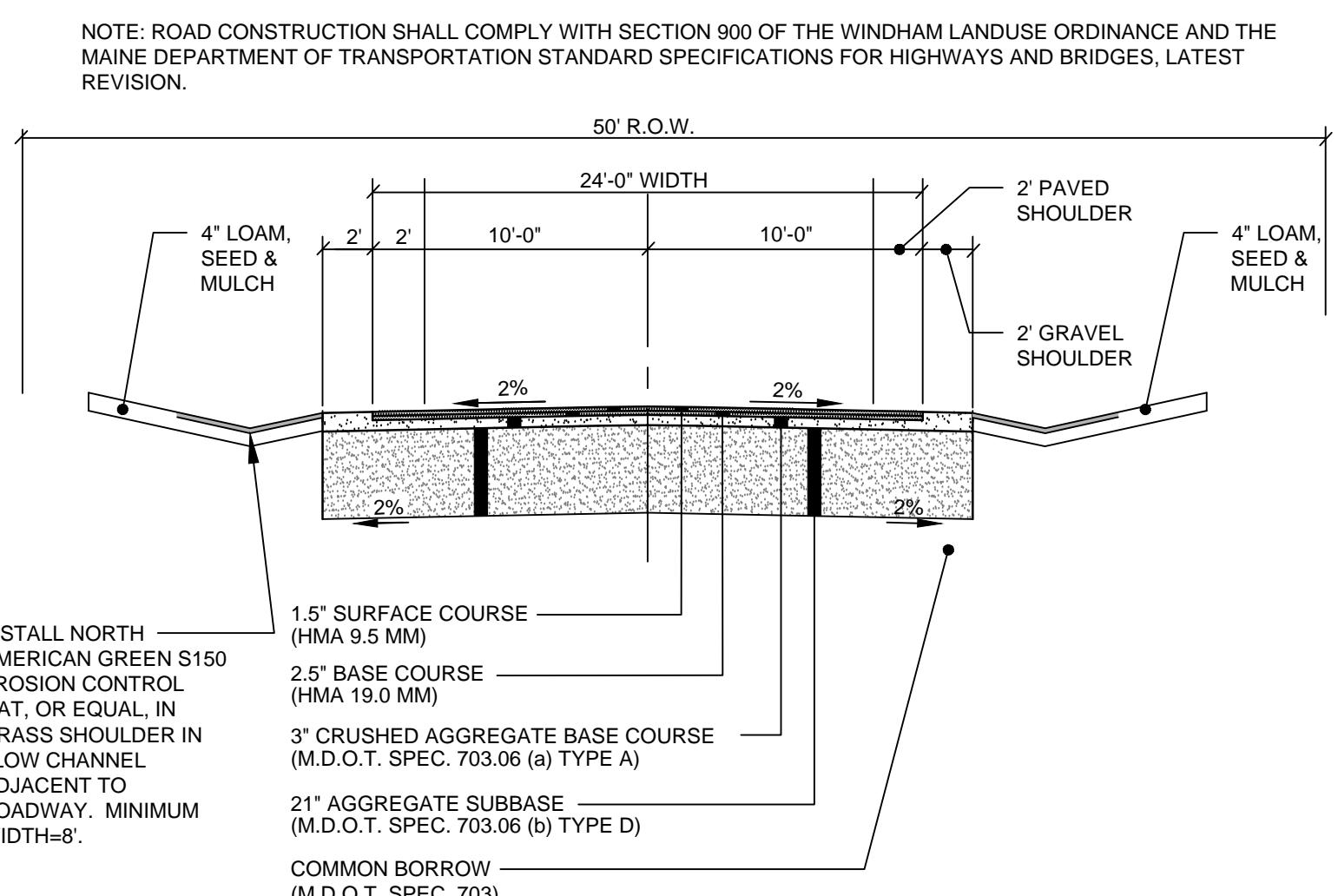
NOTE: ROAD CONSTRUCTION SHALL COMPLY WITH SECTION 900 OF THE WINDHAM LANDUSE ORDINANCE AND THE MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, LATEST REVISION.



NOTE: FILL AREAS BEHIND DRIVING SURFACE SHALL BE GRANULAR BORROW. ALL OTHER FILL AREAS SHALL BE A COMMON BORROW MATERIAL SUITABLE FOR EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION, FREE FROM FROZEN MATERIAL, PERISHABLE RUBBLE, PEAT, ORGANICS, ROCKS LARGER THAN 12" IN DIAMETER, VEGETATION AND OTHER MATERIAL UNSUITABLE FOR ROADWAY AND SUB-GRADE CONSTRUCTION. EXCAVATED ON SITE MATERIALS MAY BE USED FOR FILL PROVIDED THE MATERIAL IS FREE FROM UNSUITABLE MATERIAL DESCRIBED IN THIS NOTE AND UPON APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. GRANULAR BORROW AND COMMON BORROW SHALL ADHERE TO MDOT SPECIFICATIONS 703.19 AND 703.18 RESPECTIVELY. ROCKS LARGER THAN 8" IN DIAMETER WILL NOT BE USED FOR EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION WITHIN A DEPTH OF 2 FEET BEHIND THE FINISHED ROADWAY SUBGRADE (PER MDOT SPECIFICATIONS 203.10)

#### TYPICAL MAJOR PRIVATE ROAD SECTION

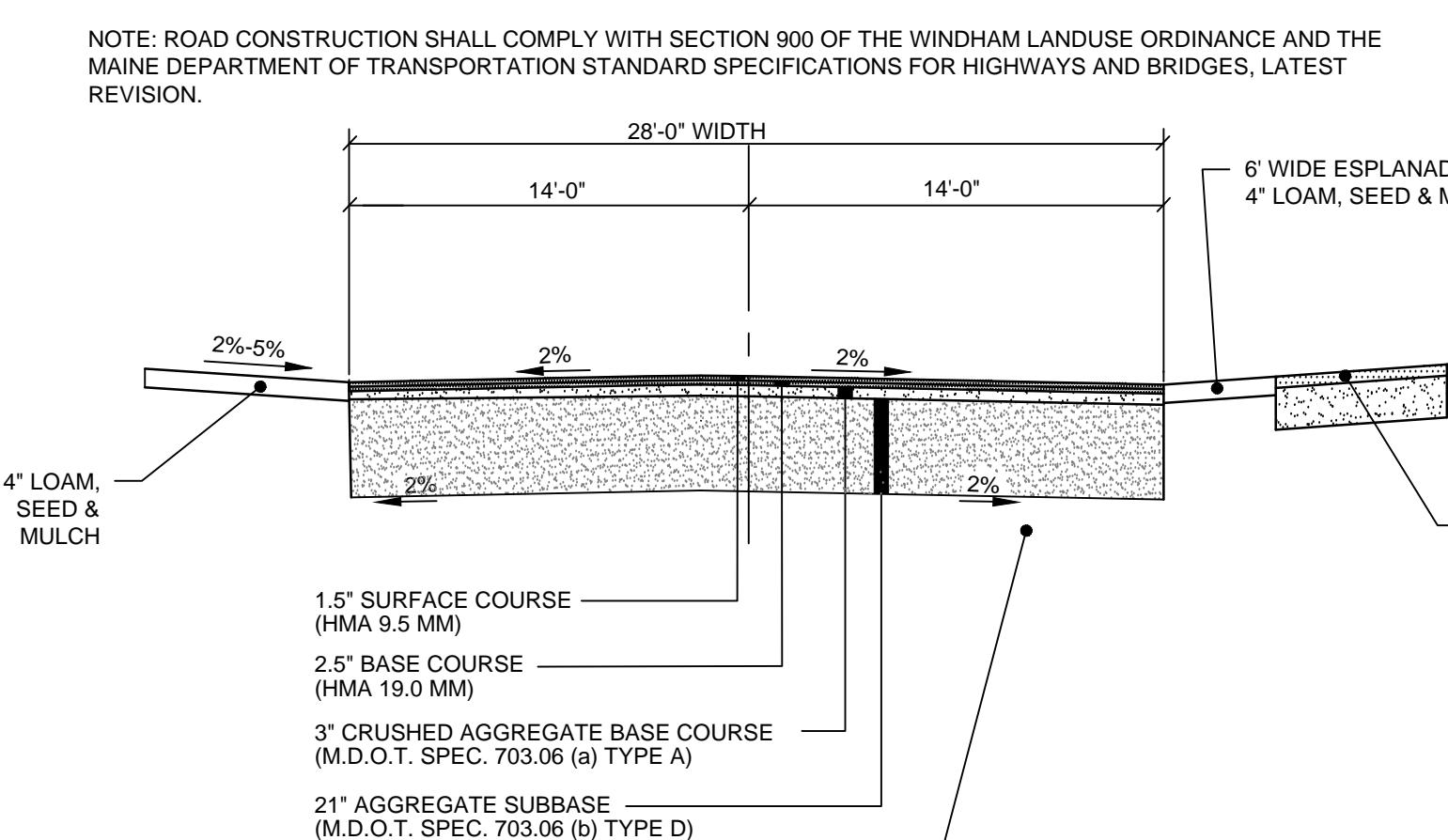
NOT TO SCALE



NOTE: FILL AREAS BEHIND DRIVING SURFACE SHALL BE GRANULAR BORROW. ALL OTHER FILL AREAS SHALL BE A COMMON BORROW MATERIAL SUITABLE FOR EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION, FREE FROM FROZEN MATERIAL, PERISHABLE RUBBLE, PEAT, ORGANICS, ROCKS LARGER THAN 12" IN DIAMETER, VEGETATION AND OTHER MATERIAL UNSUITABLE FOR ROADWAY AND SUB-GRADE CONSTRUCTION. EXCAVATED ON SITE MATERIALS MAY BE USED FOR FILL PROVIDED THE MATERIAL IS FREE FROM UNSUITABLE MATERIAL DESCRIBED IN THIS NOTE AND UPON APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. GRANULAR BORROW AND COMMON BORROW SHALL ADHERE TO MDOT SPECIFICATIONS 703.19 AND 703.18 RESPECTIVELY. ROCKS LARGER THAN 8" IN DIAMETER WILL NOT BE USED FOR EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION WITHIN A DEPTH OF 2 FEET BEHIND THE FINISHED ROADWAY SUBGRADE (PER MDOT SPECIFICATIONS 203.10)

#### TYPICAL MINOR LOCAL STREET SECTION

NOT TO SCALE



NOTE: FILL AREAS BEHIND DRIVING SURFACE SHALL BE GRANULAR BORROW. ALL OTHER FILL AREAS SHALL BE A COMMON BORROW MATERIAL SUITABLE FOR EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION, FREE FROM FROZEN MATERIAL, PERISHABLE RUBBLE, PEAT, ORGANICS, ROCKS LARGER THAN 12" IN DIAMETER, VEGETATION AND OTHER MATERIAL UNSUITABLE FOR ROADWAY AND SUB-GRADE CONSTRUCTION. EXCAVATED ON SITE MATERIALS MAY BE USED FOR FILL PROVIDED THE MATERIAL IS FREE FROM UNSUITABLE MATERIAL DESCRIBED IN THIS NOTE AND UPON APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. GRANULAR BORROW AND COMMON BORROW SHALL ADHERE TO MDOT SPECIFICATIONS 703.19 AND 703.18 RESPECTIVELY. ROCKS LARGER THAN 8" IN DIAMETER WILL NOT BE USED FOR EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION WITHIN A DEPTH OF 2 FEET BEHIND THE FINISHED ROADWAY SUBGRADE (PER MDOT SPECIFICATIONS 203.10)

#### TYPICAL INTERNAL ACCESS ROAD SECTION

NOT TO SCALE

#### CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- All work shall conform to the applicable codes and ordinances.
- Contractor shall visit the site and familiarize him or herself with all conditions affecting the proposed work and shall make provisions as to the cost thereof. Contractor shall be responsible for familiarizing him or herself with all contract documents, field conditions and dimensions and confirming that the work may be accomplished as shown prior to proceeding with construction. Any discrepancies shall be brought to the attention of the engineer prior to the commencement of work.
- Contractor shall notify engineer of all products or items noted as "existing" which are not found in the field.
- Install all equipment and materials in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and owner's requirements unless specifically otherwise indicated or where local codes or regulations take precedence.
- Contractor shall verify all dimensions and conditions in the field prior to fabrication and erection of any material. Any unusual conditions shall be reported to the attention of the engineer.
- Contractor shall clean and remove debris and sediment deposited on public streets, sidewalks, adjacent areas, or other public ways due to construction.
- Contractor shall incorporate provisions as necessary in construction to protect existing structures, physical features, and maintain site stability during construction. Contractor shall restore all areas to original condition and as directed by design drawings.
- Site contractor shall obtain all required permits prior to construction.
- All erosion and sediment control measures shall be installed in accordance with "Maine Erosion and Sedimentation Control BMP's" published by the Maine DEP in 2003. A copy of the manual can be found at <http://maine.gov/dep/blwq/doctandescbmcps/index.htm>. It shall be the responsibility of the contractor to possess a copy of the erosion control plan at all times.

- The contractor is hereby cautioned that all site features shown hereon are based on field observations by the surveyor and by information provided by utility companies. The information is not to be relied on as being exact or complete. The contractor shall contact dig safe (1-888-dig-safe) at least three (3) but not more than thirty (30) days prior to commencement of excavation or demolition to verify horizontal and vertical location of all utilities. Contractor shall be aware that dig safe only notifies its "member" utilities about the dig. When notified, dig safe will advise contractor of member utilities in the area. Contractor is responsible for identifying and contacting non-member utilities directly. Non-member utilities may include town or city water and sewer districts and small local utilities, as well as usg public works systems.
- Contractors shall be responsible for compliance with the requirements of 23 mrsa 3360-a. It shall be the responsibility of the contractor to coordinate with the appropriate utilities to obtain authorization prior to relocation of any existing utilities which conflict with the proposed improvements shown on these plans. If a utility conflict arises, the contractor shall immediately notify the owner, the municipality and appropriate utility company prior to proceeding with any relocation.

- All pavement markings and directional signage shown on the plan shall conform to the manual of uniform traffic control devices (mutcd) standards.

- All pavement joints shall be sawcut prior to paving to provide a durable and uniform joint.

- No holes, trenches or structures shall be left open overnight in any excavation accessible to the public or in public rights-of-way.

- All work within the public right-of-way shall require a M.D.O.T. Permit as well as permits from the town as applicable.

- The proposed limits of clearing shown hereon are approximate based upon the proposed limits of site grading. The applicant reserves the right to perform normal forest management activities outside of the clearing limit as shown. Tree removal outside of the limits of clearing may be necessary to remove dead or dying trees or tree limbs. This removal is due to potential safety hazards and to promote proper forest growth.

- Immediately upon completion of cuts/fills, the contractor shall stabilize disturbed areas in accordance with erosion control notes and as specified on plans.

- The contractor shall be fully and solely responsible for the removal, replacement and rectification of all damaged and defective material and workmanship in connection with the contract work. The contractor shall replace or repair as directed by the owner all such damaged or defective materials which appear within a period of one year from the date of substantial completion.

- All work performed by the general contractor and/or trade subcontractor shall conform to the requirements of local, state or federal laws, as well as any other governing requirements, whether or not specified on the drawings.

- Where the terms "approved equal", "other approved", "equal to", "acceptable" or other general qualifying terms are used in these notes, it shall be understood that reference is made to the ruling and judgment of Terradyne Consultants, LLC.

- The general contractor shall provide all necessary protection for the work until turned over to the owner. Before the final acceptance of the project, the contractor shall remove all equipment and materials, repair or replace private or public property which may have been damaged or destroyed during construction, clean the areas within and adjacent to the project which have been obstructed by his/her operations, and leave the project area neat and presentable.

- The general contractor shall maintain a current and complete set of construction drawings on site during all phases of construction for use of all trades.

- The contractor shall take full responsibility for any changes and deviation of approved plans not authorized by the architect/engineer and/or client/owner.

- Details are intended to show end result of design. Any modification to suit field dimension and condition shall be submitted to the engineer for review and approval prior to any work.

- The applicant will retain the services of a professional engineer to inspect the construction and stabilization of all stormwater management structures. If necessary, the inspecting engineer will interpret the pond's construction plan for the contractor. Once all stormwater management structures are constructed and stabilized, the inspecting engineer will notify the department in writing within 30 days to state that the pond has been completed. Accompanying the engineer's notification must be a log of the engineer's inspections giving the date of each inspection, the time of each inspection, and the items inspected on each visit, and include any testing data or sieve analysis data of every mineral soil and soil media specified in the plans and used on site.

- Contractor shall take full responsibility for any changes and deviation of approved plans not authorized by the architect/engineer and/or client/owner.

- Details are intended to show end result of design. Any modification to suit field dimension and condition shall be submitted to the engineer for review and approval prior to any work.

- The applicant will retain the services of a professional engineer to inspect the construction and stabilization of all stormwater management structures. If necessary, the inspecting engineer will interpret the pond's construction plan for the contractor. Once all stormwater management structures are constructed and stabilized, the inspecting engineer will notify the department in writing within 30 days to state that the pond has been completed. Accompanying the engineer's notification must be a log of the engineer's inspections giving the date of each inspection, the time of each inspection, and the items inspected on each visit, and include any testing data or sieve analysis data of every mineral soil and soil media specified in the plans and used on site.

- Contractor shall take full responsibility for any changes and deviation of approved plans not authorized by the architect/engineer and/or client/owner.

- Details are intended to show end result of design. Any modification to suit field dimension and condition shall be submitted to the engineer for review and approval prior to any work.

- The applicant will retain the services of a professional engineer to inspect the construction and stabilization of all stormwater management structures. If necessary, the inspecting engineer will interpret the pond's construction plan for the contractor. Once all stormwater management structures are constructed and stabilized, the inspecting engineer will notify the department in writing within 30 days to state that the pond has been completed. Accompanying the engineer's notification must be a log of the engineer's inspections giving the date of each inspection, the time of each inspection, and the items inspected on each visit, and include any testing data or sieve analysis data of every mineral soil and soil media specified in the plans and used on site.

- Contractor shall take full responsibility for any changes and deviation of approved plans not authorized by the architect/engineer and/or client/owner.

- Details are intended to show end result of design. Any modification to suit field dimension and condition shall be submitted to the engineer for review and approval prior to any work.

- The applicant will retain the services of a professional engineer to inspect the construction and stabilization of all stormwater management structures. If necessary, the inspecting engineer will interpret the pond's construction plan for the contractor. Once all stormwater management structures are constructed and stabilized, the inspecting engineer will notify the department in writing within 30 days to state that the pond has been completed. Accompanying the engineer's notification must be a log of the engineer's inspections giving the date of each inspection, the time of each inspection, and the items inspected on each visit, and include any testing data or sieve analysis data of every mineral soil and soil media specified in the plans and used on site.

- Contractor shall take full responsibility for any changes and deviation of approved plans not authorized by the architect/engineer and/or client/owner.

- Details are intended to show end result of design. Any modification to suit field dimension and condition shall be submitted to the engineer for review and approval prior to any work.

- The applicant will retain the services of a professional engineer to inspect the construction and stabilization of all stormwater management structures. If necessary, the inspecting engineer will interpret the pond's construction plan for the contractor. Once all stormwater management structures are constructed and stabilized, the inspecting engineer will notify the department in writing within 30 days to state that the pond has been completed. Accompanying the engineer's notification must be a log of the engineer's inspections giving the date of each inspection, the time of each inspection, and the items inspected on each visit, and include any testing data or sieve analysis data of every mineral soil and soil media specified in the plans and used on site.

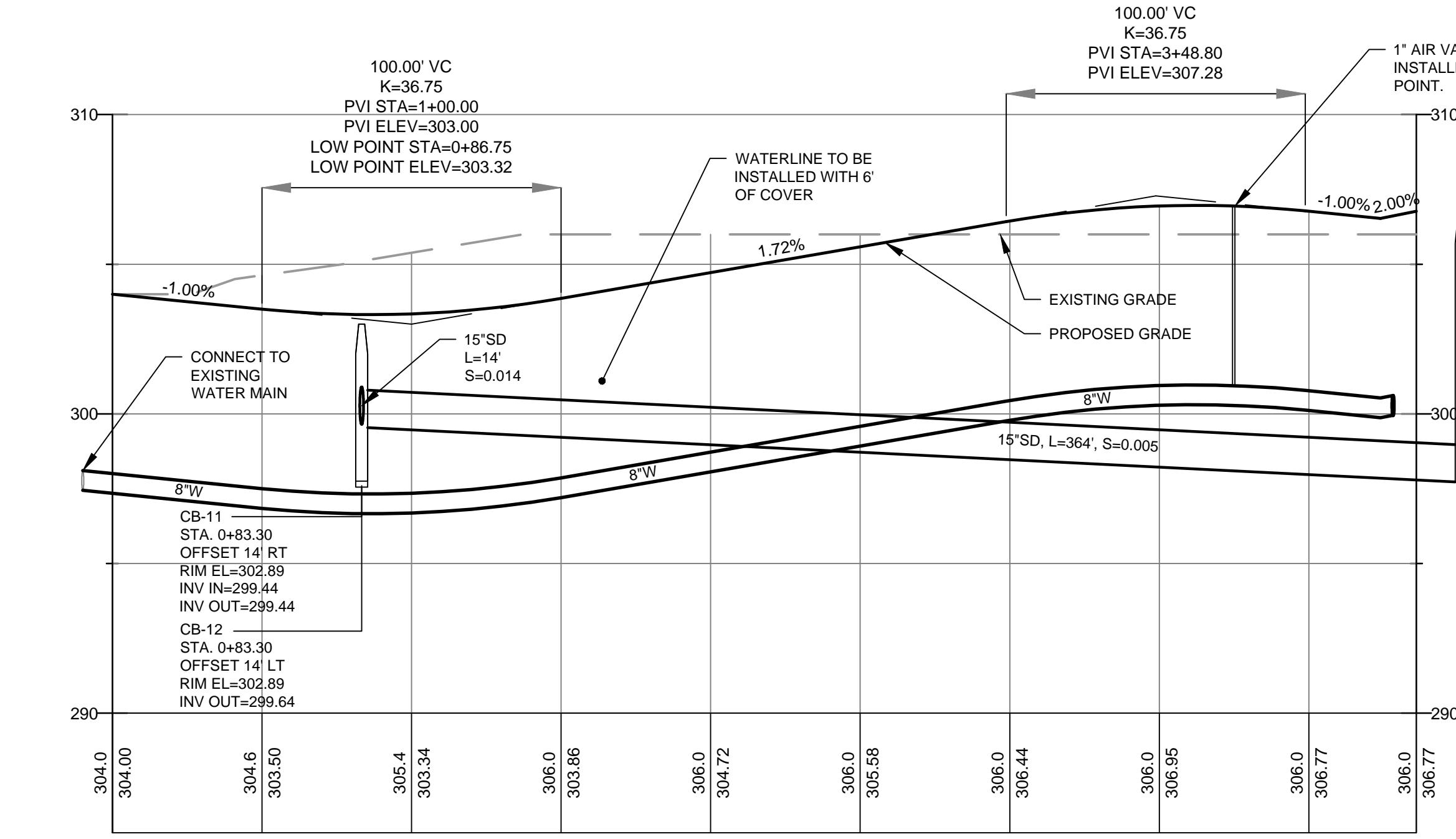
- Contractor shall take full responsibility for any changes and deviation of approved plans not authorized by the architect/engineer and/or client/owner.

- Details are intended to show end result of design. Any modification to suit field dimension and condition shall be submitted to the engineer for review and approval prior to any work.

- The applicant will retain the services of a professional engineer to inspect the construction and stabilization of all stormwater management structures. If necessary, the inspecting engineer will interpret the pond's construction plan for the contractor. Once all stormwater management structures are constructed and stabilized, the inspecting engineer will notify the department in writing within 30 days to state that the pond has been completed. Accompanying the engineer's notification must be a log of the engineer's inspections giving the date of each inspection, the time of each inspection, and the items inspected on each visit, and include any testing data or sieve analysis data of every mineral soil and soil media specified in the plans and used on site.

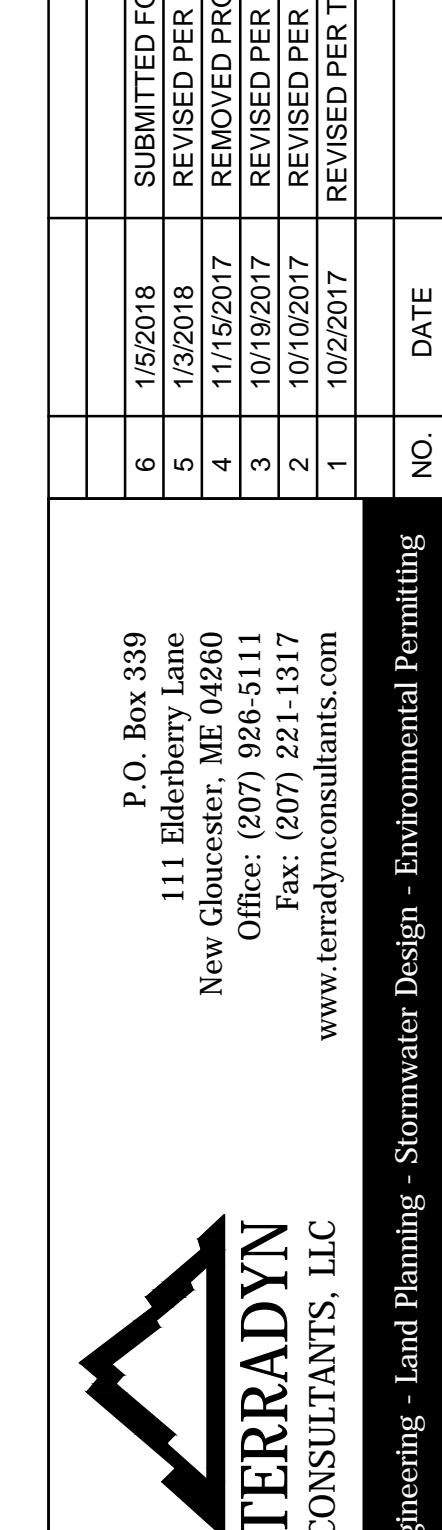
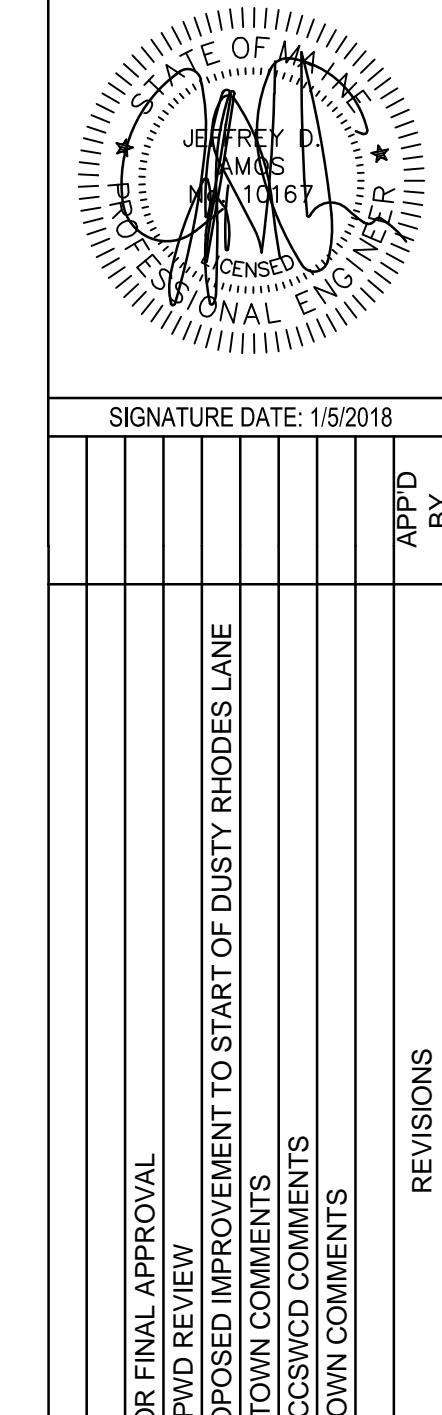
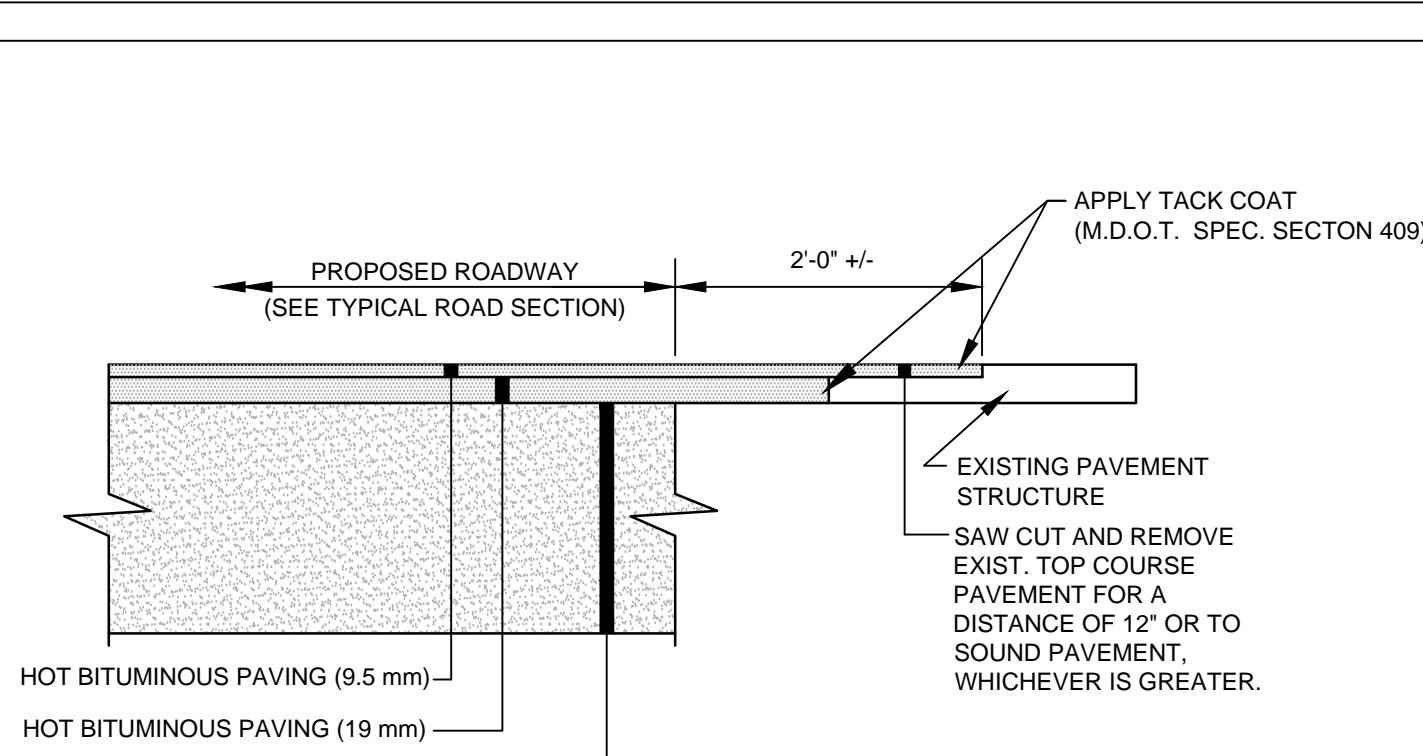
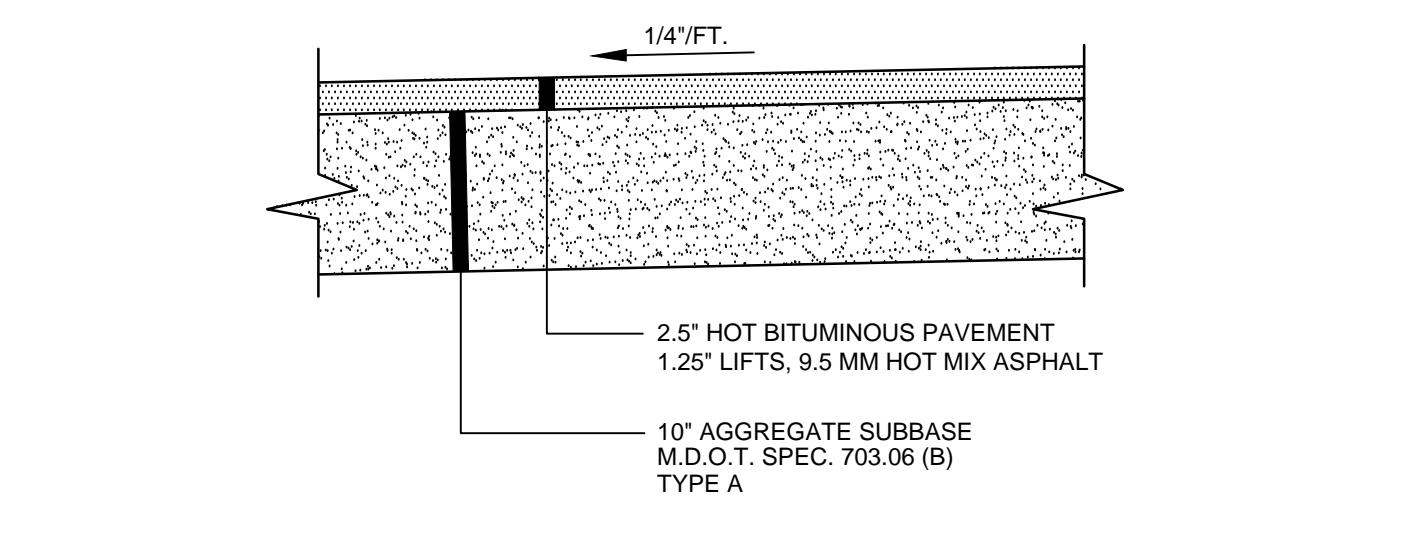
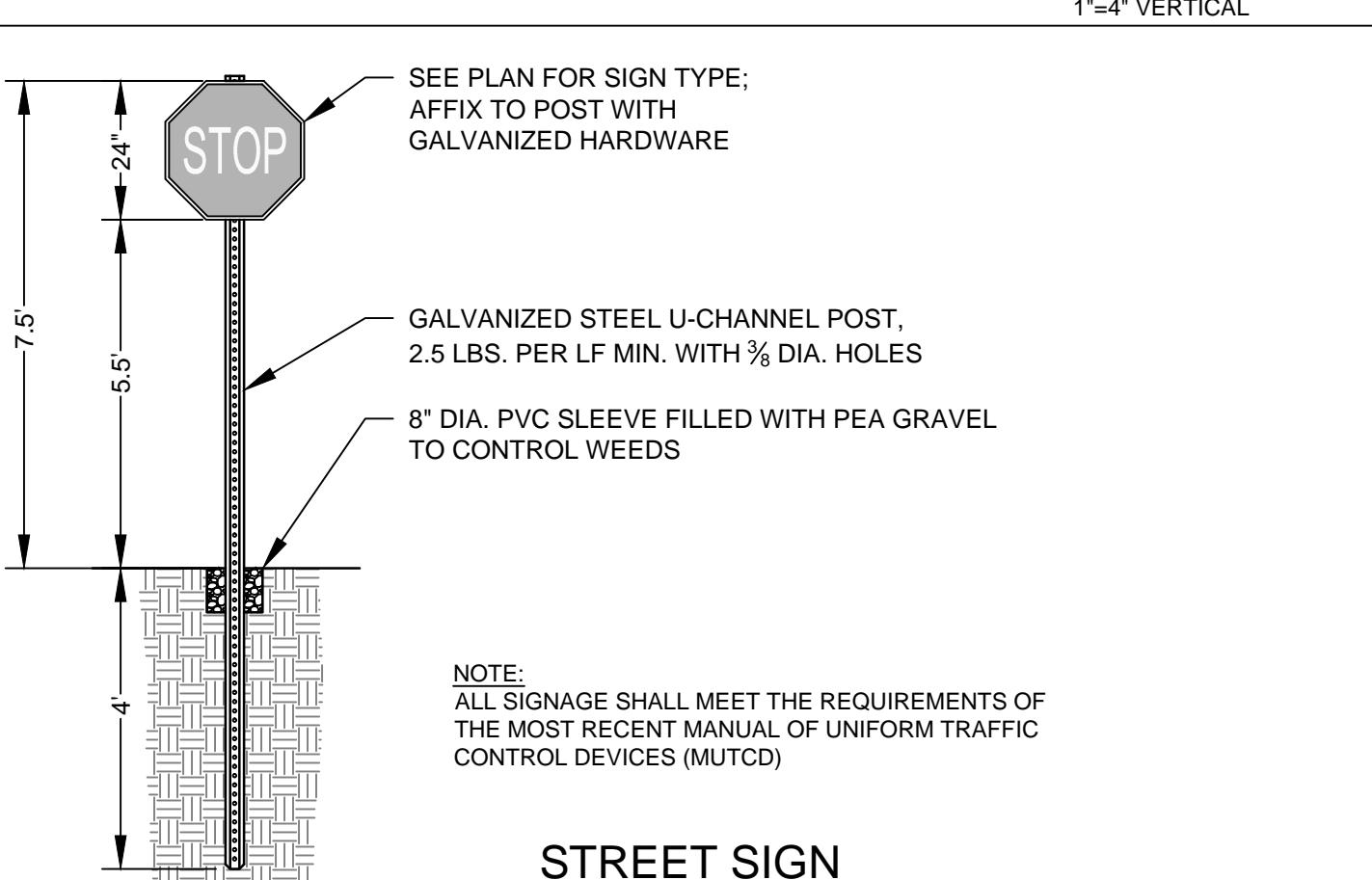
- Contractor shall take full responsibility for any changes and deviation of approved plans not authorized by the architect/engineer and/or client/owner.

- Details are intended to show end result of design. Any modification to suit field dimension and condition shall be submitted to the engineer for review and approval prior to any work.



#### PROFILE OF ACORN LANE EXTENSION

SCALE: 1'=40' HORIZONTAL  
1'=4" VERTICAL



## EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

### Pre-Construction Phase

A person who conducts, or causes to be conducted, an activity that involves filling, displacing or exposing soil or other earth materials shall take measures to prevent unreasonable erosion of soil or sediment beyond the project site or into a protected natural resource as defined in 38 mrsa § 480-b. Erosion control measures must be in place before the activity begins. Measures must remain in place and functional until the site is permanently stabilized. Adequate and timely temporary and permanent stabilization measures must be taken. The site must be maintained to prevent unreasonable erosion and sedimentation. Minimize disturbed areas and protect natural downgradient buffer areas to the extent practicable.

### BMP Construction Phase

A. Sediment barriers. Prior to the beginning of any construction, properly install sediment barriers at the edge of any downgradient disturbed area and adjacent to any drainage channels within the proposed disturbed area. Maintain the sediment barriers until the disturbed area is permanently stabilized.

B. Construction entrance. Prior to any clearing or grubbing, a construction entrance shall be constructed at the intersection with the proposed access drive and the existing roadway to avoid tracking of mud, dust and debris from the site.

C. Riprap. Since riprap is used where erosion potential is high, construction must be sequenced so that the riprap is put in place with the minimum delay. Disturbance of areas where riprap is to be placed should be undertaken only when final preparation and placement of the riprap can follow immediately behind the initial disturbance. Where riprap is used for outlet protection, the riprap should be placed before or in conjunction with the construction of the pipe or channel so that it is in place when the pipe or channel begins to operate. Maintain temporary riprap, such as temporary check dams until the disturbed area is permanently stabilized.

D. Temporary stabilization. Stabilize with temporary seeding, mulch, or other non-erodible cover any exposed soils that will remain unworked for more than 14 days except, stabilize areas within 100 feet of a wetland or waterbody within 7 days or prior to a predicted storm event, whichever comes first. If hay or straw mulch is used, the application rate must be 2 bales (70-90 pounds) per 1000 sf or 1.5 to 2 tons (90-100 bales) per acre to cover 75 to 90% of the ground surface. Hay mulch must be kept moist or anchored to prevent wind blowing. An erosion control blanket or mat shall be used at the base of grassed waterways, steep slopes (15% or greater) and on any disturbed soil within 100 feet of lakes, streams and wetlands. Grading shall be planned so as to minimize the length of time between initial soil exposure and final grading. On large projects this should be accomplished by phasing the operation and completing the first phase up to final grading and seeding before starting the second phase, and so on.

E. Vegetated waterway. Upon final grading, the disturbed areas shall be immediately seeded to permanent vegetation and mulched and will not be used as outlets until a dense, vigorous vegetative cover has been obtained. Once soil is exposed for waterway construction, it should be immediately shaped, graded and stabilized. Vegetated waterways need to be stabilized early during the growing season (prior to September 15). If final seeding of waterways is delayed past September 15, emergency provisions such as sod or riprap may be required to stabilize the channel. Waterways should be fully stabilized prior to directing runoff to them.

### Permanent stabilization defined

A. Seeded areas. For seeded areas, permanent stabilization means an 90% cover of the disturbed area with mature, healthy plants with no evidence of washing or rilling of the topsoil.

B. Sodded areas. For sodded areas, permanent stabilization means the complete binding of the sod roots into the underlying soil with no slumping of the sod or die-off.

C. Permanent mulch. For mulched areas, permanent mulching means total coverage of the exposed area with an approved mulch material. Erosion control mix may be used as mulch for permanent stabilization according to the approved application rates and limitations.

D. Riprap. For areas stabilized with riprap, permanent stabilization means that slopes stabilized with riprap have an appropriate backing of a well-graded gravel or approved geotextile to prevent soil movement from behind the riprap. Stone must be sized appropriately. It is recommended that angular stone be used.

E. Agricultural use. For construction projects on land used for agricultural purposes (e.g., pipelines across crop land), permanent stabilization may be accomplished by returning the disturbed land to agricultural use.

F. Paved areas. For paved areas, permanent stabilization means the placement of the compacted gravel subbase is completed.

G. Ditches, channels, and swales. For open channels, permanent stabilization means the channel is stabilized with mature vegetation at least three inches in height, with well-graded riprap, or with another non-erodic lining capable of withstanding the anticipated flow velocities and flow depths without reliance on check dams to slow flow. There must be no evidence of slumping of the lining, undercutting of the banks, or down-cutting of the channel.

### General Construction Phase

The following erosion control measures shall be followed by the contractor throughout construction of this project:

A. All topsoil shall be collected, stockpiled, seeded with rye at 3 pounds/1,000 sf and mulched, and reused as required. Silt fencing shall be placed down gradient from the stockpiled loam. Stockpile to be located by designation of the owner and inspecting engineer.

B. The inspecting engineer at his/her discretion, may require additional erosion control measures and/or supplemental vegetative provisions to maintain stability of earthworks and finish graded areas. The contractor shall be responsible for providing and installing any supplemental measures as directed by the inspecting engineer. Failure to comply with the engineer's directions will result in discontinuation of construction activities.

C. Erosion control mesh shall be applied in accordance with the plans over all finish seeded areas as specified on the design plans.

D. All graded or disturbed areas including slopes shall be protected during clearing and construction in accordance with the approved erosion and sediment control plan until they are adequately stabilized.

E. All erosion, and sediment control practices and measures shall be constructed, applied and maintained in accordance with the approved erosion and sediment control plan.

F. Areas to be filled shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil to remove trees, vegetation, roots or other objectionable materials.

G. Areas shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 3 inches prior to placement of topsoil.

H. All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related problems. Fill intended to support buildings, structures and conduits, etc., shall be compacted in accordance with local requirements or codes.

I. All fills shall be placed and compacted in layers not to exceed 8 inches in thickness.

J. Except for approved landfills or non-structural fills, fill material shall be free of brush, rubbish, rocks, logs, stumps, building debris and other objectionable materials that would interfere with or prevent construction of satisfactory lifts.

K. Frozen material or soft, mucky or highly compressible materials shall not be incorporated into fill slopes or structural fills.

L. Fill shall not be placed on a frozen foundation.

M. Seeps or springs encountered during construction shall be handled appropriately.

N. All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately following finished grading.

O. Remove any temporary control measures, such as silt fence, within 30 days after permanent stabilization is attained. Remove any accumulated sediments and stabilize.

Permanent vegetation  
Permanent vegetative cover should be established on disturbed areas where permanent, long lived vegetative cover is needed to stabilize the soil, to reduce damages from sediment and runoff, and to enhance the environment.

Seeded preparation  
A. Grade as feasible to permit the use of conventional equipment for seeded preparation, seeding, mulch application and anchoring, and maintenance.

B. Apply limestone and fertilizer according to soil tests such as those offered by the university of maine soil testing laboratory. Soil sample mailers are available from the local cooperative extension service office. If soil testing is not feasible on small or variable sites, or where timing is critical, fertilizer may be applied at the rate of 800 pounds per acre or 18.4 pounds per 1,000 square feet using 10-20-20 (n-p205-k20) or equivalent. Apply ground limestone (equivalent to 50% calcium plus magnesium oxide) at a rate of 3 tons per acre (138 lb. Per 1,000 sq. ft.).

C. Work lime and fertilizer into the soil as nearly as practical to a depth of 4 inches with a disc, spring tooth harrow or other suitable equipment. The final harrowing operation should be on the general contour. Continue tillage until a reasonably uniform, fine seeded is prepared. All but clay or silty soils and coarse sands should be rolled to firm the seedbed wherever feasible. D. Remove from the surface all stones 2 inches or larger in any dimension. Remove all other debris, such as wire, cable, tree roots, concrete, clods, lumps or other unsuitable material.

E. Inspect seeded just before seeding. If traffic has left the soil compacted, the area must be tilled and firmed as above.

F. Permanent seeding should be made 45 days prior to the first killing frost or as a dormant seeding with mulch after the first killing frost and before snowfall. When crown vetch is seeded in later summer, at least 35% of the seed should be hard seed (uncarried). If seeding cannot be done within the seeding dates, mulch according to the temporary mulching bmp and overwinter stabilization and construction to protect the site and delay seeding until the next recommended seeding period.

G. Following seed bed preparation, swale areas, fill areas and back slopes shall be seeded at a rate of 3 lbs./1,000 s.f. With a mixture of 35% creeping red fescue, 6% red top, 24% kentucky bluegrass, 10% perennial ryegrass, 20% annual ryegrass and 5% white dutch clover.

I. Areas which have been temporarily or permanently seeded shall be mulched immediately following seeding.

J. Areas which cannot be seeded within the growing season shall be mulched for over-winter protection and the area should be seeded at the beginning of the growing season.

Winter construction phase  
If an area is not stabilized with temporary or permanent measures by November 15, then the site must be protected with additional stabilization measures.

A. Permanent stabilization consists of at least 90% vegetation, pavement/gravel base or riprap.

B. Do not expose slopes or levee slopes exposed over the winter or for any other extended time of work suspension unless fully protected with mulch.

C. Apply mulch at twice the standard rate (150 lbs. per 1,000 sf). The mulch must be thick enough such that the ground surface will not be visible and must be anchored.

D. Use mulch and mulch netting or an erosion control mulch blanket or all slopes greater than 8% or other areas exposed to direct wind.

E. Install an erosion control blanket in all drainageways (bottom and sides) with a slope greater than 3%.

F. See the vegetation measures for more information on seeding dates and types.

G. Winter excavation and earthwork shall be completed so that no more than 1 acre of the site is without stabilization at any one time.

H. An area within 100 feet of a protected natural resource must be protected with a double row of sediment barrier.

I. Temporary mulch must be applied within 7 days of soil exposure or prior to any storm event, but after every workday in areas within 100 feet from a protected natural resource.

J. Areas that have been brought to final grade must be permanently mulched that same day.

K. If snowfall is greater than 1 inch (fresh or cumulative), the snow shall be removed from the areas due to be seeded and mulched.

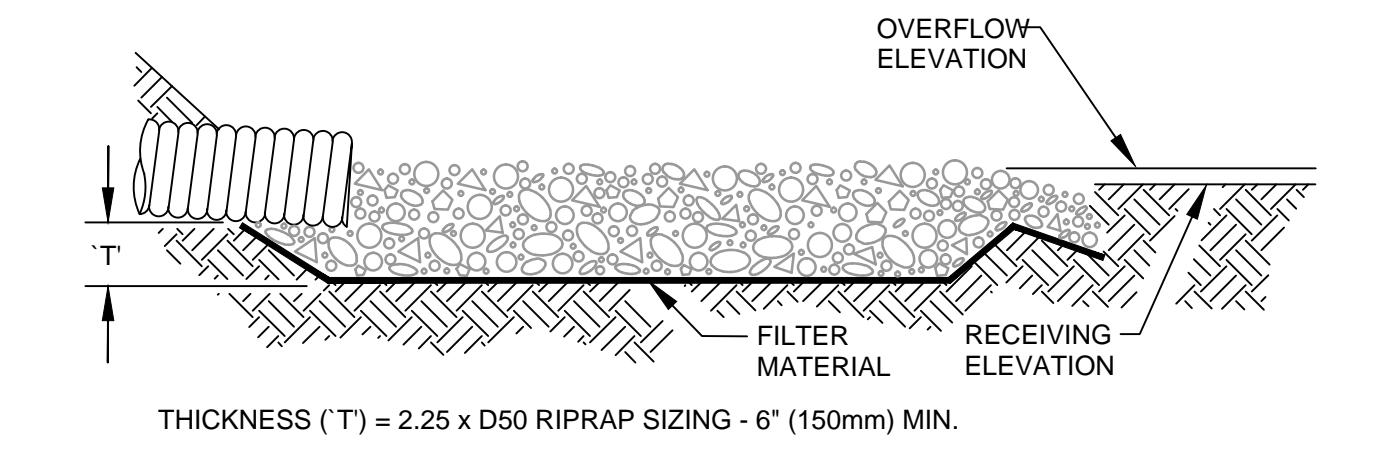
L. Loam shall be free of frozen clumps before it is applied.

M. All vegetated ditch lines that have not been stabilized by November 1, or will be worked during the winter construction period, must be stabilized with an appropriate stone lining backed by an appropriate gravel bed or geotextile unless specifically released from this standard by the department.

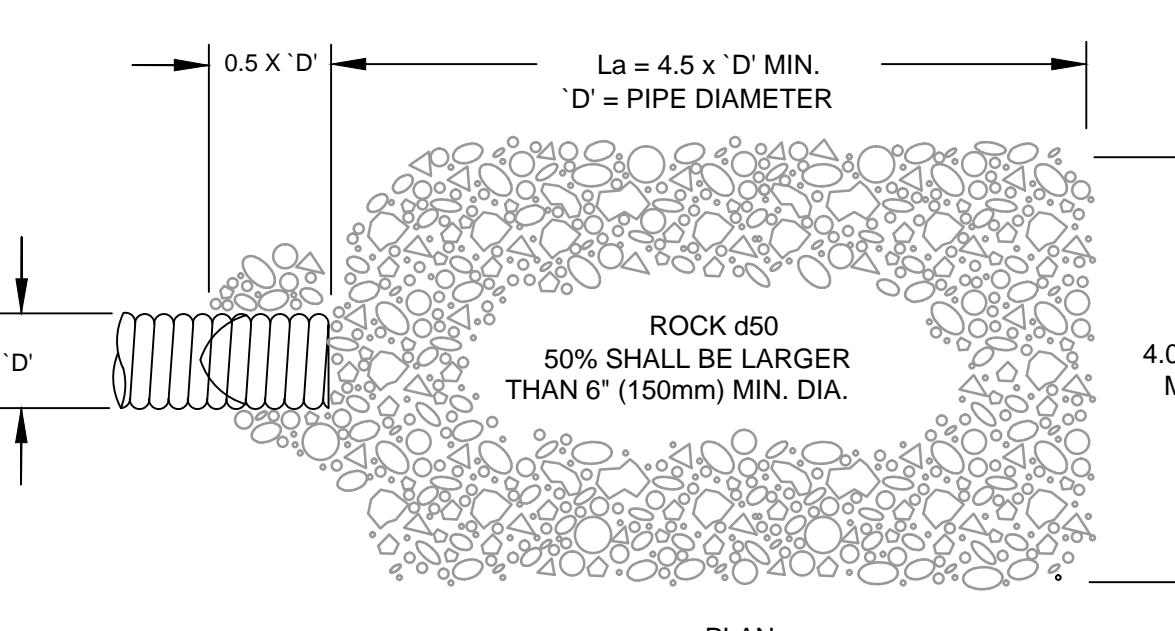
Maintenance and inspection phase

A. Contractor shall inspect disturbed and impervious areas, and erosion and stormwater control measures, areas used for storage that are exposed to precipitation, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the parcel at least once a week and before and after a storm event, prior to completion of permanent stabilization. A person with knowledge of erosion and stormwater must conduct the inspection. This person must be identified in the inspection log. If best management practices (bmps) need to be modified or if additional bmps are necessary, implementation must be completed within 7 calendar days and prior to any storm event (rainfall). All measures must be maintained in effective operating condition until areas are permanently stabilized.

B. A log (report) must be kept summarizing the scope of the inspection, name(s) and qualifications of the personnel making the inspection, the date(s) of the inspection, and major observations relating to operation of erosion and sedimentation controls and pollution prevention measures. Major observations must include: bmps that need to be maintained; location(s) of bmps that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate for a particular location; and location(s) where additional bmps are needed that did not exist at the time of inspection. Follow-up to correct deficiencies or enhance controls must also be indicated in the log and dated, including what action was taken and when.



SECTION



PLAN

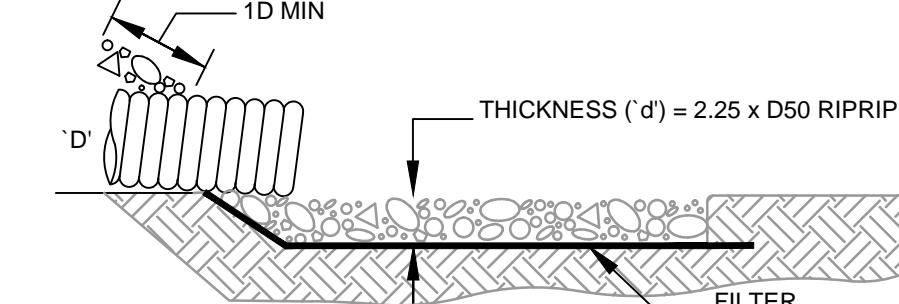
PIPE OUTLET PROTECTION SIZING TABLE

PIPE SIZE (IN)	RIP RAP SIZING (D50)	LENGTH (FT)	WIDTH (FT)
6	3	2.5	2.0
12	5	5.0	4.0
15	6	6.25	5.0
18	8	7.5	6.0
24	10	10.0	8.0
30	12	13.0	10.0
36	14	15.0	12.0

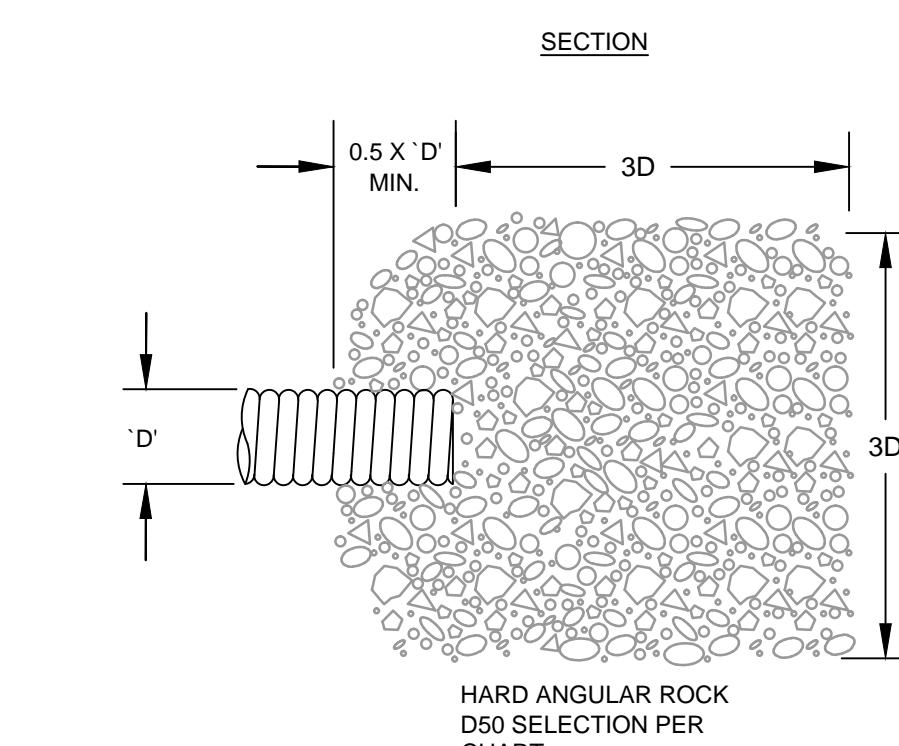
NOTES:  
1. 'La' = LENGTH OF APRON. DISTANCE 'La' SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT LENGTH TO DISSIPATE ENERGY.  
2. APRON SHALL BE SET AT A ZERO GRADE AND ALIGNED STRAIGHT.  
3. FILTER MATERIAL SHALL BE FILTER FABRIC (MIRAFI 600X OR APPROVED EQUAL) OR 6" (150mm) THICK MINIMUM GRADED GRAVEL LAYER.

PIPE OUTLET PROTECTION

NOT TO SCALE



SECTION



PLAN

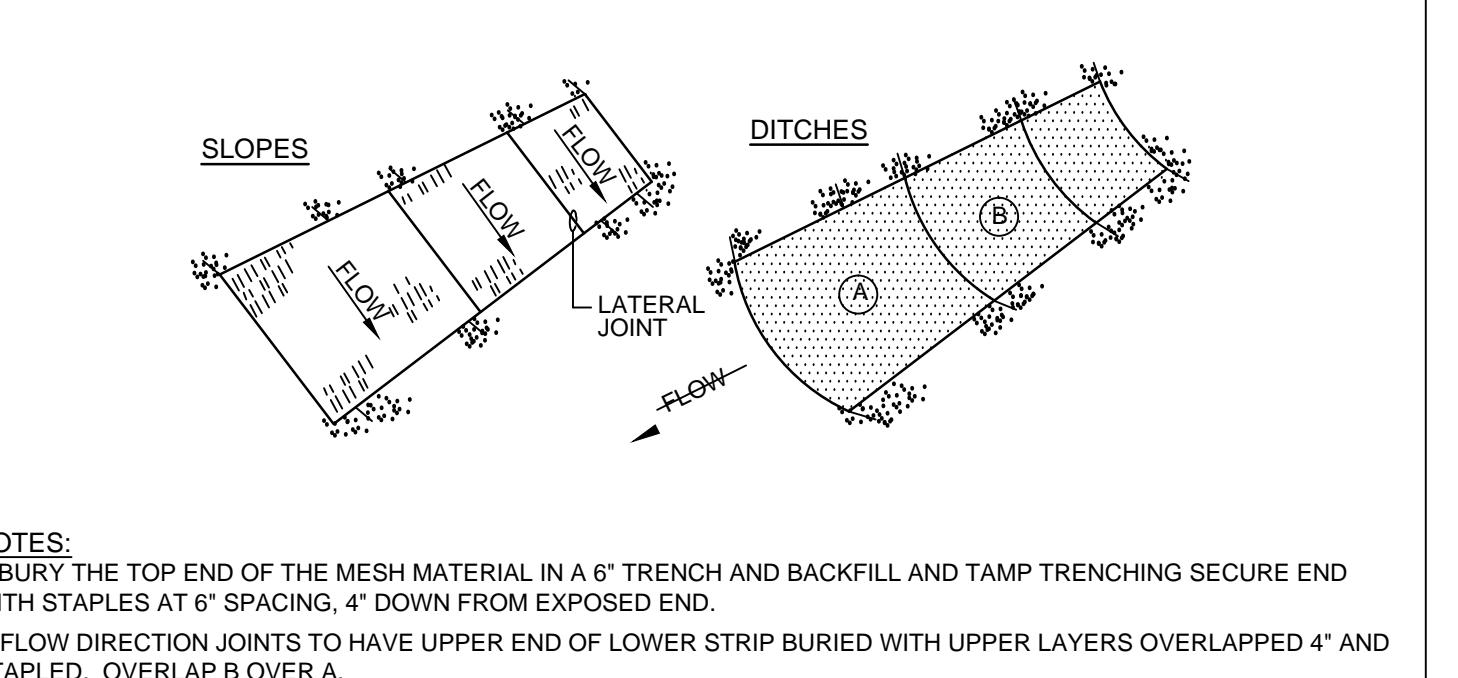
PIPE INLET PROTECTION SIZING TABLE

PIPE SIZE (IN)	RIP RAP SIZING (D50)	LENGTH (FT)	WIDTH (FT)
6	3	2.0	1.5
12	5	3.5	2.0
15	6	4.5	3.75
18	8	5.25	4.5
24	10	7.0	6.0
30	12	8.75	7.5
36	14	10.5	9.0

NOTES:  
1. IN DEFINED CHANNELS, APRON SHALL EXTEND FULL WIDTH OF BOTTOM AND ONE FOOT ABOVE MAX. HEADWATER OR UP TO BANK FULL, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

PIPE INLET PROTECTION

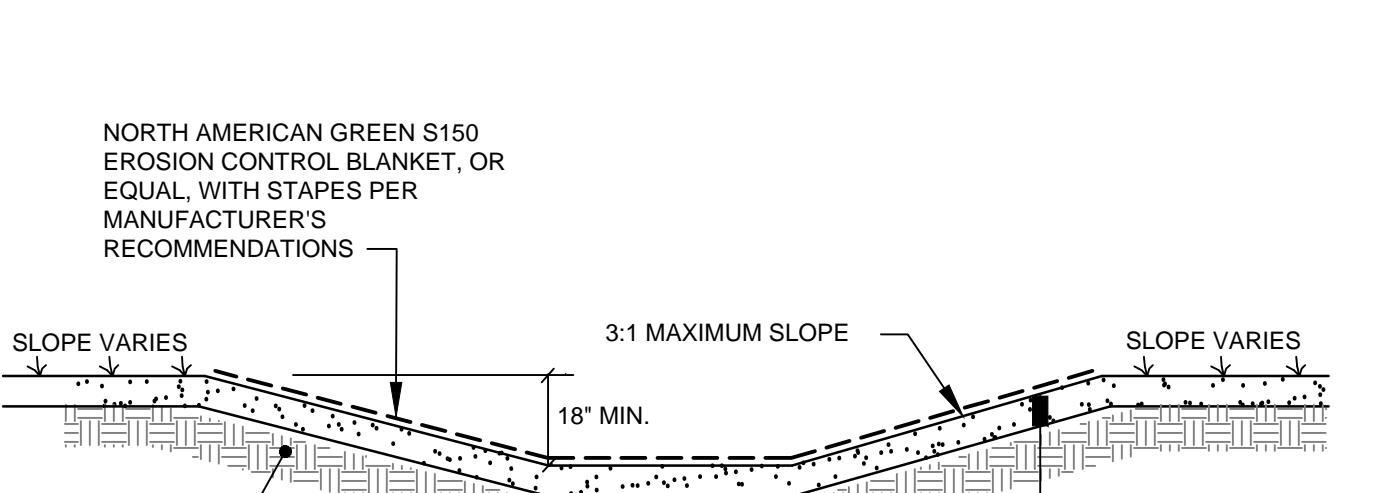
NOT TO SCALE



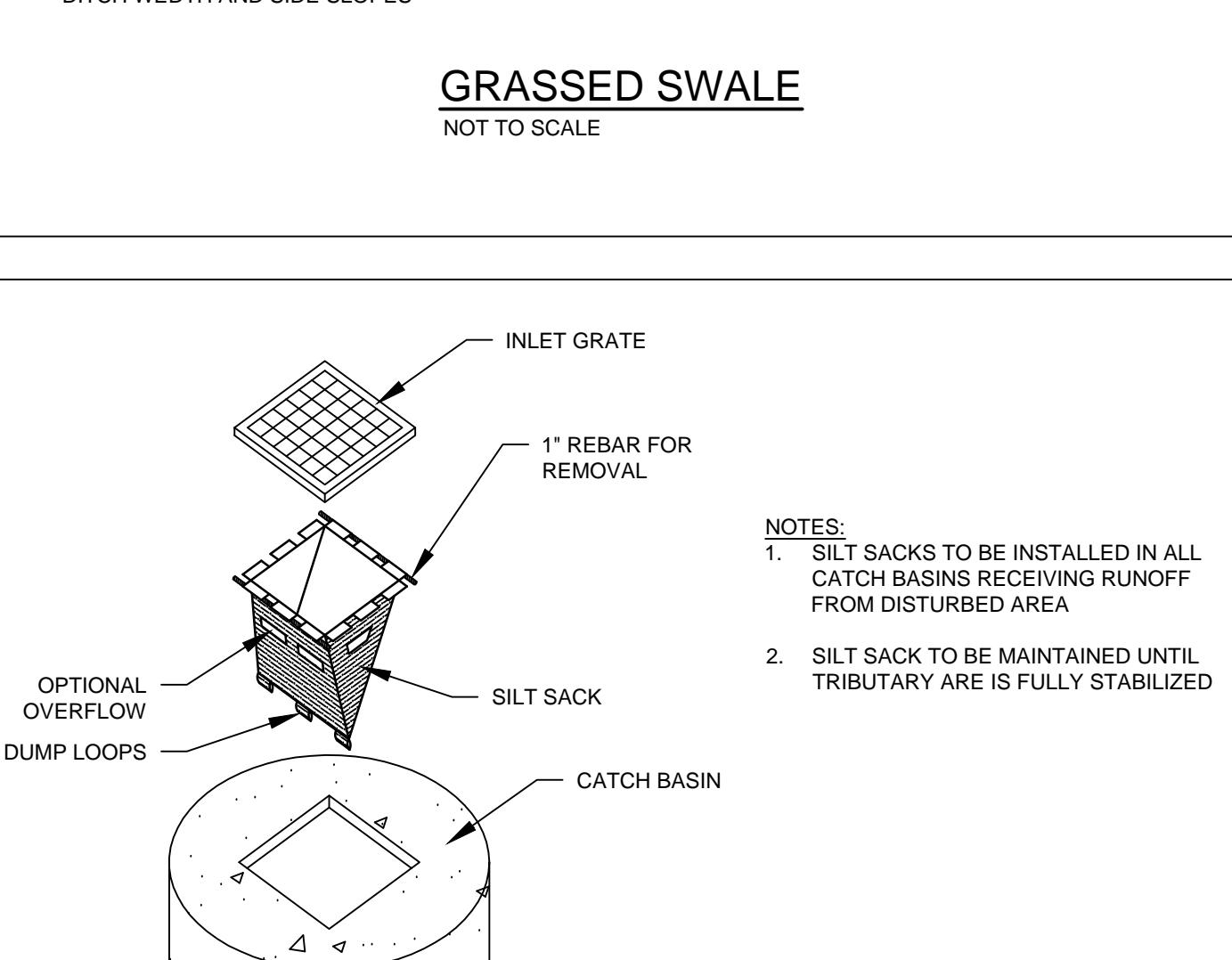
NOTES:  
1. BURY THE TOP END OF THE MESH MATERIAL IN A 6' TRENCH AND BACKFILL AND TAMP TRENCHING SECURE END WITH STAPLES AT 6" SPACING, 4" DOWN FROM EXPOSED END.  
2. FLOW DIRECTION JOINTS TO HAVE UPPER END OF LOWER STRIP BURIED WITH UPPER LAYERS OVERLAPPED 4" AND STAPLED. OVERLAP 2' OVER.  
3. LATERAL JOINTS TO HAVE 4' OVERLAP OF STRIPS. STAPLE 18" ON CENTER.  
4. STAPLE OUTSIDE LATERAL EDGE 2' ON CENTER.  
5. WIRE STAPLES TO BE MIN. OF #11 WIRE, 6" LONG & 1-1/2" WIDE.  
6. USE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN DS 150 (OR APPROVED EQUAL) ON SLOPES BETWEEN 4:1-2:1. USE NORTH AMERICAN GREEN VMAX SC250 PERMANENT TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT (OR APPROVED EQUAL) ON SLOPES 2:1 AND STEEPER.

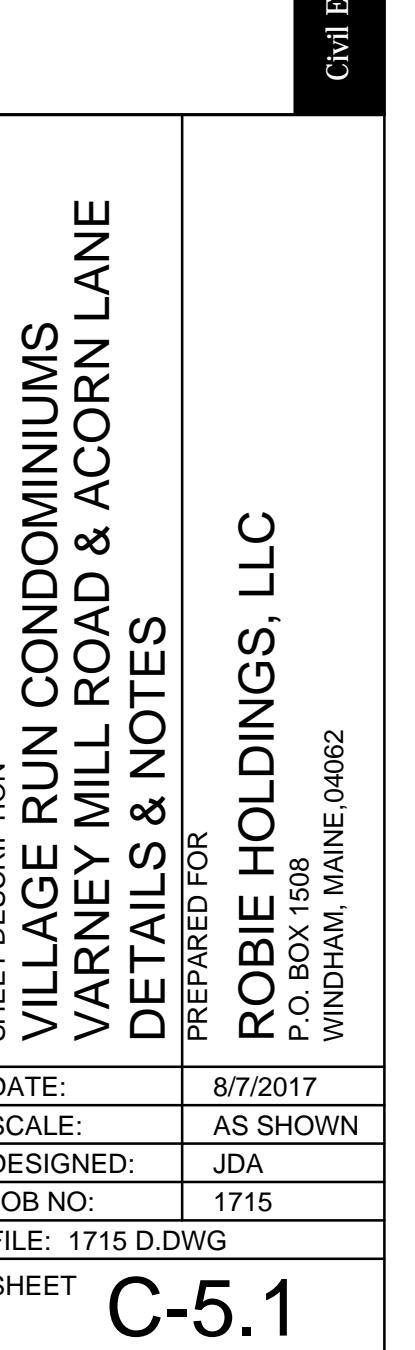
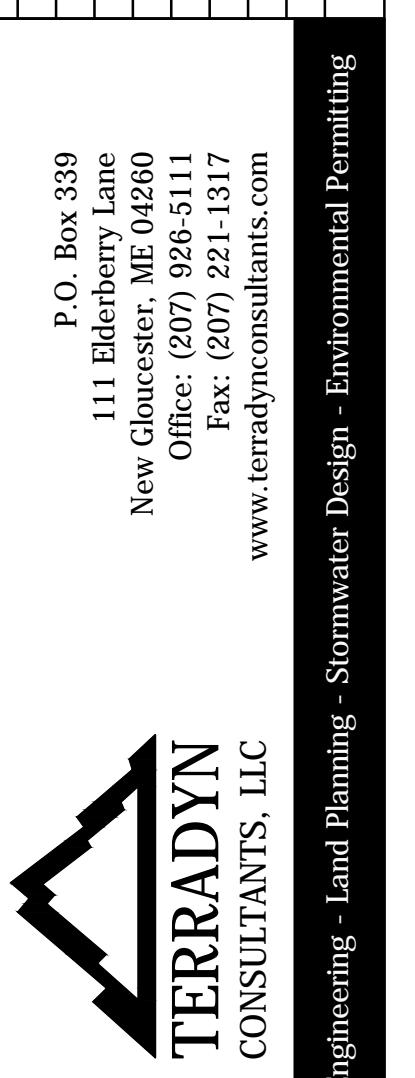
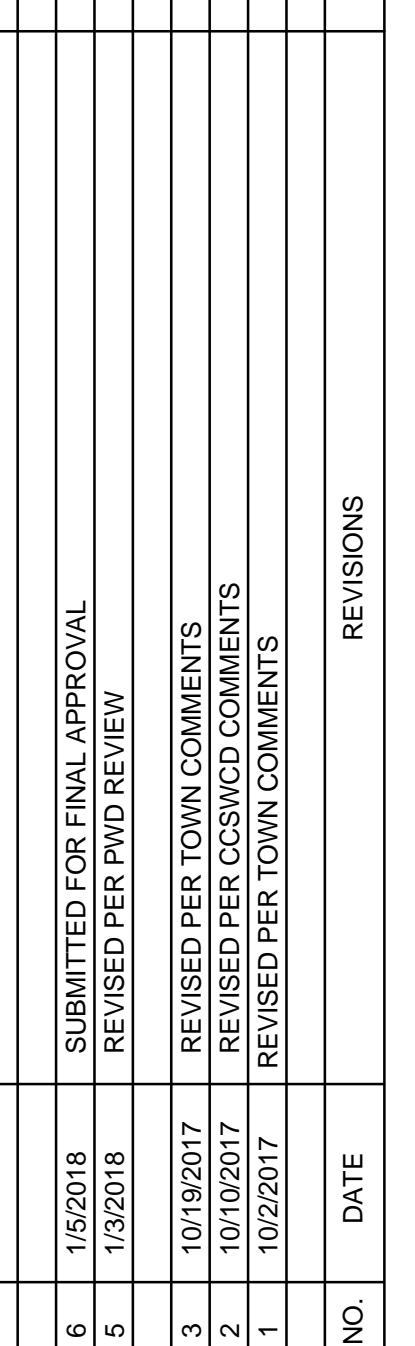
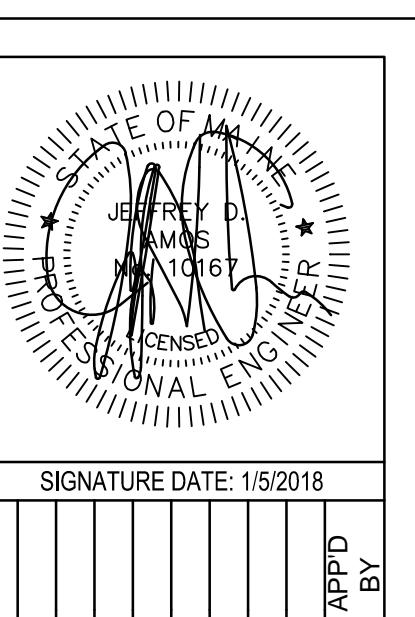
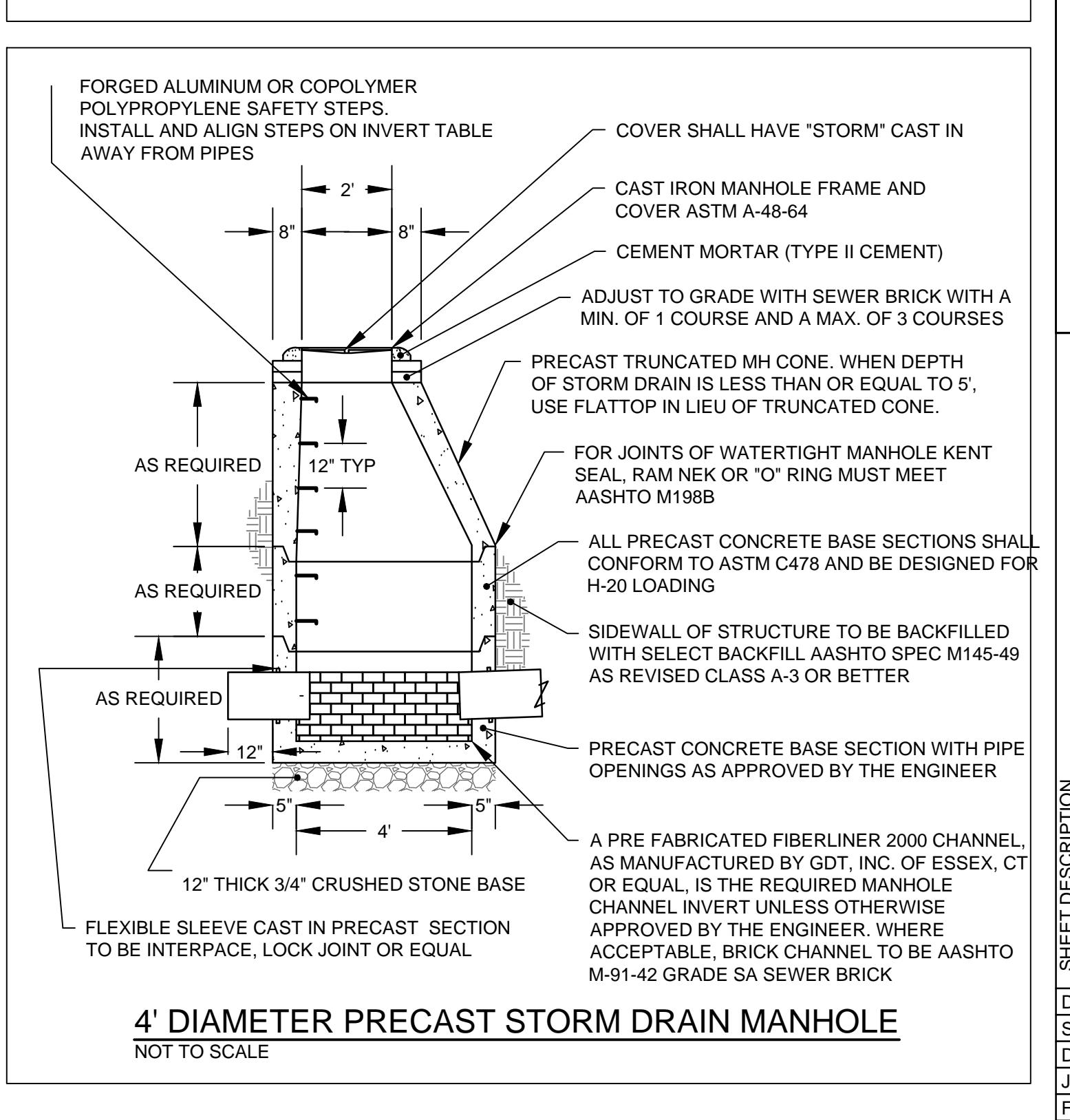
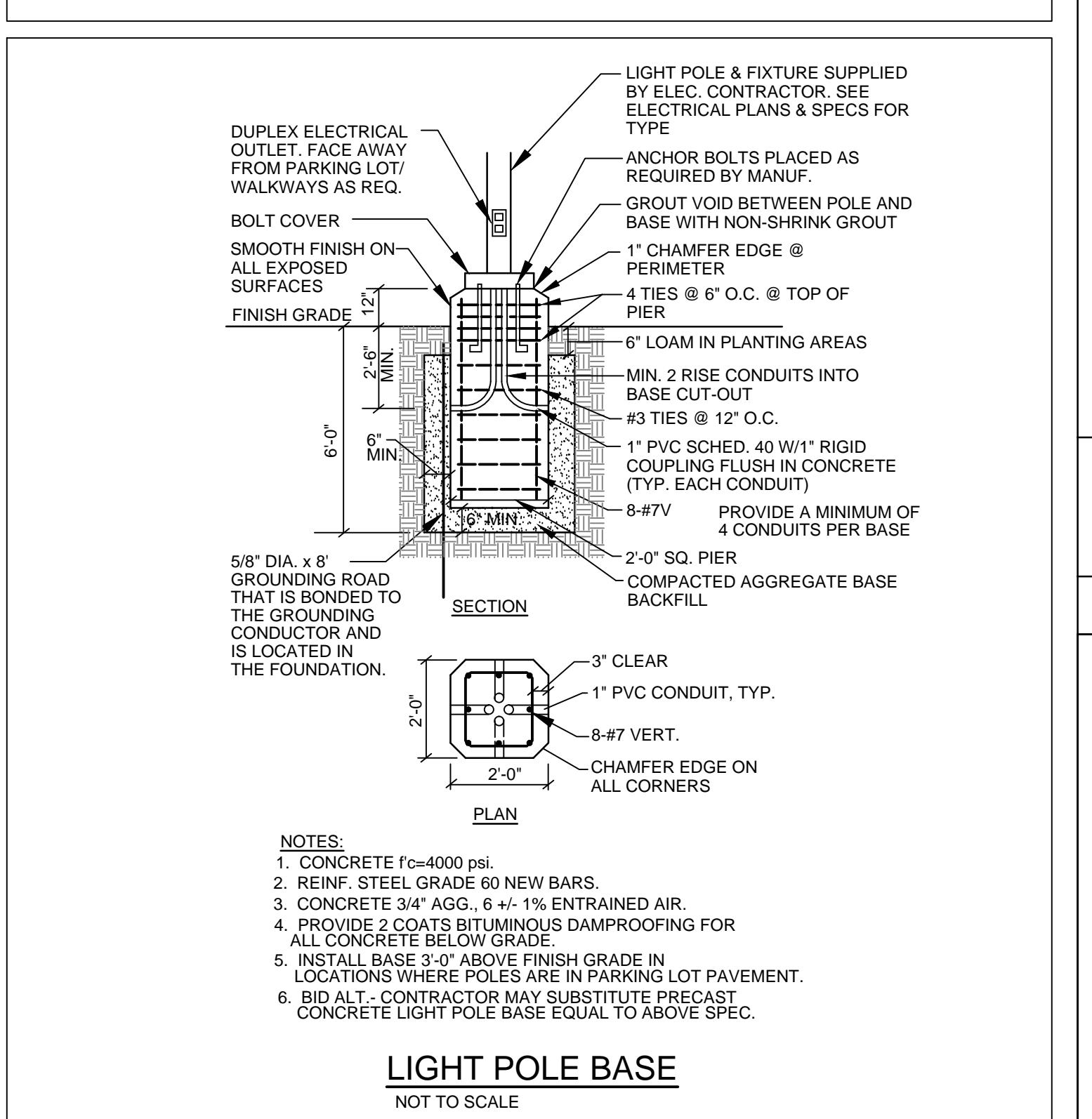
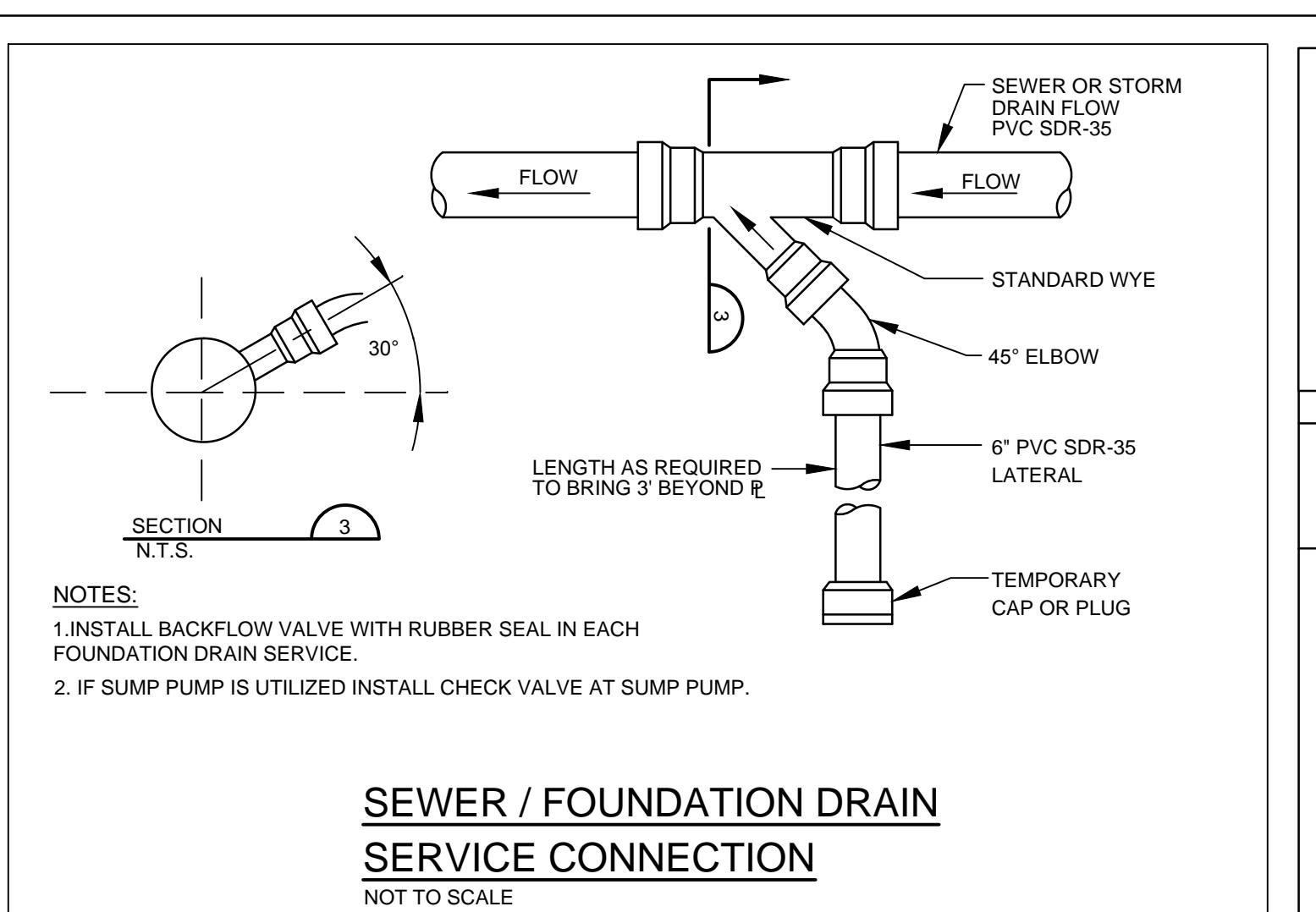
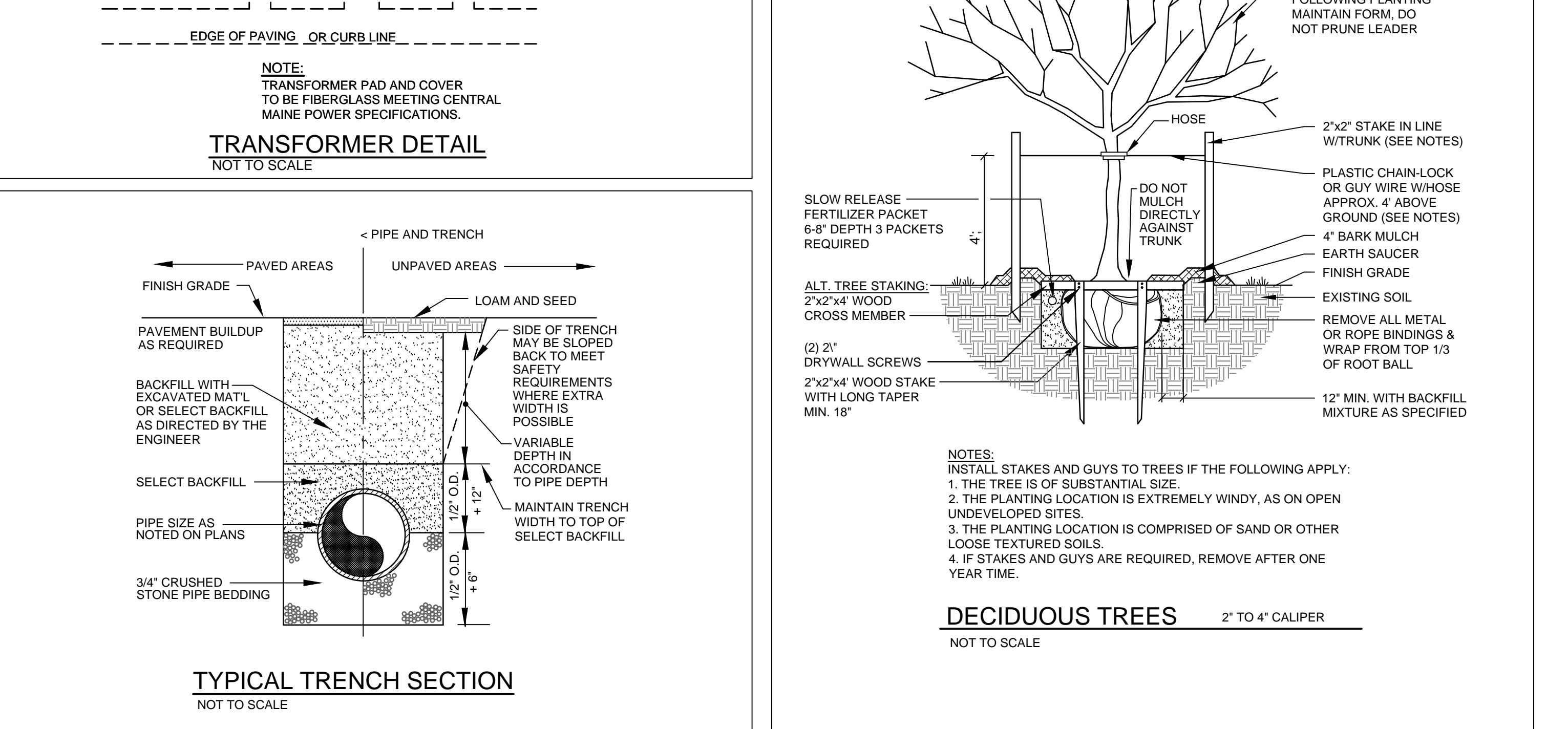
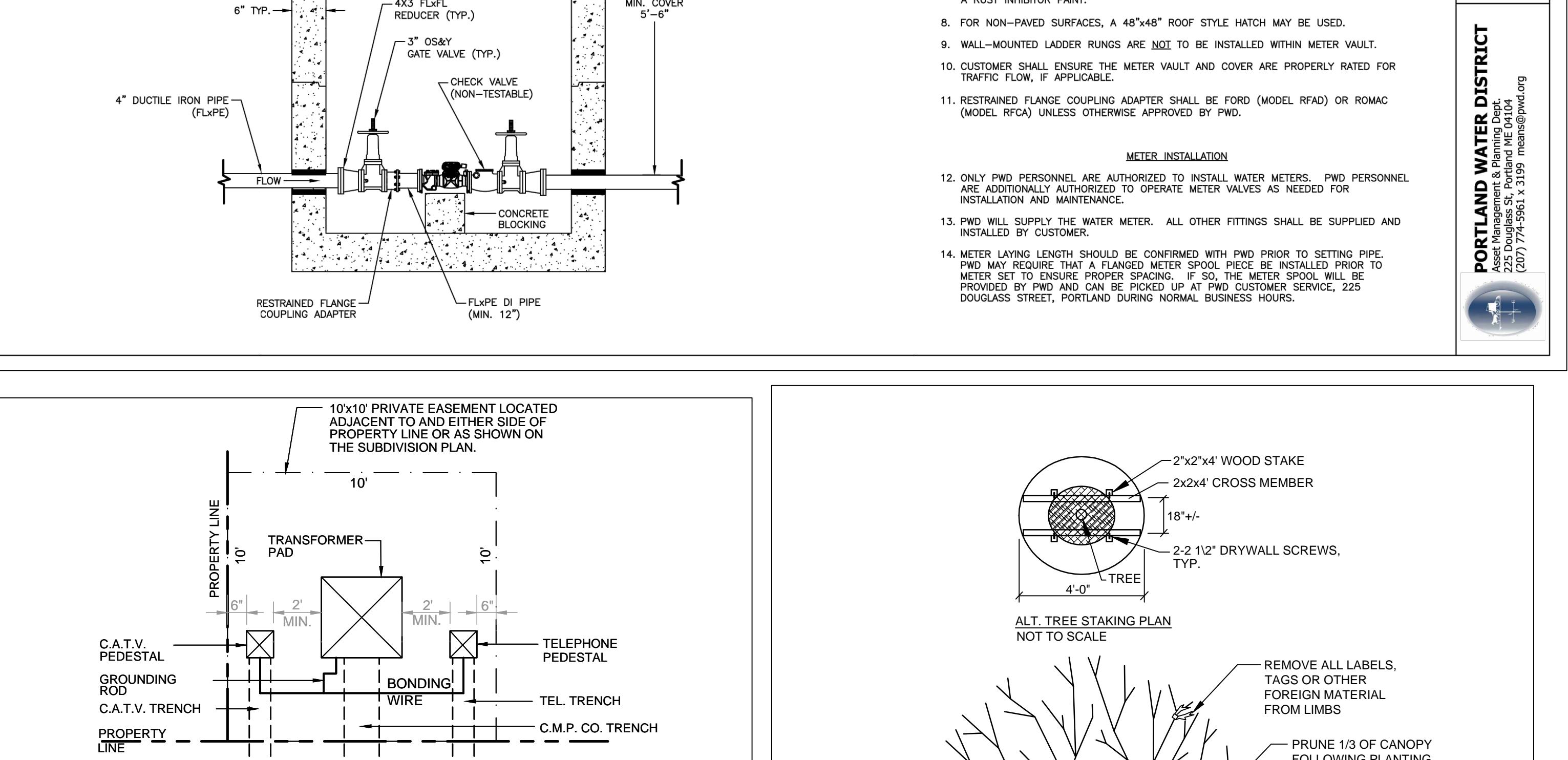
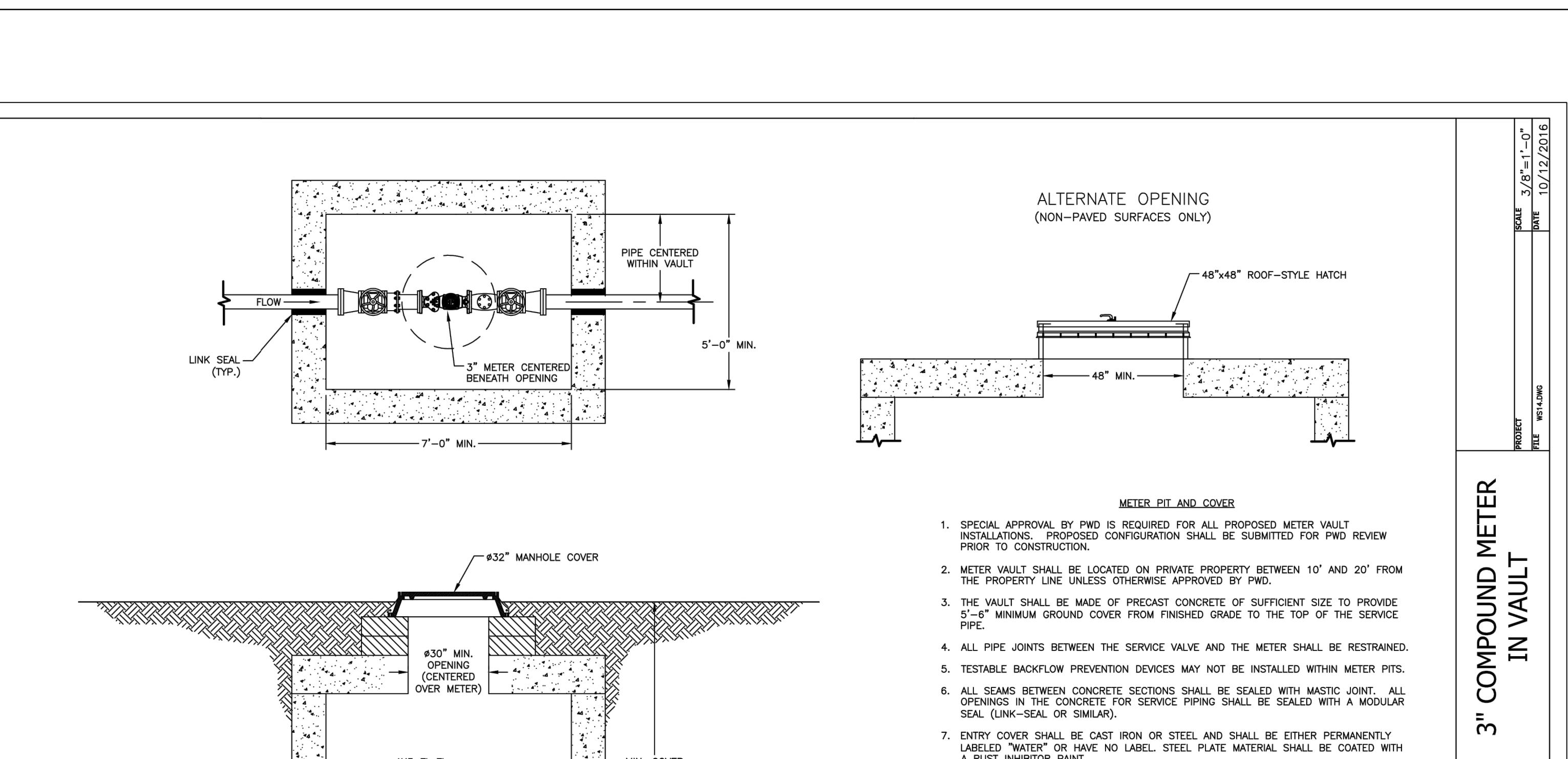
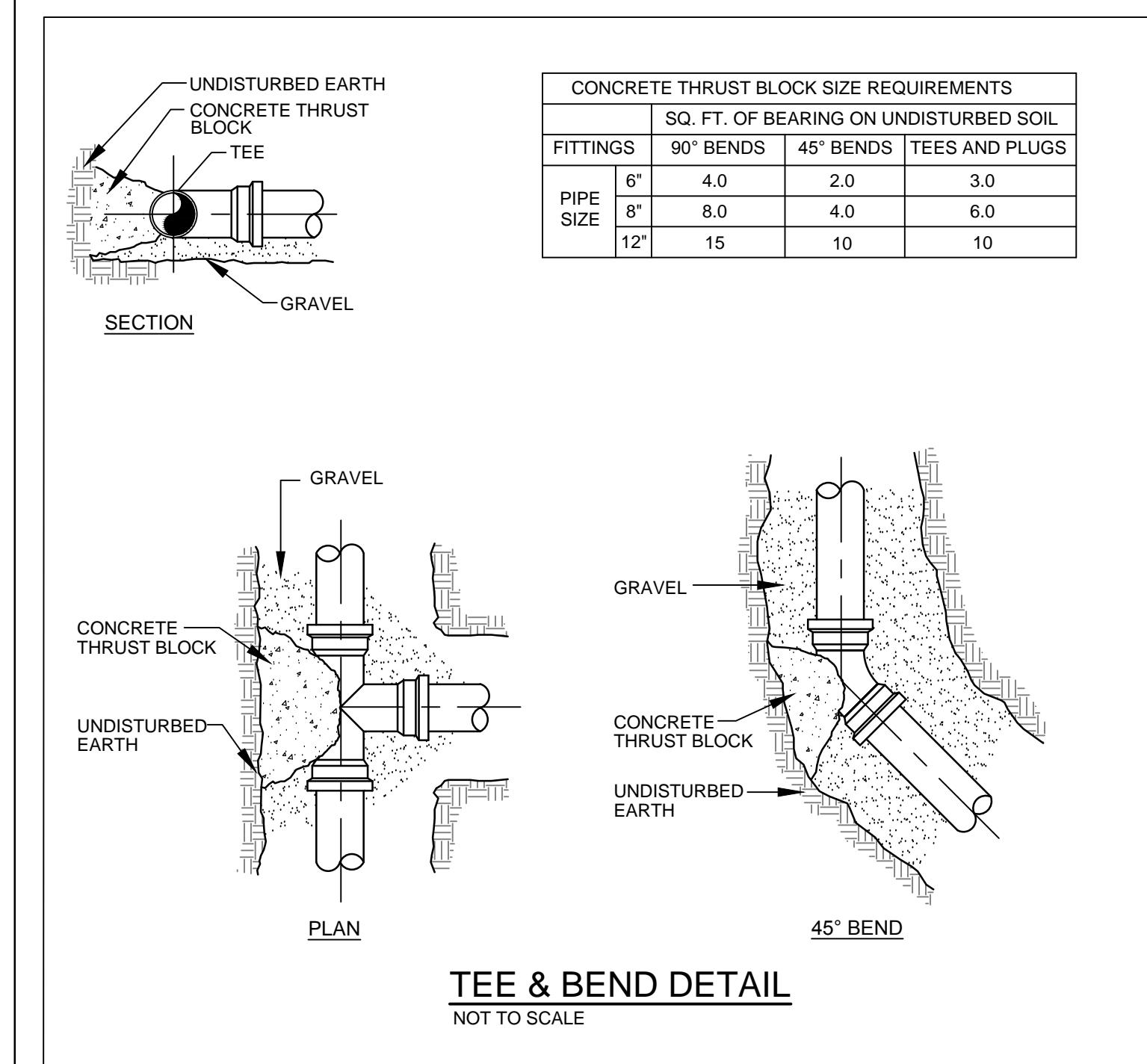
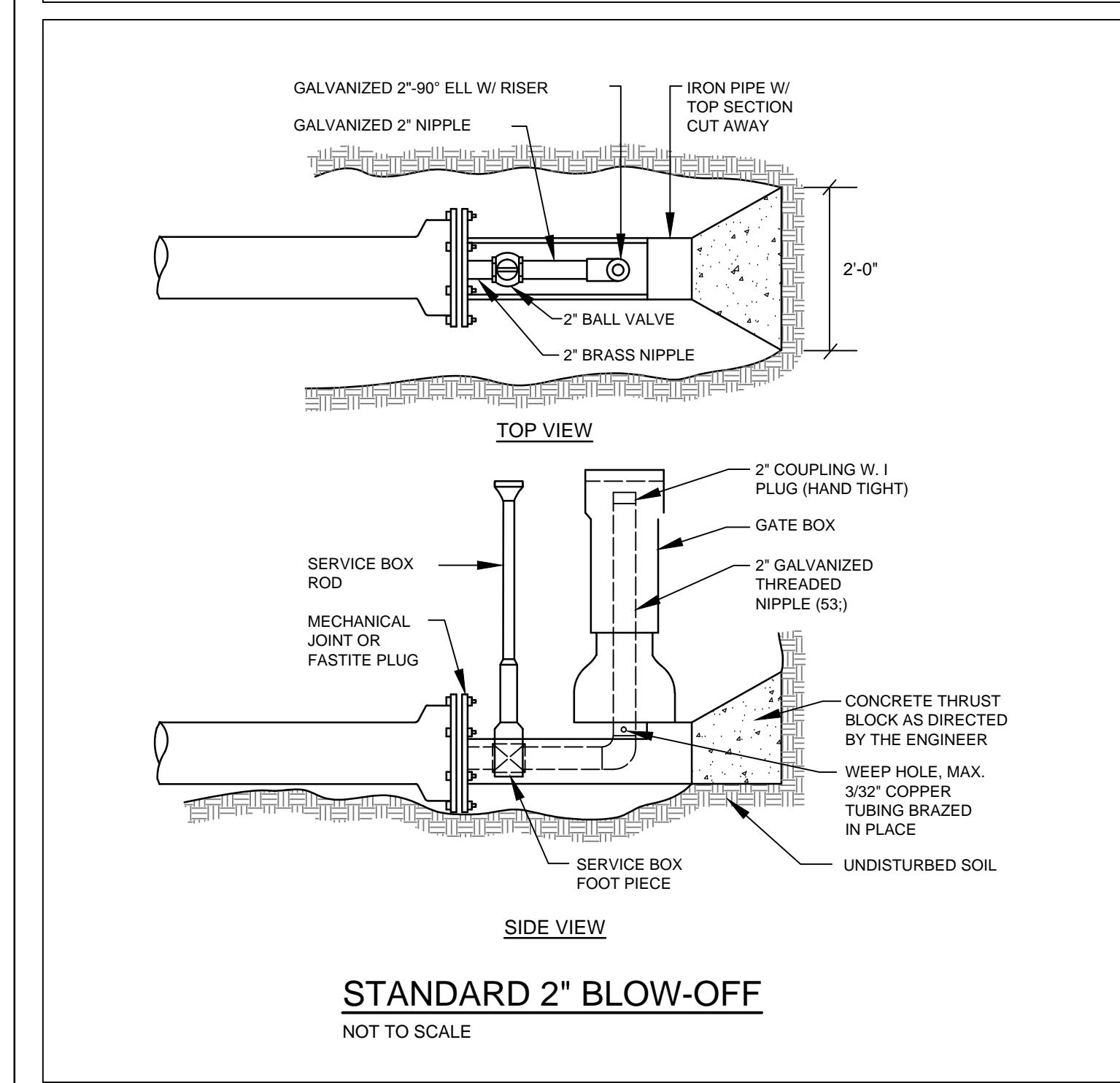
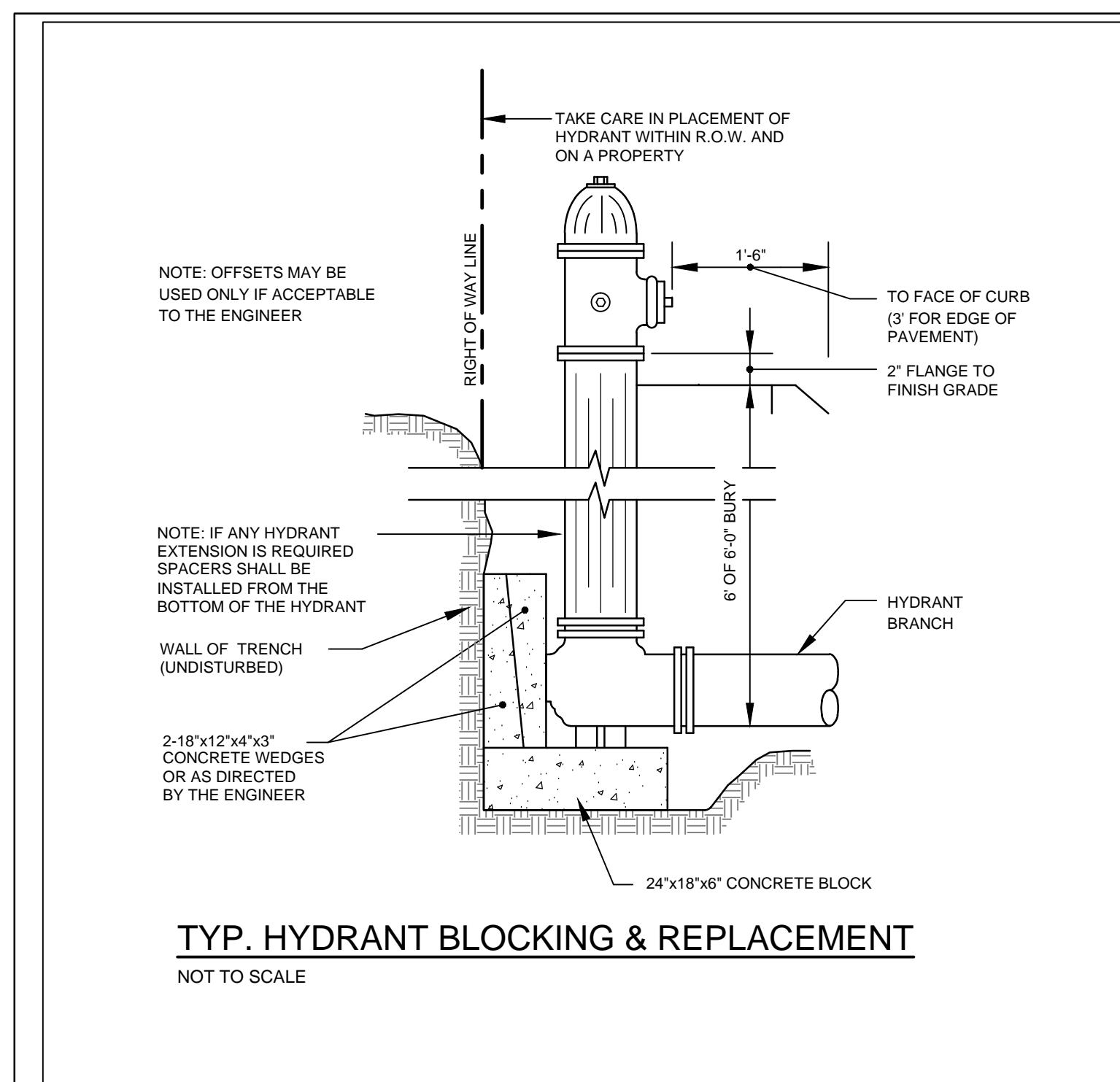
EROSION CONTROL BLANKET

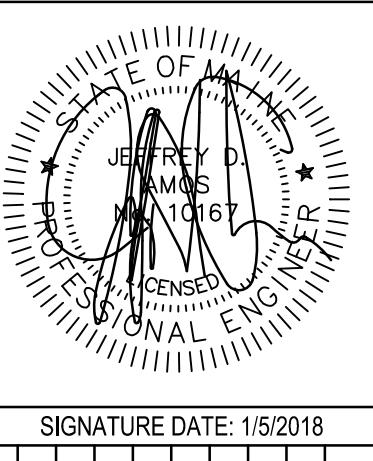
NOT TO SCALE



NOT TO SCALE







SIGNATURE DATE: 1/5/2018

