# SHARED MAINTENANCE FACILITY

# WINDHAM, MAINE

# MARCH 2018

PROJECT PARCEL SITE
WINDHAM ASSESSOR'S
MAP & LOT NUMBERS

28

<u>Applicant:</u>

TOWN OF WINDHAM 8 SCHOOL ROAD WINDHAM, ME 04062



VICINITY MAP

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**C-1** 

LOCATION MAP

# **LEGEND**

EXISTING	DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED
	BUILDING	
	RIGHT OF WAY	
	PROPERTY LINE	
	BUILDING SETBACK	
	ZONE LINE	
	WETLAND BOUNDARY	
	GUIDE RAIL	
	EDGE OF PAVEMENT	
	EDGE OF GRAVEL DRIVE	
100	GRADING CONTOUR LINE	100
X 226.4	SPOT ELEVATION	<u>+ 100.31</u>
~~~~~	TREELINE	~~~~~~
	TREES & HEDGES	(x) $(x)$
<b>\$</b>	POLE WITH LIGHT FIXTURE(S)	•—□
0	UTILITY POLE	<b>#</b>
	FREESTANDING SIGN	-
$\longrightarrow$	PAINTED DIRECTIONAL TRAFFIC ARROW	$\longrightarrow$
—— ОЕ ——	OVERHEAD ELECTRIC/TELEPHONE	OHE/T
—— UE ——	UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC/TELEPHONE	UGE/T
w	WATER LINE	8"W
D	STORM DRAIN LINE	8"SD
	CULVERT	8"CULVERT
**	HYDRANT	•
₩ ⊠	WATER GATE VALVE	<b>———</b>
	WATER SHUT OFF VALVE	———⊗——
	MANHOLE	•
	CATCH BASIN	•
	TEST PIT	
0	IRON ROD (SET)	
	IRON ROD (FOUND)	
	MONUMENT	•
	RIPRAP	
	SILT FENCE - PERIMETER	-
	STONE SEDIMENT BARRIER	$\bigcirc$
xx	FENCE	
	WELL	_
	TEST PIT	<b>T</b> P108
	BORING	<b>⊕</b> <sub>B107</sub>

# GENERAL NOTES

## **GENERAL NOTES**

1. TOPOGRAPHIC DATA AND EXISTING CONDITIONS WERE PREPARED BY TITCOMB ASSOCIATES OF FALMOUTH, MAINE IN JUNE OF 2016.

2. THE CONTRACTOR IS SPECIFICALLY CAUTIONED THAT THE LOCATION AND/OR THE ELEVATION OF THE EXISTING UTILITIES AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS IS BASED ON RECORDS OF THE VARIOUS UTILITY COMPANIES AND WHERE POSSIBLE MEASUREMENTS TAKEN IN THE FIELD. THIS INFORMATION IS NOT TO BE RELIED ON AS BEING EXACT OR COMPLETE. THE CONTRACTOR MUST CALL THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY AND DIG SAFE AT LEAST 72 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION TO REQUEST EXACT FIELD LOCATION OF UTILITIES. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO RELOCATE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES WHICH CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

3. MAINTENANCE OF EROSION CONTROL MEASURES IS OF PARAMOUNT IMPORTANCE TO THE OWNER AND THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLYING WITH ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHOWN ON THE PLANS. ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY ON-SITE INSPECTIONS OF THE OWNER, THE TOWN OF WINDHAM OR THEIR REPRESENTATIVES AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER.

4. ALL MATERIAL SCHEDULES SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE HIS OWN MATERIAL SCHEDULES BASED UPON HIS PLAN REVIEW. ALL SCHEDULES SHALL BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO ORDERING MATERIALS OR PERFORMING WORK.

5. ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS SHALL CONFORM TO MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SPECIFICATIONS AND TOWN OF WINDHAM SPECIFICATIONS.

6. WETLANDS ON THIS PLAN WERE DELINEATED AND GPS LOCATED BY TRC OF SCARBOROUGH, MAINE IN AUGUST 2017.

### PERMITTING NOTES

1. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF A SITE PLAN APPROVAL FROM THE TOWN OF WINDHAM, AS WELL AS AN NRPA PERMIT BY RULE FOR ACTIVITIES ADJACENT TO A PROTECTED NATURAL RESOURCE, AND AN MDEP SITE LOCATION OF DEVELOPMENT PERMIT WHICH WILL BE MADE A PART OF THE CONTRACT BID DOCUMENTS. THE CONSTRUCTION WILL BE GOVERNED BY THE TOWN OF WINDHAM ZONING ORDINANCE WHICH IS AVAILABLE FOR VIEWING AT THE OFFICE OF THE ENGINEER OR THE MUNICIPAL OFFICE.

2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REVIEW THE ABOVE REFERENCED PERMITS PRIOR TO SUBMITTING A BID FOR THIS PROJECT, AND INCLUDE COSTS AS NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH THE CONDITIONS OF THESE PERMITS.

### LAYOUT NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONING, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE, IS TO THE FACE OF

2. OFFSETS TO CATCH BASINS AND MANHOLES ARE TO THE CENTER OF THE FRAME.

3. PIPE LENGTH EQUALS THE CENTER TO CENTER DISTANCES BETWEEN CATCH BASINS AND/OR MANHOLES MINUS ONE-HALF OF THE DIAMETER OF EACH CATCH BASIN

4. PROPERTY LINE AND R.O.W. MONUMENTS SHALL NOT BE DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION. IF DISTURBED, THEY SHALL BE RESET TO THEIR ORIGINAL LOCATIONS AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE, BY A MAINE LICENSED LAND

5. PROPOSED RIGHT OF WAY MONUMENTS AND PROPERTY LINE PINS SHALL BE INSTALLED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A MAINE LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR.

### UTILITY NOTES

1. ALL WATER UTILITY MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION METHODS SHALL CONFORM TO PORTLAND WATER DISTRICT STANDARDS. ALL WATER DISTRIBUTION PIPING SHALL BE CLASS 52 DUCTILE IRON PIPE, DOUBLE CEMENT LINED AND BITUMINOUS COATED CONFORMING TO AWWA/ANSI C104/A21.4. DISINFECTION OF WATER LINES SHALL CONFORM TO AWWA STANDARD C651, LATEST REVISION.

2. THE LOCATION OF THE PROPOSED UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL SERVICE IS APPROXIMATE AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE EXACT LOCATION WITH CENTRAL MAINE POWER COMPANY.

3. THRUST BLOCKS OR LOCKING RETAINER GLANDS SHALL BE PLACED ON THE WATER DISTRIBUTION LINES AT ALL BENDS, TEES, FIRE HYDRANTS, VALVES, CHANGES IN DIRECTION, ETC. THE THRUST BLOCKS OR LOCKING RETAINER GLANDS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PORTLAND WATER DISTRICT STANDARDS.

4. TEST PITS AT ALL UTILITY CROSSINGS SHALL BE COMPLETED TWO WEEKS IN ADVANCE OF THE START OF CONSTRUCTION OR ORDERING OF MATERIALS. TEST PIT INFORMATION SHALL BE PROMPTLY PROVIDED TO ENGINEER FOR REVIEW.

### GRADING AND DRAINAGE NOTES

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL STORM DRAIN PIPE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MDOT SPECIFICATIONS SECTION 603-- PIPE CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS, LATEST REVISION WITH THE EXCEPTION THAT THE ONLY ACCEPTABLE TYPES OF PIPE ARE AS FOLLOWS:

> REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE, CLASS III POLYVINYL-CHLORIDE (PVC) PIPE SMOOTH BORE POLYETHYLENE - ADS OR HANCOR

2. TOPSOIL STRIPPED IN AREAS OF CONSTRUCTION THAT IS SUITABLE FOR REUSE AS LOAM SHALL BE STOCKPILED ON SITE AT A LOCATION TO BE DESIGNATED BY THE OWNER. UNSUITABLE SOIL SHALL BE SEPARATED, REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF AT AN APPROVED DISPOSAL LOCATION OFF SITE.

3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ANTICIPATE THAT GROUNDWATER WILL BE ENCOUNTERED DURING CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL INCLUDE SUFFICIENT COSTS WITHIN THEIR BID TO PROVIDE DEWATERING AS NECESSARY. NO SEPARATE PAYMENT SHALL BE MADE TO THE CONTRACTOR FOR DEWATERING.

### **EROSION CONTROL NOTES**

1. LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN A MANNER AND SEQUENCE THAT CAUSES THE LEAST PRACTICAL DISTURBANCE OF THE

2. PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CLEARING/LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL THE PERIMETER SILT FENCES AND THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.

3. ALL GROUND AREAS DISTURBED FOR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE GRADED, LOAMED AND SEEDED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. PERMANENT SEED MIXTURE SHALL CONFORM TO THE SEEDING PLAN CONTAINED IN THE EROSION CONTROL REPORT PREPARED FOR THIS PROJECT.

4. PRIOR TO PAVING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FLUSH SILT FROM ALL STORM DRAIN LINES.

5. ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS & OUTLETS ARE TO RECEIVE RIPRAP PROTECTION APRONS DURING CONSTRUCTION.

6. ALL CATCH BASINS WITH OUTLET PIPES 18" DIAMETER OR LESS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH OUTLET HOOD (SNOUT) PER DETAIL.

7. SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSPECTED, REPAIRED AND CLEANED AS NOTED IN THE EROSION CONTROL REPORT.

8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR AND ADD STONE TO THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS IT BECOMES SATURATED WITH MUD TO ENSURE THAT IT WORKS AS PLANNED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

9. SILT REMOVED FROM AROUND INLETS AND BEHIND THE SILT FENCES SHALL BE PLACED ON A TOPSOIL STOCKPILE AND MIXED INTO IT FOR LATER USE IN LANDSCAPING OPERATIONS.

10. A FULL EROSION CONTROL REPORT ACCOMPANIES THIS PLAN SET AND IS CONTAINED ON THE DRAWINGS OF THIS PLAN SET.

11. THE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR THE CATCH BASIN SEDIMENT SUMPS IS AS FOLLOWS: THESE DEVICES SHALL BE INSPECTED IN APRIL AND OCTOBER OF EACH YEAR. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE CATCH BASIN WHEN THE DEPTH OF THE SEDIMENT IS GREATER THAN ONE FOOT. THE SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AND DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

12. THE CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION, EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, AND OTHER PERMIT REQUIREMENTS BASED UPON ANY THIRD PARTY REVIEW (ie MDEP) MAY RESULT IN MONETARY PENALTIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE ASSESSED ALL SUCH PENALTIES AT NO COST TO THE OWNER OR PERMITTEE.

13. ALL NON-PAVED AREAS DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED, UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE OWNER.

14. ALL DISTURBED AREAS ARE TO RECEIVE A MINIMUM OF 4" OF TOPSOIL PRIOR TO PERMANENT SEEDING.

# **UTILITIES**

### WATER:

PORTLAND WATER DISTRICT 225 DOUGLASS STREET PORTLAND, MAINE 04102 (207) 761-8300

CENTRAL MAINE POWER 162 CANCO ROAD PORTLAND, MAINE 04103 (207) 826-2869

### TELEPHONE:

5 DAVIS FARM ROAD PORTLAND, MAINE 04103 (207) 797-1842

TIME WARNER CABLE 118 JOHNSON ROAD PORTLAND, MAINE 04102 (207) 775-3431

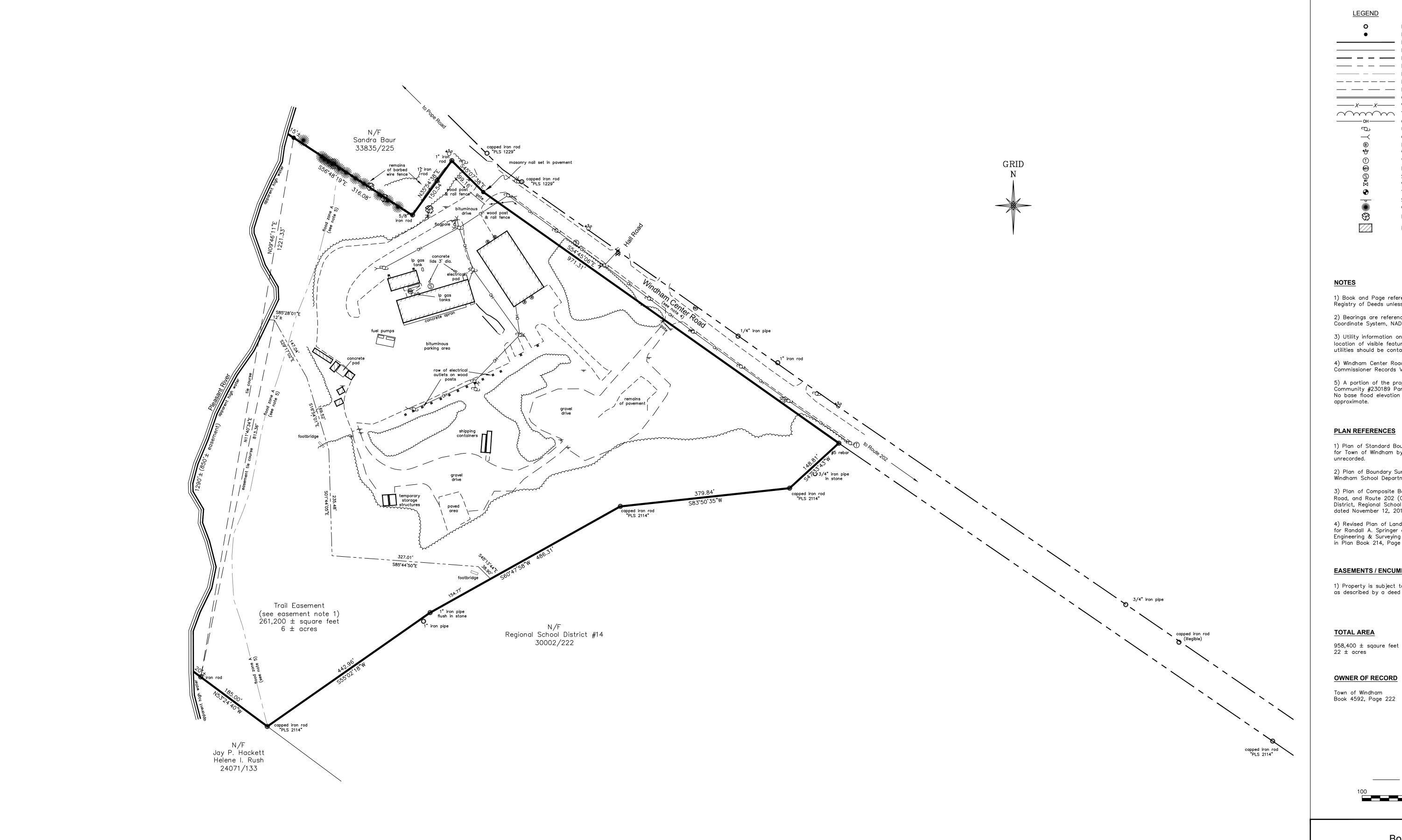
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**4** 

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# **CERTIFICATION**

This survey conforms to the current standards of practice set forth by the Maine State Board of Licensure for Land Surveyors.

0	Iron marker - found
•	Iron marker — set (#5 ret
	Property line (locus)
	Property line (abutter)
	Right of way line
	Easement line
	Flood zone A
	Edge of pavement
	Edge of gravel
	Curb
XX	Wire fence
	Tree line
——— OH ———	Overhead utility line
Q	Utility pole
$\prec$	Guy wire
®	Bollard
♦	Water shutoff
⊕ (3) ⊗ ∑	Telephone manhole
MH	Manhole
<u>©</u>	Sewer manhole
	Water valve
lacktriangle	Test pit / boring
<del>-</del> 0-	Sign
**	Coniferous tree
£ 3	Deciduous tree
	Existing building

1) Book and Page references are to the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds unless otherwise noted.

2) Bearings are referenced to grid north, Maine State Plane Coordinate System, NAD83, West Zone.

3) Utility information on this plan is approximate, based on location of visible features. DigSafe and/or the appropriate utilities should be contacted prior to any construction.

4) Windham Center Road is a 4—rod road as described in County Commissioner Records Volume 2, Page 177.

5) A portion of the property lies within Zone A based on FIRM Community #230189 Panel #0030 B, dated September 2, 1981. No base flood elevation published. Line shown on this plan is

### **PLAN REFERENCES**

1) Plan of Standard Boundary Survey at Windham Center Road for Town of Windham by Survey Inc. dated April, 1993,

2) Plan of Boundary Survey at Windham Center Road for Windham School Department dated October 9, 2001, unrecorded.

3) Plan of Composite Boundary at Windham Center Road, School Road, and Route 202 (Gray Road) for Windham Raymond School District, Regional School Unit No. 14 by Lewis & Wasina, Inc. dated November 12, 2012, unrecorded.

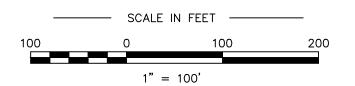
4) Revised Plan of Land at Hall Road and Windham Center Road for Randall A. Springer and Pamela C. Springer by Sawyer Engineering & Surveying Inc. dated December 30, 2013 recorded in Plan Book 214, Page 102.

# EASEMENTS / ENCUMBRANCES

1) Property is subject to a trail easement reserved by RSU #14 as described by a deed recorded in Book 30002, Page 222..

958,400  $\pm$  sqaure feet

# **OWNER OF RECORD**



PLAN OF **Boundary Survey** 

Windham Center Road

MADE FOR

Gorrill Palmer

707 Sable Oaks Drive, Suite 30 South Portland, Maine

BOOK #904 17068\_2.dwg

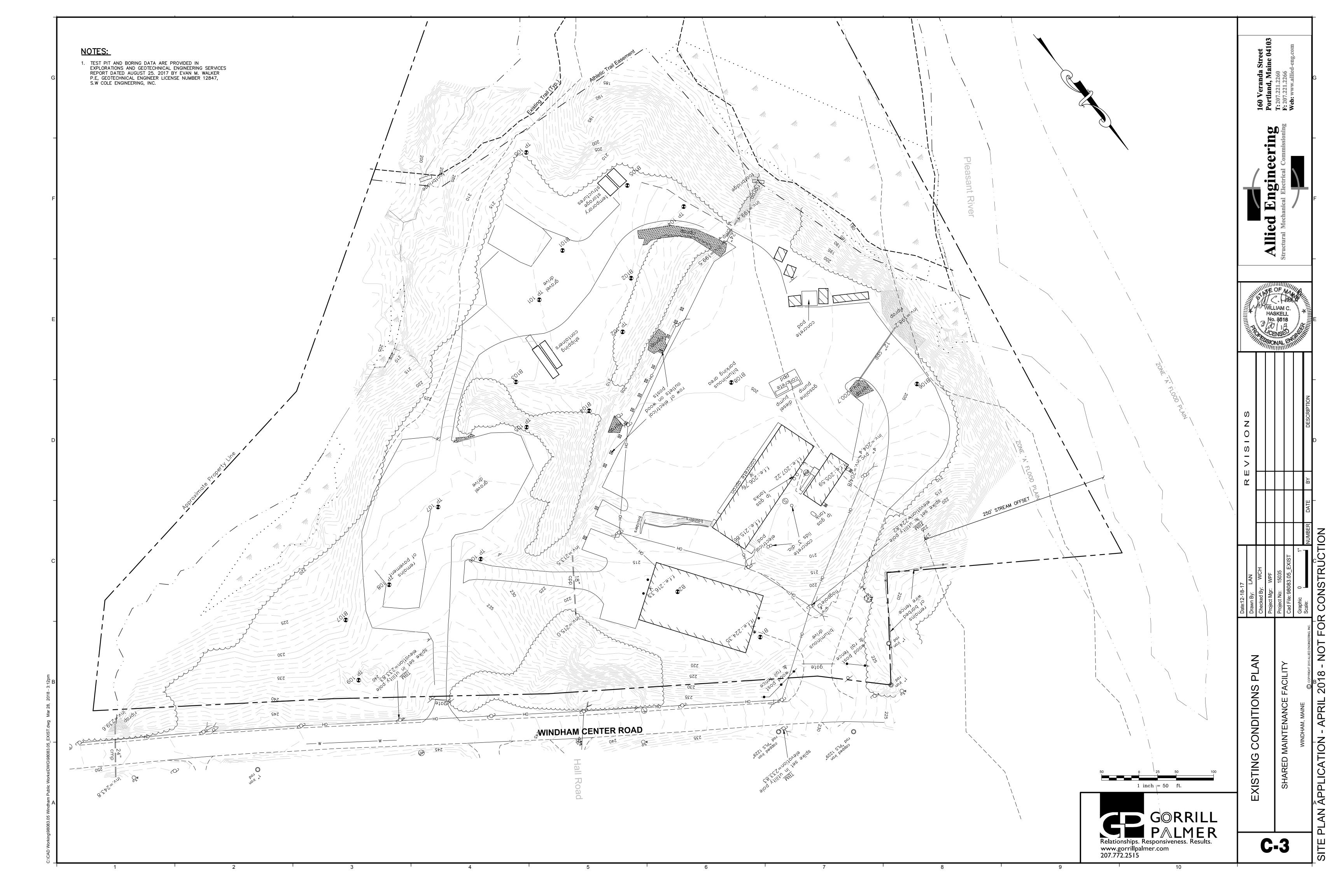
JOB #217068

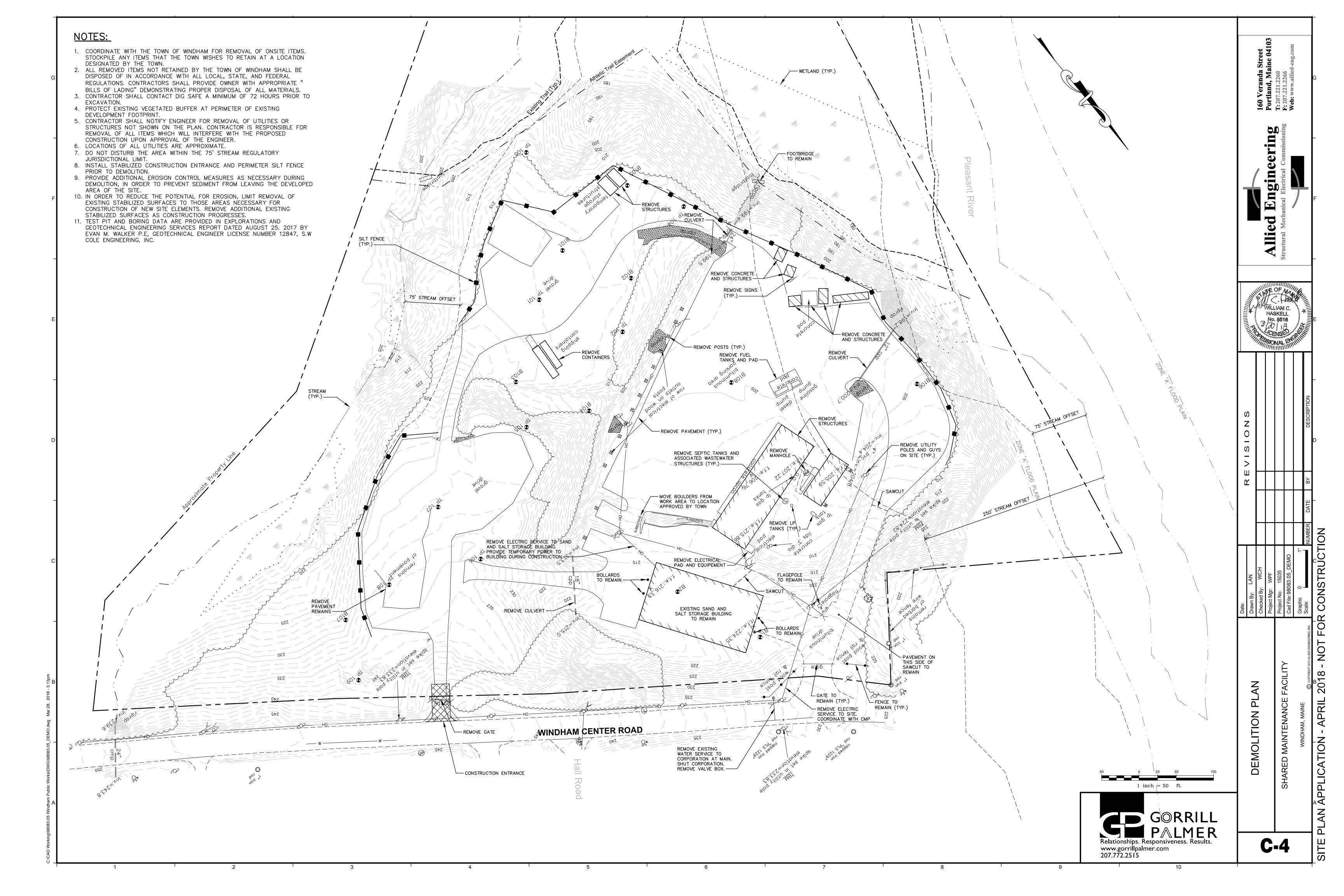
133 Gray Road, Falmouth, Maine 04105 (207)797-9199 www.titcombsurvey.com

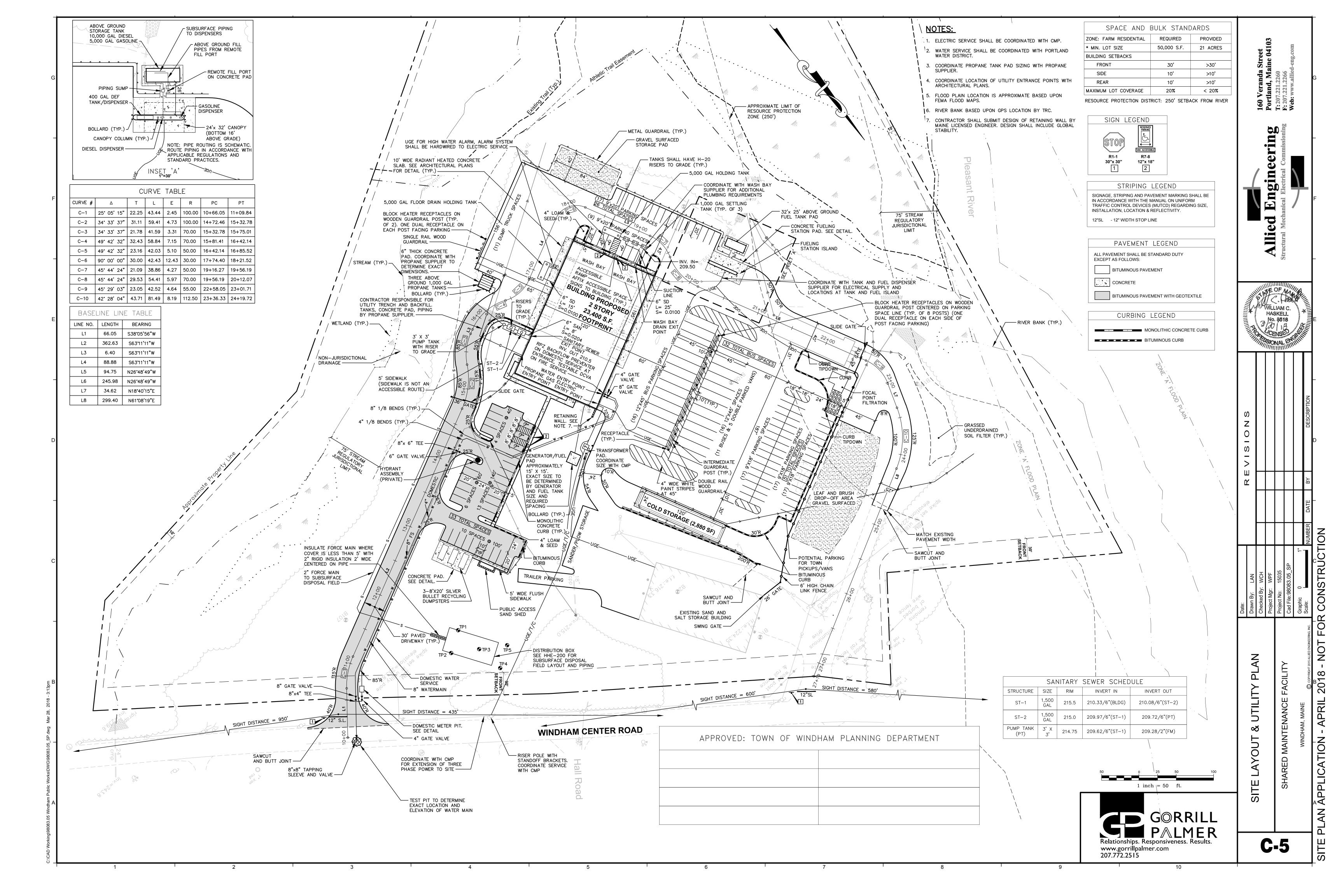
DATE: January 1, 2018 | SCALE: 1" = 100'

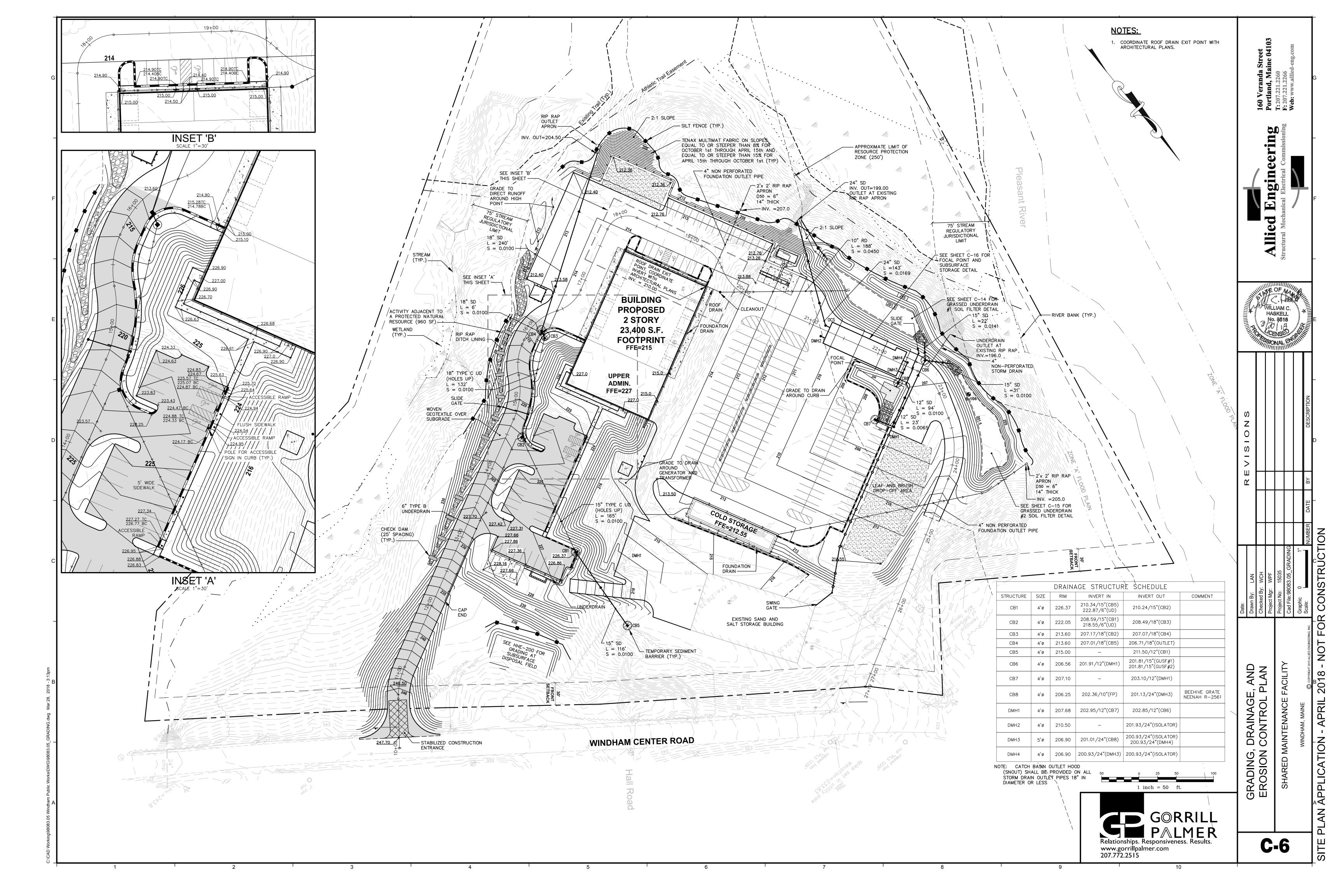
Windham, Maine

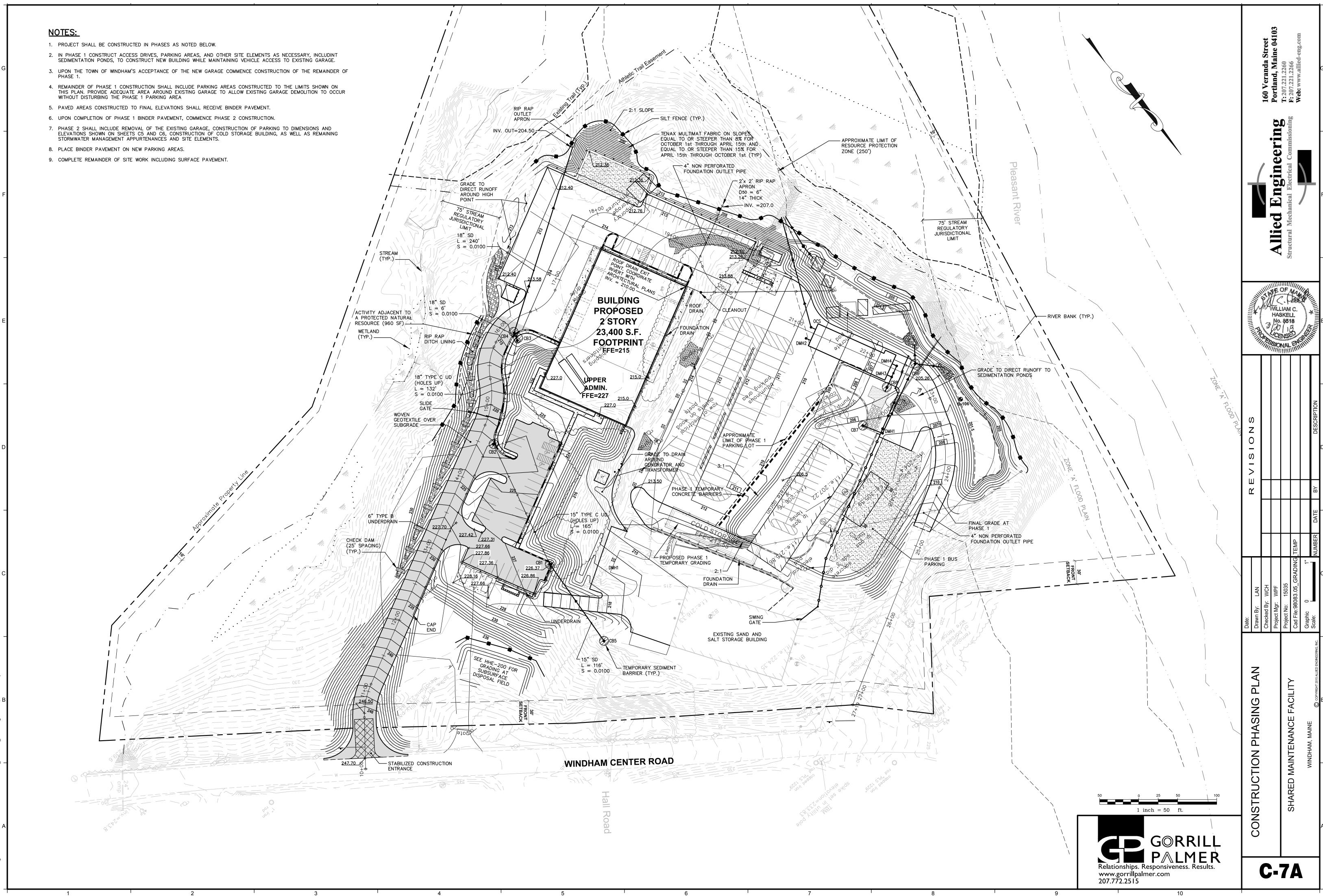
Rex J. Croteau, P.L.S. #2273



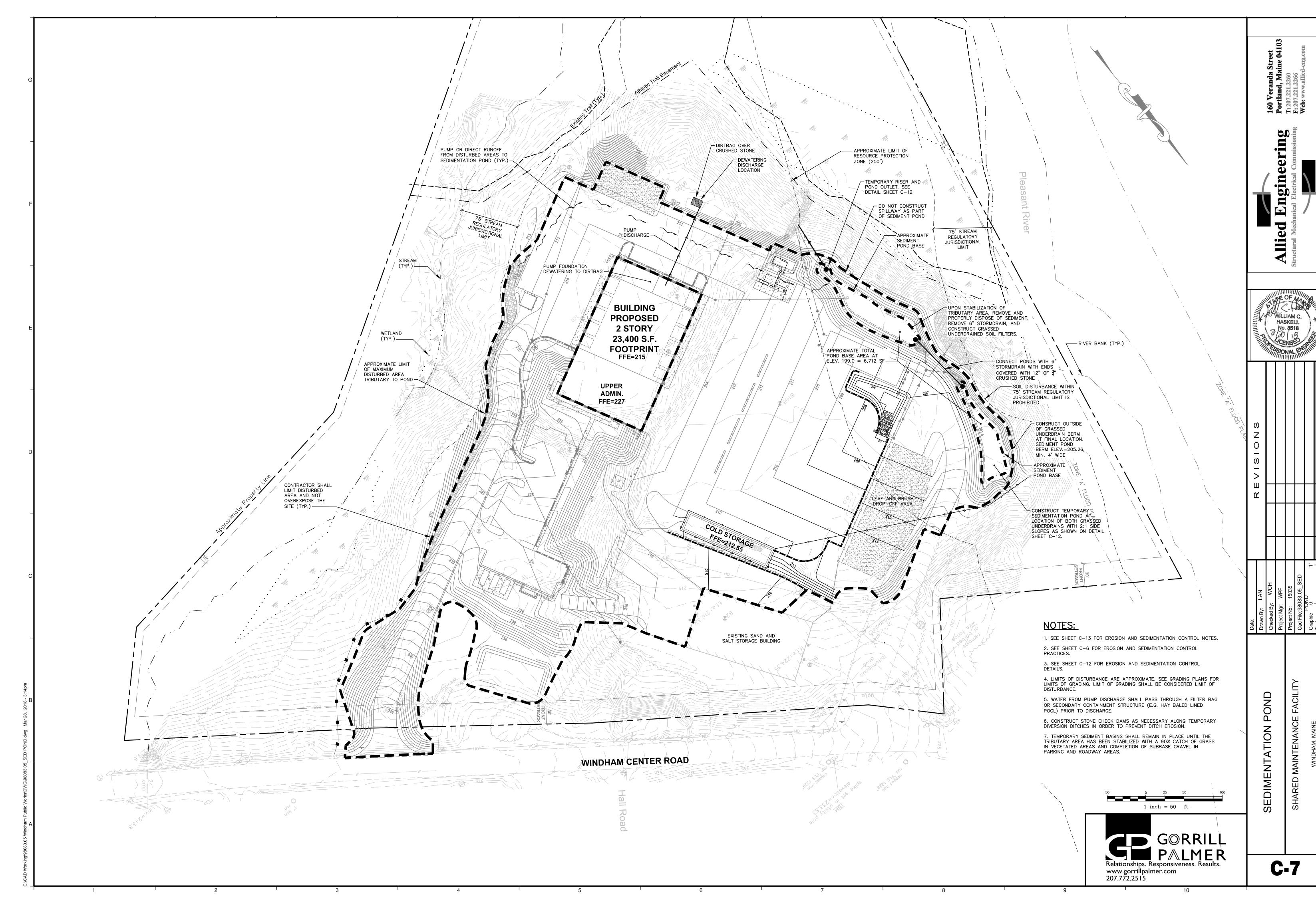




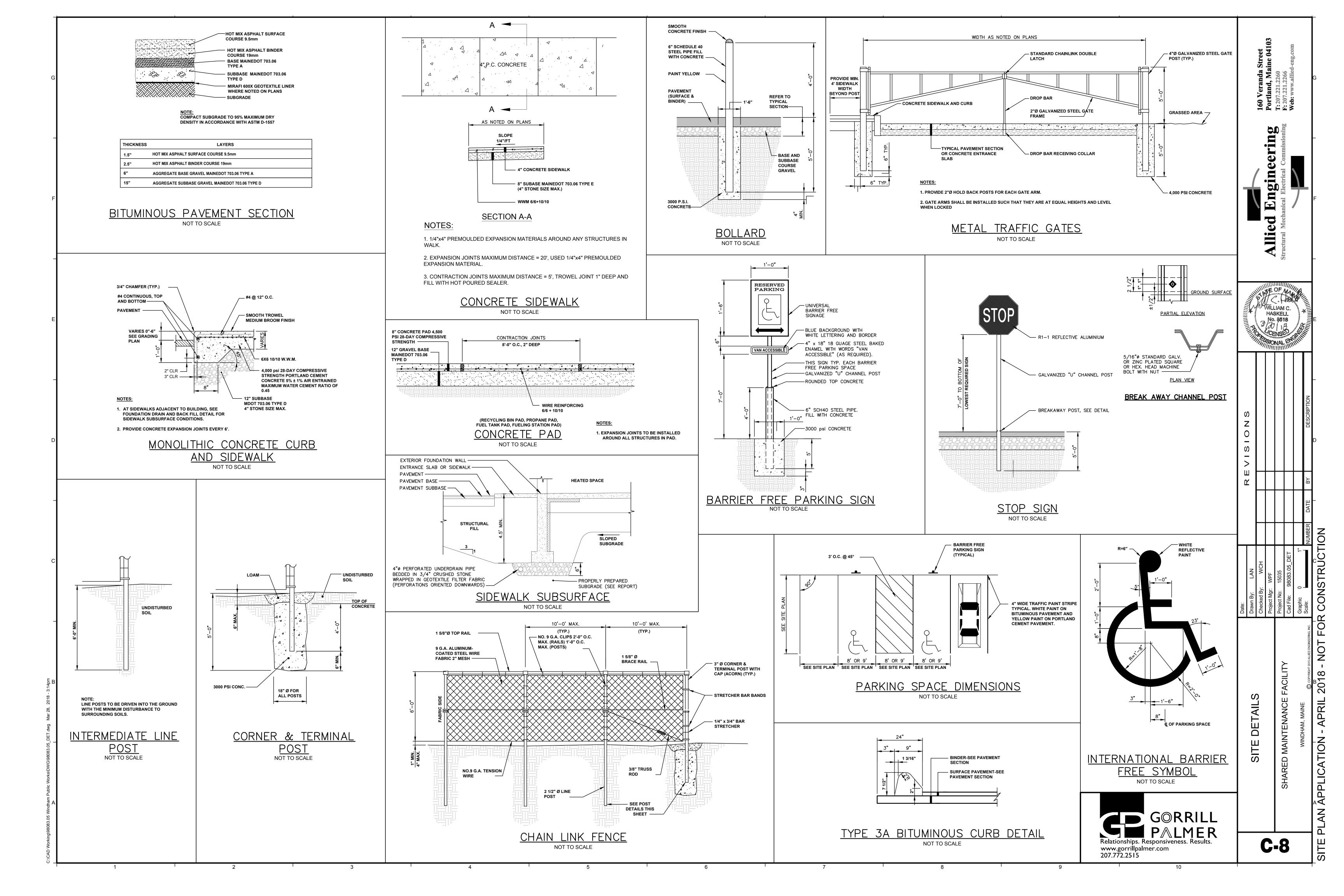


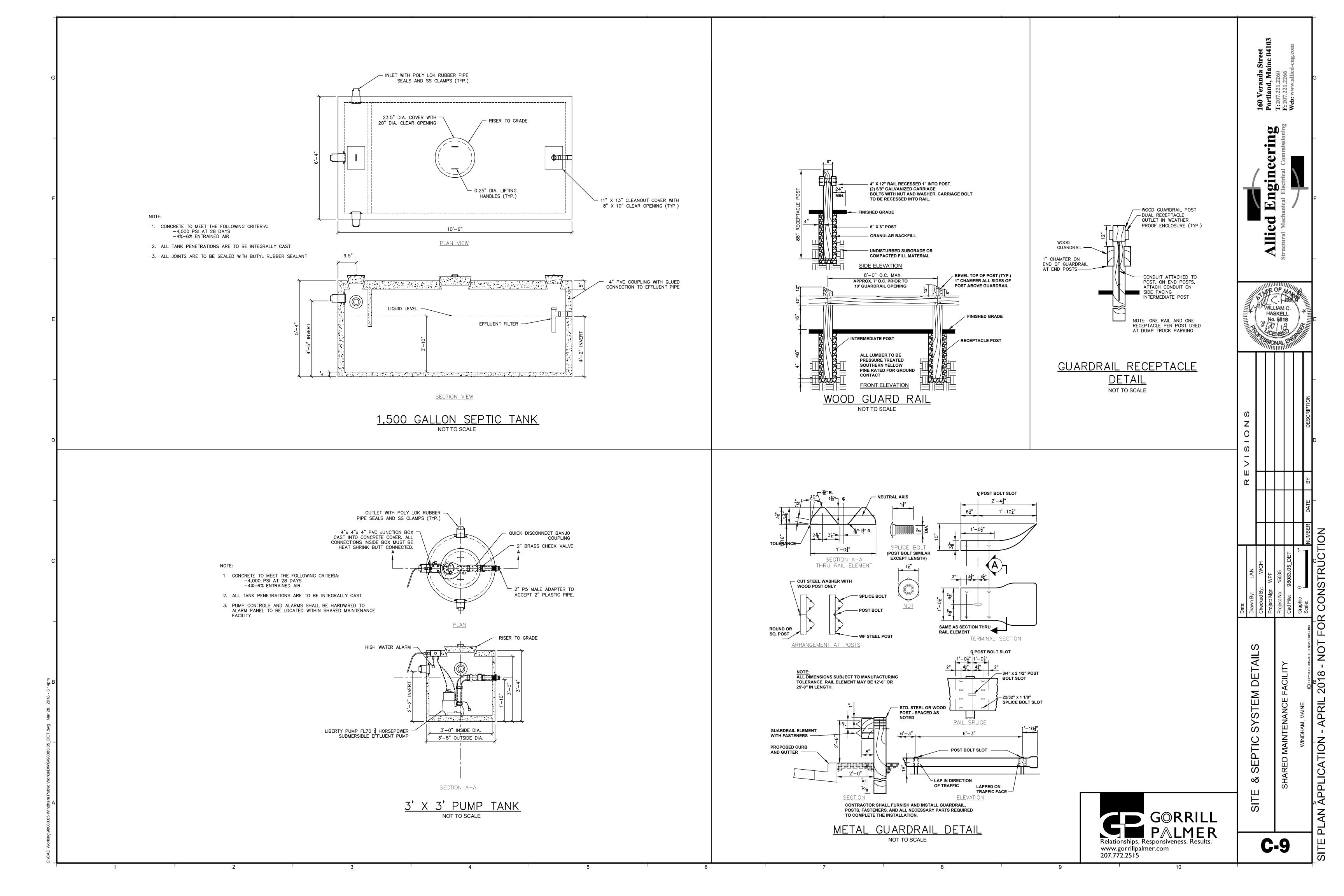


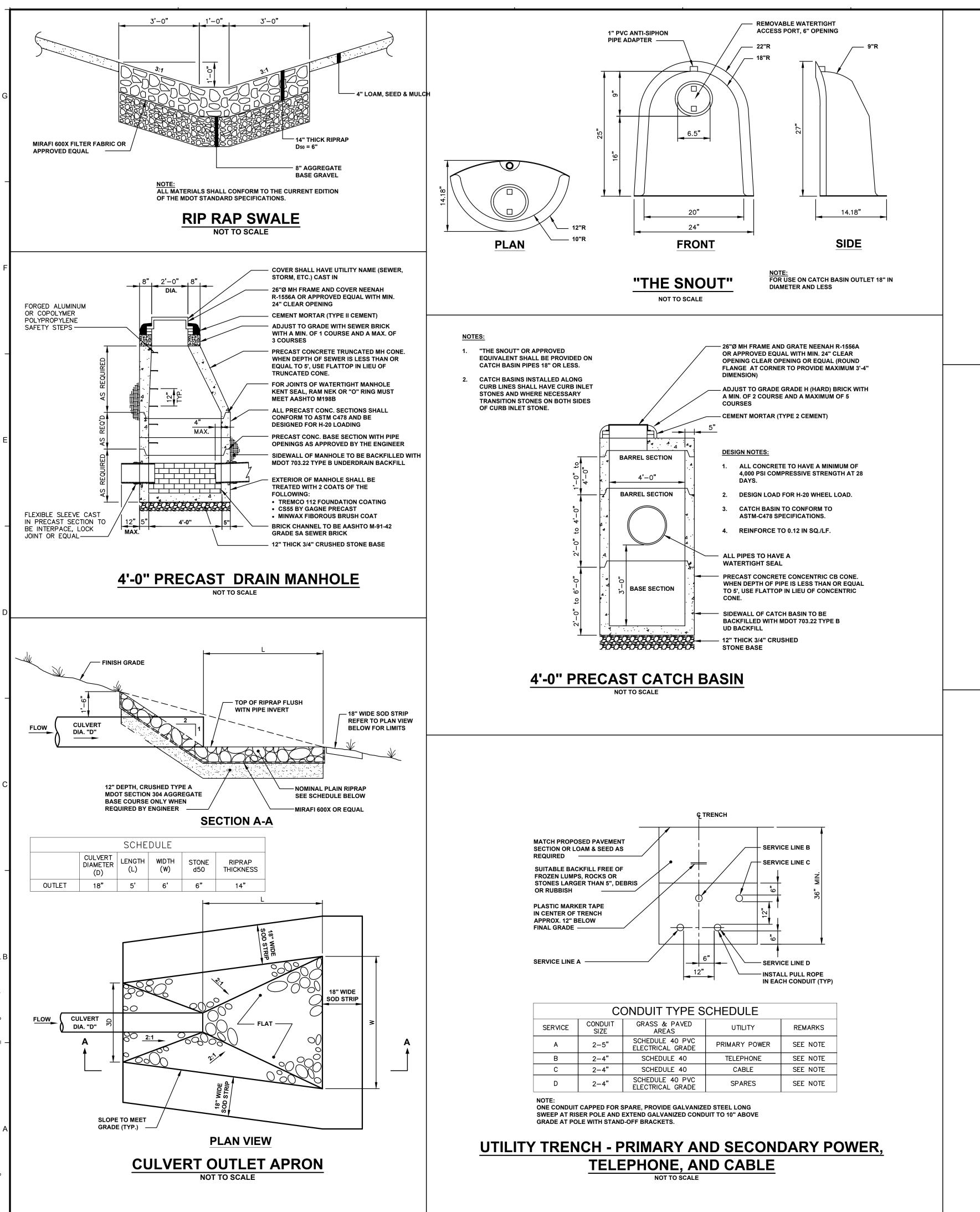
APPLICATION - APRIL 2018 - NOT FOR CONSTRU

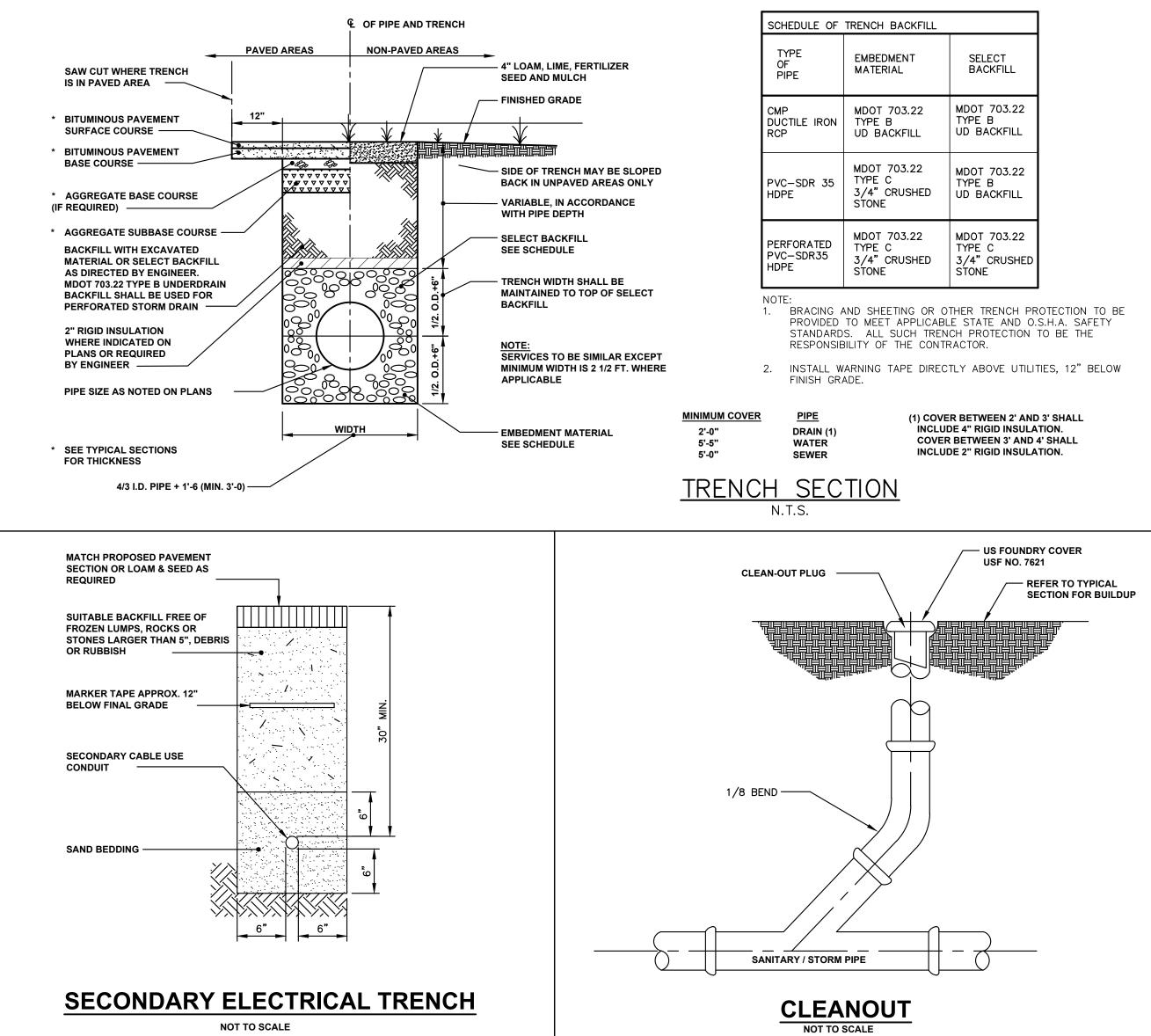


AN ÀPPLICATION - APRIL 2018 - NOT FOR CONSTRUCT





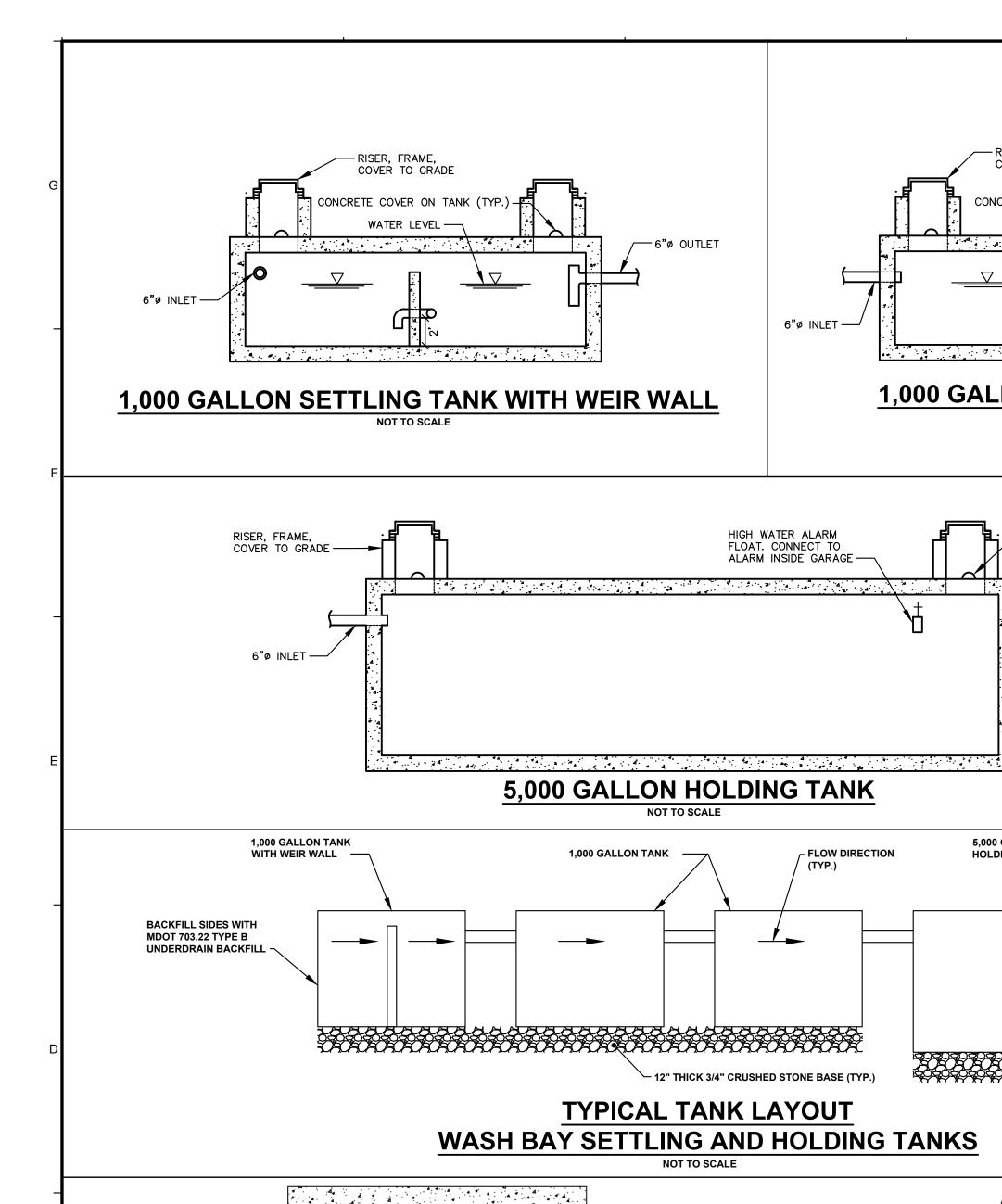


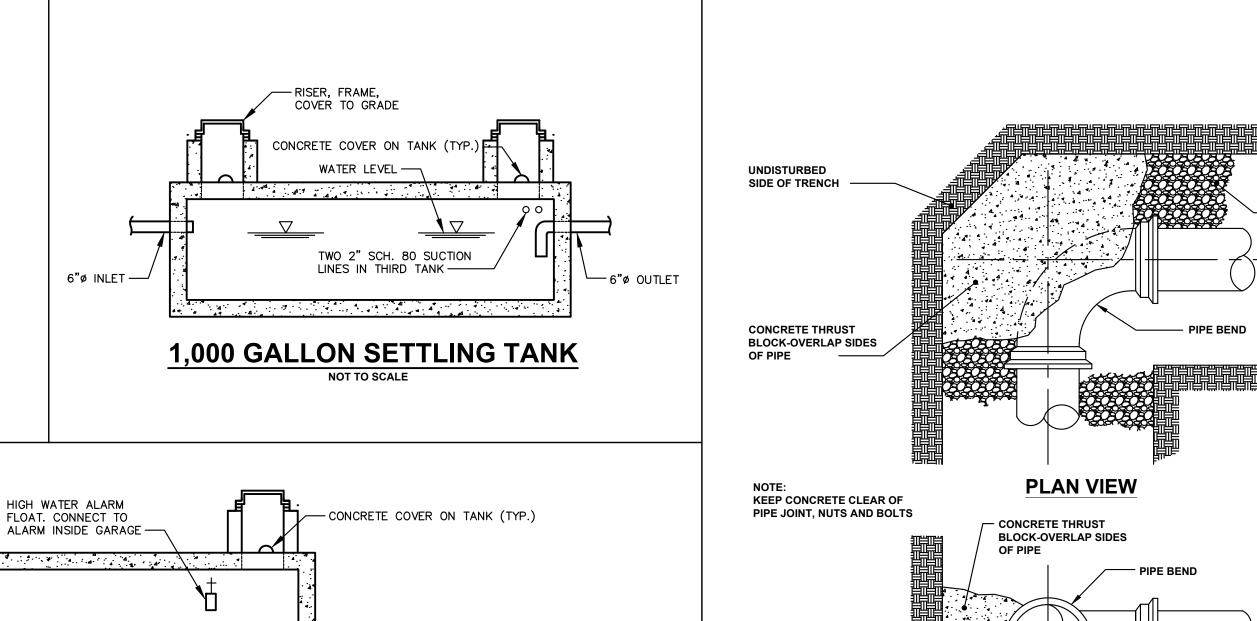


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**C-10** 

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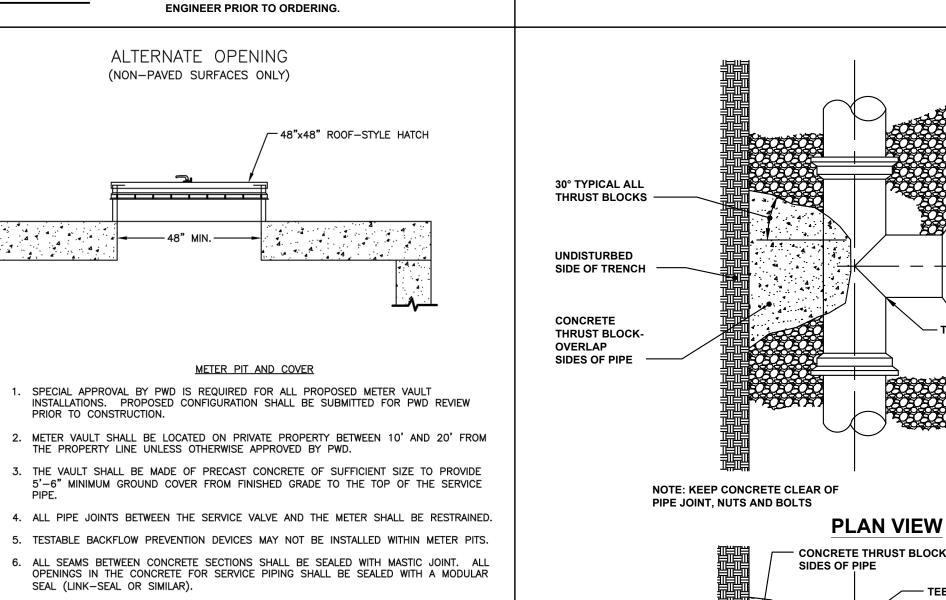


THRUST/RETAINER GLAND SCHEDULE					
1/4 BEND	90°	USE POURED IN-PLACE THRUST BLOCK WITH RETAINERS			
1/8 BEND	45°	THRUST BLOCK WITH RETAINERS			
1/16 BEND	22 1/2°	THRUST BLOCK			
1/32 BEND	11 1/4°	THRUST BLOCK			
THE ABOVE SCHEDULE IS SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE ON-SITE INSPECTOR					

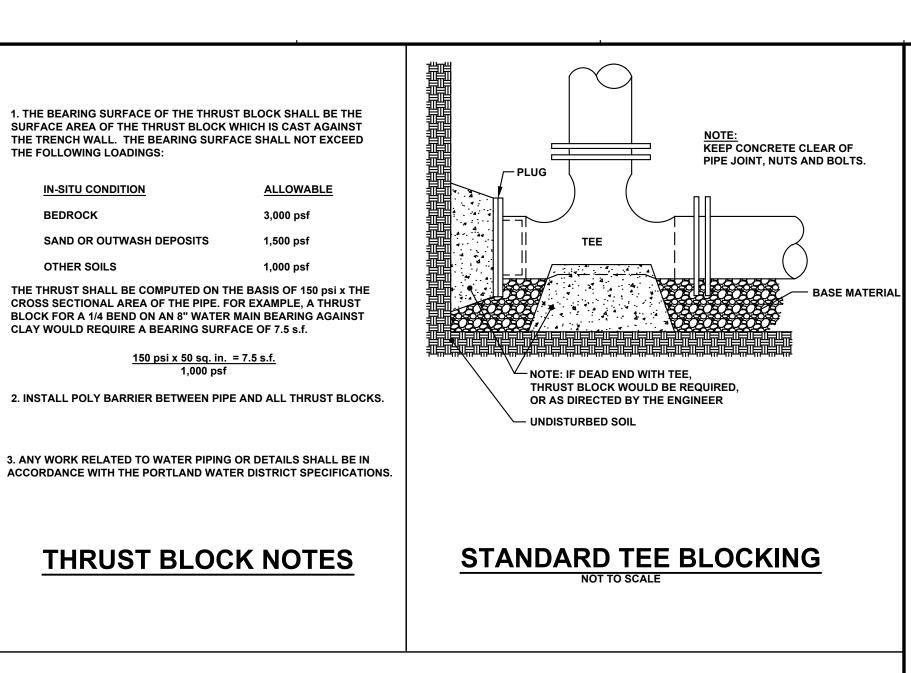
**SECTION** 

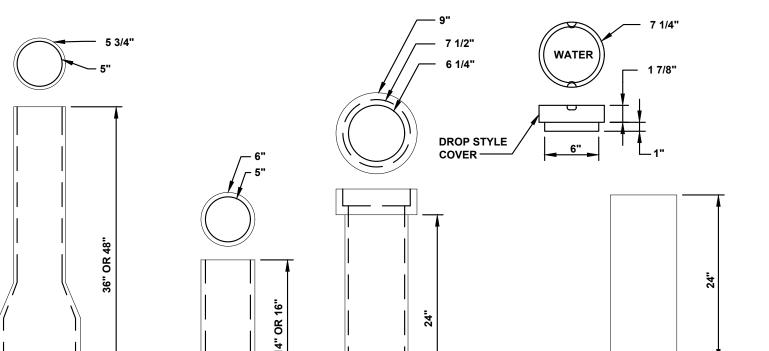
# THRUST BLOCK PLACEMENT ON BENDS

DUE TO SOILS AND WORKING PRESSURES IN THE AREA.









THE FOLLOWING LOADINGS:

IN-SITU CONDITION

SAND OR OUTWASH DEPOSITS

CLAY WOULD REQUIRE A BEARING SURFACE OF 7.5 s.f.

150 psi x 50 sq. in. = 7.5 s.f.

THRUST BLOCK NOTES

**BEDROCK** 

OTHER SOILS

**BASE SECTION** 

#645

NOTE: BUFFALO VALVE BOXES

MATERIAL

- BASE MATERIAL

- UNDISTURBED

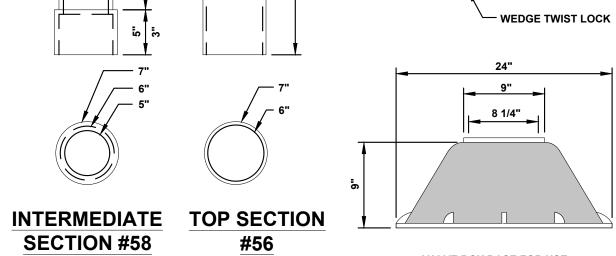
SIDE OF TRENCH

<u>ALLOWABLE</u>

3,000 psf

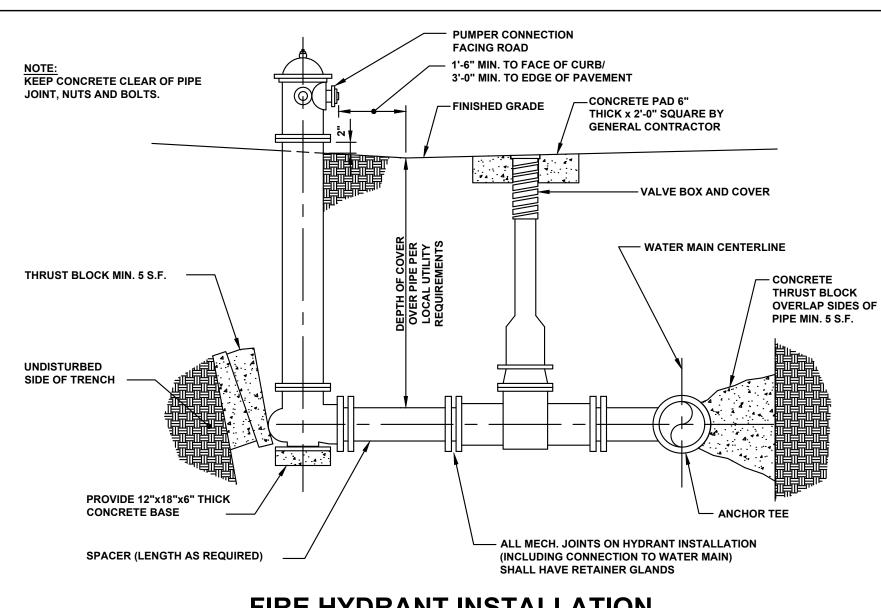
1,500 psf

1,000 psf



VALVE BOX BASE FOR USE WITH # 160 AIR VALVES

# NUMBERS ARE FOR 5.25" **TYPICAL VALVE BOXES**



FIRE HYDRANT INSTALLATION NOT TO SCALE



**C-11** 

20<sub>1</sub>

Ĭ

─ø32" MANHOLE COVER OPENING (CENTERED - 4X3 FLxFL MIN. COVER REDUCER (TYP.) 5'-6" -3" OS&Y GATE VALVE (TYP.) BACKFILL SIDES WITH MDOT 703.22 TYPE B UNDERDRAIN BACKFILL - CHECK VALVE (NON-TESTABLE) 4" DUCTILE IRON PIPE -(FLxPE)

RESTRAINED FLANGE -COUPLING ADAPTER

LINK SEAL -

PIPE CENTERED

WITHIN VAULT

- 3" METER CENTERED 🛓

BLOCKING

— 12" THICK 3/4" CRUSHED STONE BASE

BENEATH OPENING

5,000 GALLON

**HOLDING TANK** 

7. ENTRY COVER SHALL BE CAST IRON OR STEEL AND SHALL BE EITHER PERMANENTLY LABELED "WATER" OR HAVE NO LABEL. STEEL PLATE MATERIAL SHALL BE COATED WITH A RUST INHIBITOR PAINT.

8. FOR NON-PAVED SURFACES, A 48"x48" ROOF STYLE HATCH MAY BE USED.

9. WALL-MOUNTED LADDER RUNGS ARE NOT TO BE INSTALLED WITHIN METER VAULT.

10. CUSTOMER SHALL ENSURE THE METER VAULT AND COVER ARE PROPERLY RATED FOR TRAFFIC FLOW, IF APPLICABLE.

11. RESTRAINED FLANGE COUPLING ADAPTER SHALL BE FORD (MODEL RFAD) OR ROMAC (MODEL RFCA) UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED BY PWD.

METER INSTALLATION 12. ONLY PWD PERSONNEL ARE AUTHORIZED TO INSTALL WATER METERS. PWD PERSONNEL ARE ADDITIONALLY AUTHORIZED TO OPERATE METER VALVES AS NEEDED FOR

1. ALL TANKS, RISERS, FRAMES, COVERS SHALL BE DESIGNED

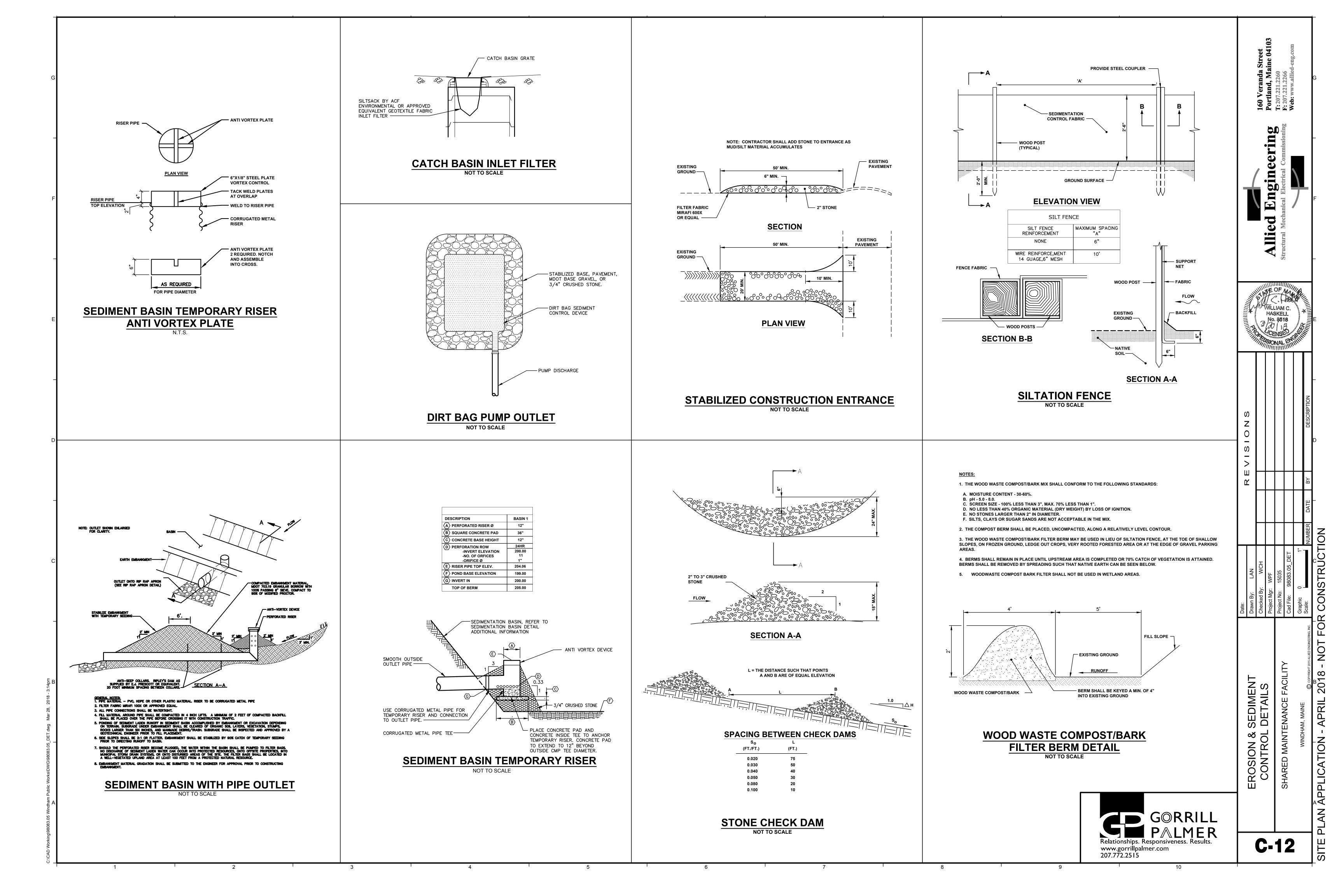
2. COORDINATE WITH WASH BAY MANUFACTURER FOR EXACT

SIZES, LOCATIONS OF ALL PLUMBING WITHIN TANKS. 3. SUBMIT SHOP DRAWINGS OF TANKS FOR APPROVAL BY

INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE. 13. PWD WILL SUPPLY THE WATER METER. ALL OTHER FITTINGS SHALL BE SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY CUSTOMER.

14. METER LAYING LENGTH SHOULD BE CONFIRMED WITH PWD PRIOR TO SETTING PIPE. PWD MAY REQUIRE THAT A FLANGED METER SPOOL PIECE BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO METER SET TO ENSURE PROPER SPACING. IF SO, THE METER SPOOL WILL BE PROVIDED BY PWD AND CAN BE PICKED UP AT PWD CUSTOMER SERVICE, 225 DOUGLASS STREET, PORTLAND DURING NORMAL BUSINESS HOURS.

MATERIAL - UNDISTURBED SIDE OF TRENCH CONCRETE THRUST BLOCK-OVERLAP UNDISTURBED — BASE MATERIAL SIDE OF TRENCH **SECTION VIEW** 



- ◆ Development of a careful construction sequence.
- Rapid revegetation of denuded areas to minimize the period of soil exposure.
- Rapid stabilization of drainage paths to avoid rill and gully erosion.
- The use of on-site measures to capture sediment (sedimentation basins, hay bales / stone check dams/silt fence,

The following temporary and permanent erosion and sediment control devices will be implemented as part of the site development. These devices shall be installed as indicated on the plans or as described within this report. For further reference, see the latest edition of the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control Practices Field Guide for Contractors.

### A. <u>Dewatering</u>

Water from construction trench dewatering shall pass first through a filter bag or secondary containment structure (e.g. hay bale lined pool) prior to discharge. The discharge site shall be selected to avoid flooding, icing, and sediment discharges to a protected resource. In no case shall the filter bag or containment structure be located within 50 feet of a protected natural resource.

### B. <u>Inspection and Monitoring</u>

Maintenance measures shall be applied as needed during the entire construction season. After each rainfall, snow storm or period of thawing and runoff, the site contractor shall perform a visual inspection of all installed erosion control measures and perform repairs as needed to insure their continuous function. Following the temporary and/or final seeding and mulching, the contractor shall in the spring inspect and repair any damages and/or unestablished spots. Established vegetative cover means a minimum of 90% of areas vegetated with vigorous growth.

### The following standards must be met during construction.

(a) Inspection and corrective action. Inspect disturbed and impervious areas, erosion control measures, materials storage areas that are exposed to precipitation, and locations where vehicles enter or exit the site. Inspect these areas at least once a week as well as before and within 24 hours after a storm event (rainfall), and prior to completing permanent stabilization measures. A person with knowledge of erosion and stormwater control, including the standards and conditions in the permit, shall conduct the inspections.

(b) Maintenance. If best management practices (BMPs) need to be repaired, the repair work should be initiated upon discovery of the problem but no later than the end of the next workday. If additional BMPs or significant repair of BMPs are necessary, implementation must be completed within 7 calendar days and prior to any storm event (rainfall). All measures must be maintained in effective operating condition until areas are permanently stabilized.

(c) Documentation. Keep a log (report) summarizing the inspections and any corrective action taken. The log must include the name(s) and qualifications of the person making the inspections, the date(s) of the inspections, and major observations about the operation and maintenance of erosion and sedimentation controls, materials storage areas, and vehicles access points to the parcel. Major observations must include BMPs that need maintenance, BMPs that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate for a particular location, and location(s) where additional BMPs are needed. For each BMP requiring maintenance, BMP needing replacement, and location needing additional BMPs, note in the log the corrective action taken and when it was taken.

The log must be made accessible to Department staff and a copy must be provided upon request. The permittee shall retain a copy of the log for a period of at least three years from the completion of permanent stabilization. C. <u>Temporary Erosion Control Measures</u>

# The following measures are planned as temporary erosion/sedimentation control measures during construction:

Crushed stone—stabilized construction entrances shall be placed at site access drives off Windham Center

2. Siltation fence or wood waste compost berms shall be installed downstream of any disturbed areas to trap runoff— borne sediments until grass areas are revegetated. The silt fence and/or wood waste compost berms shall be installed per the details provided in this package and inspected at least once a week and before and immediately after a storm event of 0.5 inches or greater, and at least daily during prolonged rainfall. Repairs shall be made if there are any signs of erosion or sedimentation below the fence or berm line. If there are signs of undercutting at the center or the edges, or impounding of large volumes of water behind the fence or berm, the barrier shall be replaced with a stone check dam. Wood waste compost berms are not to be used adjacent to wetland areas that are not to be disturbed.

3. A sedimentation basin is proposed for the development to aid in preventing migration of sediments as a result of construction. The sedimentation basin will be designed for a 24-hour delay time. A perforated riser shall be installed as the basin's outlet. The sediment basin shall remain in use until the tributary area has been

4. Straw or hay mulch including hydroseeding is intended to provide cover for denuded or seeded areas until revegetation is established. Mulch placed between April 15th and October 15th on slopes of less then 15 percent shall be anchored by applying water; mulch placed on slopes of equal to or steeper than 15 percent shall be covered by a fabric netting and anchored with staples in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation. Fabric netting and staples shall be used on disturbed areas within 50' of lakes, streams, and wetlands regardless of the upstream slope. Mulch placed between October 15th and April 15th on slopes equal to or steeper than 8 percent shall be covered with a fabric netting and anchored with staples in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Slopes steeper than 3:1 and equal to or flatter than 2:1, which are to be revegetated, shall receive curlex blankets by American Excelsior or equal. Slopes steeper than 2:1 shall receive riprap as noted on the plans. The mulch application rate for both temporary and permanent seeding is 75 lbs per 1000 sf as identified in the seeding plan. Mulch shall not be placed over snow.

# 5. Temporary stockpiles of stumps, grubbings, or common excavation will be protected as follows:

a) Temporary stockpiles shall not be located within 50 feet of any wetlands which will not be disturbed and shall be located away from drainage swales.

b) Stockpiles shall be stabilized within 7 days by either temporarily seeding the stockpile by a hydroseed method containing an emulsified mulch tackifier or by covering the stockpile with mulch, such as hay, straw, or erosion

# c) Stockpiles shall be surrounded by sedimentation barrier at the time of formation.

6. All denuded areas that are within 50 feet of an undisturbed wetland, which have been rough graded and are not located within a parking area or access drive subbase area, shall receive mulch or erosion control mesh fabric within 48 hours of initial disturbance of soil. All areas within 50 feet of an undisturbed wetland shall be mulched prior to any predicted rain event regardless of the 48 hour window. In other areas, the time period may be extended to 7 days.

7. For work, which is conducted between October 15th and April 15th of any calendar year, all denuded areas, shall be covered with hay mulch or erosion control mix, applied at twice the normal application rate and anchored with a fabric netting. The time period for applying mulch shall be limited to 2 days for all areas.

8. Windham Center Road shall be swept to control mud and dust as necessary. Additional stone shall be added to the stabilized construction entrance to minimize the tracking of material off the site and onto the surrounding

9. During grubbing operations stone check dams shall be installed at any evident concentrated flow discharge points and as directed on the Erosion Control Plans.

10. Silt fencing with a minimum stake spacing of 6 feet shall be used, unless the fence is supported by wire fence reinforcement of minimum 14 gauge and with a maximum mesh spacing of 6 inches, in which case stakes may be spaced a maximum of 10 feet apart. The bottom of the fence shall be anchored. A double row of silt fence shall be used adjacent to wetlands.

11. Wood waste compost/bark berms may be used in lieu of siltation fencing. Berms shall be removed and spread in a layer not to exceed 3" thick once upstream areas are completed and a 90% catch of vegetation is

12. Storm drain catch basin inlet protection shall be provided through the use of stone sediment barriers or approved sediment bags (such as Silt Sack). Installation details are provided in the plan set. The barriers shall be inspected after each rainfall and repairs made as necessary. Sediment shall be removed and the barrier restored to its original dimensions when the sediment has accumulated to ½ the design depth of the barrier. The barrier shall be removed when the tributary drainage area has been stabilized.

13. Water and/or calcium chloride shall be furnished and applied in accordance with MDOT specifications —

14. Loam and seed is intended to serve, as the primary permanent revegetative measure for all denuded areas not provided with other erosion control measures, such as riprap. Application rates are provided in the seeding plan. Seeding shall not occur over snow.

# D. <u>Permanent Erosion Control Measures</u>

Section 637 — Dust Control.

The following permanent erosion control measures have been designed as part of the Erosion/Sedimentation Control

1. All areas disturbed during construction, but not subject to other restoration (paving, riprap, etc.) will be loamed, limed, fertilized, mulched, and seeded. Fabric netting, anchored with staples, shall be placed over the mulch in areas as noted in Temporary Erosion Control Measures paragraph 3 of this report. All areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland shall be mulched prior to any predicted rain event regardless of the 48 hour window. Native topsoil shall be stockpiled and reused for final restoration when it is of sufficient quality.

2. All storm drain pipe outlets shall have riprap aprons at their outlet to protect the outlet and receiving channel from scour and deterioration. Installation details are provided in the plan set. The aprons shall be installed and stabilized to the extent practicable prior to directing runoff to the tributary pipe or culvert.

Catch basins shall be provided with sediment sumps and inlet hoods (the Snout) for all outlet pipes that are 18" in diameter or less.

# 1.4 Implementation Schedule

The following construction sequence shall be required to insure the effectiveness of the erosion and sedimentation control

It is anticipated that construction of the Public Works Facility and related infrastructure will commence in Spring of 2018 and be completed by Spring of 2019.

Note: For all grading activities, the contractor shall exercise extreme caution not to overexpose the site, this shall be accomplished by limiting the disturbed area.

- 1. Install stabilized construction entrance at the construction access location.
- 2. Install perimeter silt fence and/or wood waste berms prior to grubbing respective areas.
- 3. Install sediment basin, diversion dikes, and check dams (clear only those areas necessary to install BMP's).

4. Commence demolition. Limit removal of existing stabilized surfaces to those areas necessary for construction of new site elements. Remove additional existing stabilized surfaces as construction progresses. Note: existing garage will remain open while new building is constructed. Once transitioned to new building, then existing building will be demolished and remaining site work completed.

5. Clear and grub site. Install stone check dams at any evident concentrated flow discharge points.

6. Commence installation of drainage appurtenances.

7. Commence earthwork and grading to subgrade.

8. Commence installation of utilities.

9. Foundation area shall be excavated for installation of the building footings. Building work will be on going through the remainder of the project.

10. Complete installation of drainage appurtenances.

11. Complete installation of utilities. 12. Install sub-base and base gravel within access drive, sidewalks, and parking areas.

13. Install base course paving for access drive and parking areas.

14. Install curbing as shown on plans. 15. Loam, lime, fertilize, seed and mulch disturbed areas and complete all landscaping.

16. Once tributary area has been stabilized, complete construction of grassed underdrained soil filters and subsurface sand filter.

17. Install surface course paving for access drive. Stripe per plan.

18. Once the site is stabilized and a 90% catch of vegetation has been obtained, remove all temporary erosion control measures.

19. Touch up loam and seed.

Note: All denuded areas not subject to final paving, riprap, or gravel shall be revegetated.

Prior to construction of the project, the contractor shall submit to the owner a schedule for the completion of the work, which will satisfy the following criteria:

The above construction sequence should generally be completed in the specified order; however, several separate items may be constructed simultaneously. Work must also be scheduled or phased to reduce the extent of the exposed areas as specified below. The intent of this sequence is to provide for erosion control and to have structural measures such as silt fence and construction entrances in place before large areas of land are denuded.

2. The work shall be conducted in sections which shall:

a) Limit the amount of exposed area to those areas in which work is expected to be undertaken during the proceeding 30 days.

b) Revegetate disturbed areas as rapidly as possible. All areas shall be permanently stabilized within 7 days of final grading or before a storm event; or temporarily stabilized within 48 hours of initial disturbance of soil for areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland and 7 days for all other areas. Areas within 100 feet of an undisturbed wetland shall be mulched prior to any predicted rain event regardless of the 48 hour window.

c) Incorporate planned inlets and drainage system as early as possible into the construction phase. The ditches shall be immediately lined or revegetated as soon as their installation is complete.

# 1.5 <u>Erosion, Sedimentation and Stabilization Control Plan</u>

The Erosion Control Plan is included in the plan set.

The Erosion Control details and specifications are included in the plan set.

# 1.7 <u>Winter Stabilization Plan</u>

1.6 <u>Details and Specifications</u>

The winter construction period is from November 1 through April 15. If the construction site is not stabilized with pavement, a road gravel base, 75% mature vegetation cover or riprap by November 15 then the site needs to be protected with over-winter stabilization. An area considered open is any area not stabilized with pavement; vegetation, mulching, erosion control mats, riprap or gravel base on a road.

Winter excavation and earthwork shall be completed such that any area left exposed can be controlled by the contractor. Limit the exposed area to those areas in which work is expected to be under taken during the proceeding 15 days and that can be mulched in one day prior to any snow event.

All areas shall be considered to be denuded until the subbase gravel is installed in roadway/parking areas or the areas of future loam and seed have been loamed, seeded and mulched. Hay and straw mulch rate shall be a minimum of 150 lbs./1,000 s.f. (3 tons/acre) and shall be properly anchored.

The contractor shall install any added measures which may be necessary to control erosion/sedimentation from the site dependent upon the actual site and weather conditions. Continuation of earthwork operations on additional areas shall not begin until the exposed soil surface on the area being worked has been stabilized, in order to minimize areas without erosion control protection.

Stockpiles of soil or subsoil shall be mulched for over winter protection with hav or straw at twice the normal rate or at 150 lbs/1,000 s.f. (3 tons per acre) or with a four-inch layer of woodwaste erosion control mix. This shall be done within 24 hours of stocking and re-established prior to any rainfall or snowfall. Any soil stockpile shall not be placed (even covered with hay or straw) within 100 feet from any natural resources.

2. <u>Natural Resource Protection</u> Any areas within 100 feet from any natural resources, if not stabilized with a minimum of 75% mature vegetation catch, shall be mulched by December 1 and anchored with plastic netting or protected with erosion control mats. During winter construction, a double line of sediment barriers (i.e. silt fence backed with hay bales or erosion control mix) shall be placed between any natural resource and the disturbed area. Projects crossing the natural resource shall be protected a minimum distance of 100 feet on either side from the resource. Existing projects not stabilized by December 1 shall be protected with the second line of sediment barrier to ensure functionality during the spring thaw and rains.

During frozen conditions, sediment barriers shall consist of woodwaste filter berms as frozen soil prevents the proper

# installation of hav bales and sediment silt fences.

4. <u>Mulching</u> An area shall be considered denuded until areas of future loam and seed have been loamed, seeded and mulched. Hay and straw mulch shall be applied at a rate of 150 lb. per 1,000 square feet or 3 tons/acre (twice the normal accepted rate of 75-lbs./1,000 s.f. or 1.5 tons/acre) and shall be properly anchored. Mulch shall not be spread on top of snow. The snow shall be removed down to a one—inch depth or less prior to application. After each day of final grading, the area shall be properly stabilized with anchored hay or straw or erosion control matting. An area shall be considered to have been stabilized when exposed surfaces have been either mulched with straw or hay at a rate of 150 lb. per 1,000 square feet (3 tons/acre) and adequately anchored that ground surface is not visible through the mulch.

Between the dates of November 1 and April 15, all mulch shall be anchored by peg line, mulch netting, asphalt emulsion chemical, or wood cellulose fiber. When ground surface is not visible through the mulch then cover is sufficient. After November 1st, mulch and anchoring of all bare soil shall occur at the end of each final grading workday.

5. <u>Mulching on Slopes and Ditches</u> Slopes shall not be left exposed for any extended time of work suspension unless fully mulched and anchored with peg and netting or with erosion control blankets. Mulching shall be applied at a rate of 230 lbs/1,000 s.f. on all slopes

Mulch netting shall be used to anchor mulch in all drainage ways with a slope greater than 3% for slopes exposed to direct winds and for all other slopes greater that 8%. Erosion control blankets shall be used in lieu of mulch in all drainage ways with slopes greater than 8%. Erosion control mix can be used to substitute erosion control blankets on all

of this standard.

Between the dates of October 15 and April 1st, loam or seed will not be required. During periods of above freezing temperatures finished areas shall be fine graded and either protected with mulch or temporarily seeded and mulched until such time as the final treatment can be applied. If the date is after November 1st and if the exposed area has been loamed, final graded with a uniform surface, then the area may be dormant seeded at a rate of 3 times higher than specified for permanent seed and then mulched. Dormant seeding may be selected to be placed prior to the placement of mulch and fabric netting anchored with staples. If dormant seeding is used for the site, all disturbed areas shall receive 4" of loam and seed at an application rate of 5 lbs/1,000 s.f. All areas seeded during the winter shall be inspected in the spring for adequate catch. All areas insufficiently vegetated (less than 75% catch) shall be revegetated by replacing loam, seed and mulch. If dormant seeding is not used for the site, all disturbed areas shall be revegetated

# Standards for Timely Stabilization of Construction Sites During Winter

Standard for the timely stabilization of ditches and channels — The applicant shall construct and stabilize all stone—lined ditches and channels on the site by November 15. The applicant shall construct and stabilize all grass—lined ditches and channels on the site by September 1. If the applicant fails to stabilize a ditch or channel to be grass—lined by September 1, then the applicant will take one of the following actions to stabilize the ditch for late fall and winter.

Install a sod lining in the ditch -- The applicant shall line the ditch with properly installed sod by October 1. Proper installation includes the applicant pinning the sod onto the soil with wire pins, rolling the sod to guarantee contact between the sod and underlying soil, watering the sod to promote root growth into the disturbed soil, and anchoring the sod with jute or plastic mesh to prevent the sod strips from sloughing during flow conditions.

shall hire a registered professional engineer to determine the stone size and lining thickness needed to withstand the anticipated flow velocities and flow depths within the ditch. If necessary, the applicant shall regrade the ditch prior to placing the stone lining so to prevent the stone lining from reducing the ditch's cross—sectional area. Standard for the timely stabilization of disturbed slopes — The applicant shall construct and stabilize stone—covered slopes by November 15. The applicant shall seed and mulch all slopes to be vegetated by

September 1. The department shall consider any area having a grade greater than 15% to be a slope. If the applicant fails to stabilize any slope to be vegetated by September 1, then the applicant shall take one of the

Install a stone lining in the ditch ——The applicant shall line the ditch with stone riprap by November 15. The applicant

following actions to stabilize the slope for late fall and winter. Stabilize the soil with temporary vegetation and erosion control mats -- By September 1 the applicant shall seed the disturbed slope with winter rye at a seeding rate of 3 pounds per 1,000 square feet and apply erosion control mats over the mulched slope. The applicant shall monitor growth of the rye over the next 30 days. If the rye fails to grow at least three inches or cover at least 75% of the disturbed slope by November 1, then the applicant shall cover the slope with a layer of woodwaste compost as described in item iii of this standard or with stone riprap as described in item iv

 $\underline{\text{Stabilize the slope with sod}} \ -- \ \text{The applicant shall stabilize the disturbed slope with properly installed sod by September}$ Proper installation includes the applicant pinning the sod onto the slope with wire pins, rolling the sod to guarantee contact between the sod and underlying soil, and watering the sod to promote root growth into the disturbed soil. The applicant shall not use late—season sod installation to stabilize slopes having a grade greater than 33% (3H:1V).

Stabilize the slope with woodwaste compost -- The applicant shall place a six-inch layer of woodwaste compost on the Prior to placing the woodwaste compost, the applicant shall remove any snow accumulation on the disturbed slope. The applicant shall not use woodwaste compost to stabilize slopes having grades greater than 50% (2H:1V) or having groundwater seeps on the slope face.

Stabilize the slope with stone riprap -- The applicant shall place a layer of stone riprap on the slope by November 15. le applicant shall hire a registered professional engineer to determine the stone size needed for stability and to design

Standard for the timely stabilization of disturbed soils —— By September 15 the applicant shall seed and mulch all disturbed soils on areas having a slope less than 15%. If the applicant fails to stabilize these soils by this date, then the applicant shall take one of the following actions to stabilize the soil for late fall and winter.

Stabilize the soil with temporary vegetation -- By September 1 the applicant shall seed the disturbed soil with winter rye at a seeding rate of 3 pounds per 1000 square feet, lightly mulch the seeded soil with hay or straw at 75 pounds per 1000 square feet, and anchor the mulch with plastic netting. The applicant shall monitor growth of the rye over the next 30 days. If the rye fails to grow at least three inches or cover at least 75% of the disturbed soil before November 1, then the applicant shall mulch the area for over-winter protection as described below.

Stabilize the soil with sod -- The applicant shall stabilize the disturbed soil with properly installed sod by September 15. Proper installation includes the applicant pinning the sod onto the soil with wire pins, rolling the sod to guarantee contact between the sod and underlying soil, and watering the sod to promote root growth into the disturbed soil.

Stabilize the soil with mulch — By November 15 the applicant shall mulch the disturbed soil by spreading hay or straw at a rate of at least 150 pounds per 1000 square feet on the area so that no soil is visible through the mulch. Prior to applying the mulch, the applicant shall remove any snow accumulation on the disturbed area. Immediately after applying the mulch, the applicant will anchor the mulch with plastic netting to prevent wind from moving the mulch off the disturbed soil.

### 1.8 <u>Maintenance of facilities</u>

The stormwater facilities will be maintained by the Applicant, The Town of Windham or their assigned heirs. The Town shall enter into a five year contract with a maintenance provider for maintenance of the Subsurface Sand Filter. The contract shall be provided to MDEP for review and approval. The contract documents will require the contractor to designate a person responsible for maintenance of the sedimentation control features during construction as required by the Erosion Control Report. Long-term operation/maintenance recommended for the stormwater facilities is presented

The responsible party may contract with such professionals, as may be necessary in order to comply with this provision and may rely on the advice of such professionals in carrying out its duty hereunder, provided, that the following operation and maintenance procedures are hereby established as a minimum for compliance with this section. A maintenance log of the inspections shall be kept by the responsible party.

Inspection and Maintenance Frequency and Corrective Measures: The following areas, facilities, and measures will be inspected and the identified deficiencies will be corrected. Clean—out must include the removal and legal disposal of any accumulated sediments and debris.

Inspect catch basins 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the catch basins are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Clean structures when sediment depths reach 12" from invert of outlet. If the basin outlet is designed with a hood to trap floatable materials (i.e. Snout), check to ensure watertight seal is working. At a minimum, remove floating debris and hydrocarbons at the time of the inspection.

### Inlet/Outlet Control Structures:

Inspect structures and piping 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the structures are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow, remove accumulated sediments and debris within the structure.

Inspect outlets 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the outlets are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of debris. Remove any obstructions to flow; remove accumulated sediments and debris at the outlet and within the conduit Repair any erosion damage at the stormdrain outlet.

### Soil Filter — Grassed Underdrained Soil Filter:

Inspect all upstream pre—treatment measures 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) for sediment and floatables accumulation. Remove and dispose of any sediments or debris.

## Surface (Underdrain Pond, Swale or Bio-Filter):

The soil filter will be inspected within the first three months after construction; thereafter the filter will be inspected 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure that the filter is draining within 24 to 48 hours of a rain event equivalent to 1" or more. Adjustments will be made to the outlet valve to ensure that the Bioretention Cell drains within 24 to 48 hours. Failure to drain in 72 hours will require part or all of the soil filter media to be removed and replaced with new material meeting the soil filter gradation. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected. Harvesting and weeding of excessive growth shall be performed as needed. Inspect for unwanted or invasive plants and remove as necessary.

## Veaetated Areas:

Inspect slopes and embankments early in the growing season to identify active or potential erosion problems. Replant bare areas or areas with sparse growth. Where rill erosion is evident, armor the area with an appropriate lining or divert the erosive flows to on-site areas able to withstand the concentrated flows. The facilities will be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies will be corrected.

Inspect 2 times per year (preferably in Spring and Fall) to ensure they are working in their intended fashion and that they are free of sediment and debris. Remove any obstructions to flow, including accumulated sediments and debris and vegetated growth. Repair any erosion of the ditch lining. Vegetated ditches will be mowed at least annually or otherwise maintained to control the growth of woody vegetation and maintain flow capacity. Any woody vegetation growing through riprap linings must also be removed. Repair any slumping side slopes as soon as practicable. If the ditch has a riprap lining, replace riprap on areas where any underlying filter fabric or underdrain gravel is showing through the stone or where stones have dislodged. Correct any erosion of the channel's bottom or sideslopes. The facilities shall be inspected after major storms and any identified deficiencies shall be corrected.

Roadways and Parking Surfaces: Clear accumulations of winter sand in parking lots and along roadways at least once a year, preferably in the spring. Accumulations on pavement may be removed by pavement sweeping. Accumulations of sand along road shoulders may be removed by grading excess sand to the pavement edge and removing it manually or by a front—end loader. Repair potholes and other roadway obstructions and hazards. Plowing and sanding of paved areas shall be performed as necessary to maintain vehicular traffic safety.

# Recertification

As part of the Stormwater Permit, the applicant is required to meet the standards in Appendix B of the Chapter 500 Rules. Appendix B states that a project must submit a certification of the following to the department within three months of the expiration of each five—year interval from the date of issuance of the permit. (a) Identification and repair of erosion problems. All areas of the project site have been inspected for areas of erosion, and appropriate steps have been taken to permanently stabilize these areas.

(b) Inspection and repair of stormwater control system. All aspects of the stormwater control system have been inspected for damage, wear, and malfunction, and appropriate steps have been taken to repair or replace the system, or portions of the system (c) Maintenance. The erosion and stormwater maintenance plan for the site is being implemented as written, or modifications to the plan have been submitted to and approved by the department, and the maintenance log is being

(d) Proprietary Systems. All proprietary systems have been maintained according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Where required by the Department, the permittee shall execute a 5-year maintenance contract with a qualified professional for the coming 5—year interval. The maintenance contract must include provisions for routine inspections, cleaning, and general maintenance.

As part of the Stormwater Permit, the applicant is required to meet the standards in Appendix C of the Chapter 500 Rules. The following procedures are hereby established as a minimum for compliance with this section. For further information on the procedures listed below, refer to Chapter 500 rules — Appendix C.

from being discharged from materials on site.

During construction, hazardous materials with the potential to contaminate groundwater shall not be stored or handled in areas of the site which drain to an infiltration area.

Appropriate spill prevention, containment, and response planning/implementation shall be used to prevent pollutants

### Fugitive Sediment and Dust: Appropriate measures shall be taken to ensure that activities do not result in noticeable erosion of the soils and water

and/or calcium chloride shall be used to ensure that activities do not result in fugitive dust emissions during or after construction. Debris and Other Materials:

### Litter, construction debris, and chemicals exposed to stormwater must be prevented from becoming a pollutant source. Trench or Foundation De-watering:

Water collected through the process of trenching and/or de-watering must be removed from the ponded area, and must be spread through natural wooded buffers or other areas that are specifically designed to collect the maximum amount of sediment possible.

Non-stormwater Discharges: Identify and prevent contamination by non-stormwater discharges

Town of Windham Combined Maintenance Facility <u>Project:</u>

2. Apply lime as follows: \_# / acres, OR <u>138</u> # /M Sq. Ft.

Site Location: Windham, ME Temporary Seeding

1. Instruction on preparation of soil: Prepare a good seed bed for planting method used.

3. Fertilize with  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  pounds of  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  N-P-K/ac. OR  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  13.8 pounds of  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  10-10-10 N-P-K/M Sq. Ft. 4. Method of applying lime and fertilizer: Spread and work into the soil before seeding.

5. Seed with the following mixture: 50% Winter Rye

50% Annual Rye

6.Mulching instructions: Apply at the rate of \_\_\_\_per acre, OR <u>75</u>pounds per M. Sq. Ft.

<u>Unit # Tons. Etc.</u> 7. TOTAL LIME 138 #/1000 sq. ft.

8. TOTAL FERTILIZER 13.8 #/1000 sq. ft.

9. TOTAL SEED 1.03 #/1000 sq. ft. 10. TOTAL MULCH 75 #/1000 sq. ft.

11. TOTAL other materials, seeds, etc. 12. REMARKS

Spring seeding is recommended; however, late summer (prior to September 1) seeding can be made. Permanent seeding should be made prior to August 5 or as a dormant seeding after the first killing frost and before the first snowfall. If seeding cannot be done within these seeding dates, temporary seeding and mulching shall be used to protect the site. Permanent seeding shall be delayed until the next recommended

SEEDING PLAN

<u>Project:</u> Town of Windham Combined Maintenance Facility

Permanent Seeding

2. Apply lime as follows: \_# / acres, OR 138 # /M Sq. Ft. 3. Fertilize with  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  pounds of  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  N-P-K/ac. OR <u>18.4</u> pounds of <u>10-20-20 N-P-K/M Sq. Ft.</u>

1. Instruction on preparation of soil: Prepare a good seed bed for planting method used.

4. Method of applying lime and fertilizer: Spread and work into the soil before seeding. 5. Seed with the following mixture: 40% Creeping Red Fescue

Site Location: Windham, ME

30% Charger II Perennial Ryegrass 20% KenBlue Kentucky Bluegrass 10% Tiffany Chewings Fescue

6. Mulching instructions: Apply at the rate of \_\_\_\_per acre, OR 75\_pounds per M. Sq. Ft.

<u> Unit # Tons. Etc.</u> 7. TOTAL LIME 138 #/1000 sq. ft.

8. TOTAL FERTILIZER 18.4 #/1000 sq. ft. 9. TOTAL SEED 1.03 #/1000 sq. ft.

10. TOTAL MULCH 75 #/1000 sq. ft.

11. TOTAL other materials, seeds, etc. 12. REMARKS

Spring seeding is recommended, however, late summer (prior to September 1) seeding can be made. Permanent seeding should be made prior to August 5 or as a dormant seeding after the first killing frost and before the first snowfall. If seeding cannot be done within these seeding dates, temporary seeding and mulching shall be used to protect the site. Permanent seeding shall be delayed until the next recommended seeding period.

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HASKELL lo. 8518

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**PROJECT DETAILS** 

Table 1 Loamy Coarse Sand	
SIEVE SIZE	% PASSING BY WEIGHT
#10	85-100
#20	70–100
#60	15-40
#200	8–15
#200 CLAY SIZE	<2.0

Table 2 MEDOT Specifications for Underdrain Type B (MEDOT #703.22)		
SIEVE SIZE	% PASSING BY WEIGHT	
1"	90–100	
1/2"	75–100	

50-100

15-80 0-15

Table 3 Sandy Loam Topsoil	
SIEVE SIZE	% PASSING BY WEIGHT
#4	75–95
<b>#</b> 10	60-90
#40	35-85
#200	20-70
#200 CLAY SIZE	<2.0

	SCHEDULE A			
Topsoil	$\bigcirc$	ITEM DESCRIPTION	GRASSED UNDERDRAIN DIMENSION / ELEVATION	
SSING BY WEIGHT				
75–95	Α	CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME STAGE	202.70	
60-90	В	TOP SOIL FILTER	201.50	
35-85	С	TOP UNDERDRAIN BEDDING STONE	200.00	
20-70	D	PIPE INVERT: 4" PERF. UD	199.33	
<2.0	E	BOTTOM UNDERDRAIN BEDDING	199.00	

# CONSTRUCTION OVERSIGHT

ARE INSTALLED BUT NOT BACKFILLED.

INSPECTION OF THE FILTER BASIN SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER WITH REQUIRED REPORTING TO THE DEP. AT A MINIMUM, INSPECTIONS WILL OCCUR: 1. AFTER PRELIMINARY CONSTRUCTION OF THE FILTER GRADES AND ONCE THE UNDERDRAIN PIPES

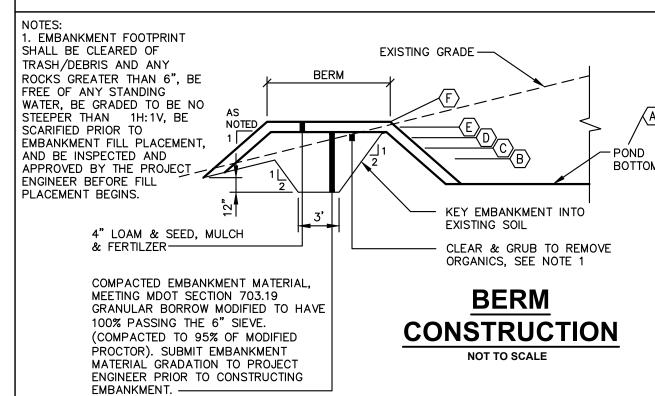
2.AFTER THE DRAINAGE LAYER IS CONSTRUCTED AND PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF THE FILTER

3.AFTER THE FILTER MEDIA HAS BEEN INSTALLED AND SEEDED.

4.AFTER ONE YEAR TO INSPECT HEALTH OF THE VEGETATION AND MAKE CORRECTIONS.

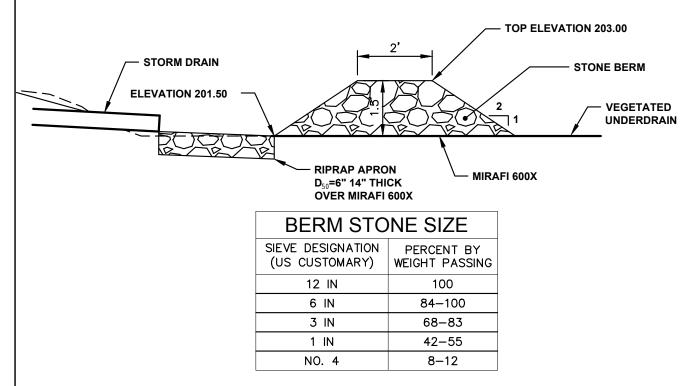
5.ALL MATERIAL USED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE FILTER BASIN WILL BE APPROVED BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER AFTER TESTS BY A CERTIFIED LABORATORY SHOW THAT THEY ARE PASSING DEP

NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY PROJECT ENGINEER 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE MILESTONES LISTED ABOVE TO ALLOW FOR INSPECTION.



SCHEDULE B — EMBANKMENT SCHEDULE		
ITEM DESCRIPTION	DIMENSION/ELEVATION	
A POND BASE ELEVATION	201.50	
B PEAK ELEVATION - CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME	202.70	
© PEAK ELEVATION - 2 YEAR STORM	202.93	
D PEAK ELEVATION - 10 YEAR STORM	203.43	
⟨E⟩PEAK ELEVATION — 25 YEAR STORM	203.95	
F TOP OF BERM	205.00	

# TYPICAL POND CROSS SECTION **NOT TO SCALE**



# **SEDIMENT FOREBAY - SECTION A-A** NOT TO SCALE

# GRASSED UNDERDRAIN NOTES:

### **SOIL SPECIFICATIONS:**

- 1. THE SOIL FILTER MEDIA SHALL BE A LAYERED SYSTEM CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING FROM THE BOTTOM:
- A. 12" OF LOAMY COARSE SAND, SEE TABLE 1. B. 2" LAYER OF TOPSOIL (SEE "C" BELOW) ROTOTILLED INTO THE LOAMY COARSE SAND LAYER.
- 6" OF NON-CLAYEY, LOAMY TOPSOIL SUCH AS USDA SANDY LOAM TOPSOIL WITH 5-8% HUMIFIED ORGANIC MATTER. SUPERHUMUS OR EQUIVALENT MAY BE ADDED TO THE TOPSOIL TO INCREASE ORGANIC CONTENT, SEE TABLE 3.

2. SOIL FILTER MEDIA MIXTURE SHALL HAVE A PERMEABILITY OF 2.4 IN./HR. TO 4 IN./HR UPON COMPACTION BETWEEN 90% AND 92% STANDARD PROCTOR (ASTM D698). SUBMITTALS:

- 1. IDENTIFY THE LOCATION OF EACH COMPONENT OF THE FILTER MEDIA AND SUBMIT RESULTS OF FIELD AND LABORATORY TESTING TO PROJECT ENGINEER.
- 2. SUBMIT 75 Ib. SAMPLE OF EACH TYPE OF MATERIAL: SUBMIT IN AIR TIGHT CONTAINERS TO PROJECT ENGINEER.
- 3. THE FOLLOWING MATERIAL SHALL BE SUBMITTED:
- B. UNDERDRAIN BEDDING MATERIAL.

4. PERFORM A SIEVE ANALYSIS CONFORMING TO ASTM C136 - STANDARD TEST METHOD FOR SIEVE ANALYSIS OF FINE AND COARSE AGGREGATES; 1996a ON EACH TYPE OF THE SAMPLE MATERIAL AND SUBMIT RESULTS TO PROJECT ENGINEER.

5. PERFORM A PERMEABILITY TEST ON THE SOIL FILTER MEDIA MIXTURE CONFORMING TO ASTM D2434 WITH THE MIXTURE COMPACTED TO 90% TO 92% OF MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY BASED ON ASTM D698. SUBMIT RESULTS TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER.

6. PERFORM ONE COMPACTION DENSITY TEST ON THE IN PLACE SOIL FILTER FOR EVERY 2,000 SQUARE FEET OF FILTER SURFACE AREA. TEST SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM D 2922 - STANDARD TEST METHODS FOR DENSITY OF SOIL AND SOIL-AGGREGATE IN PLACE BY NUCLEAR METHODS (SHALLOW DEPTH); 1996. SUBMIT RESULTS TO THE PROJECT ENGINEER. **CONSTRUCTION:** 

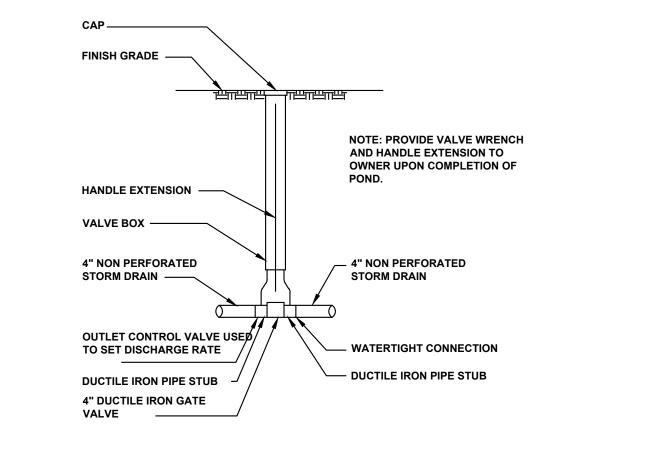
1. SOIL FILTER MEDIA AND UNDERDRAIN BEDDING MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO BETWEEN 90% AND 92% STANDARD

- 2. PERFORATED UNDERDRAIN PIPE SHALL BE 4" SLOTTED PIPE. SPACED 15 FEET ON CENTER MAXIMUM.
- 3. TRIBUTARY AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF THE SOIL FILTER MEDIA MIXTURE AND UNDERDRAIN. STABILIZED IS DEFINED AS PAVED IF IN A PARKING AREA OR ROADWAY, AND 90% GRASS CATCH IF IN A VEGETATED AREA.

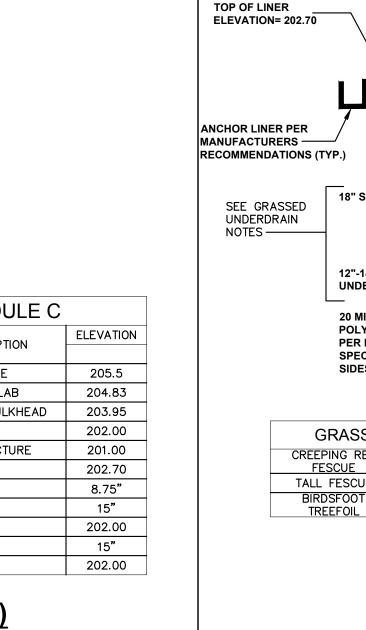
4. OUTFLOW OF THE GRASSED UNDERDRAIN SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY A 4" DUCTILE IRON GATE VALVE WITH VALVE WRENCH AND EXTENSION (AVAILABLE FROM E.J. PRESCOTT OR EQUIVALENT). A THREE PIECE VALVE BOX (AVAILABLE FROM E.J. PRESCOTT OR EQUIVALENT) SHALL BE INSTALLED OVER THE VALVE.

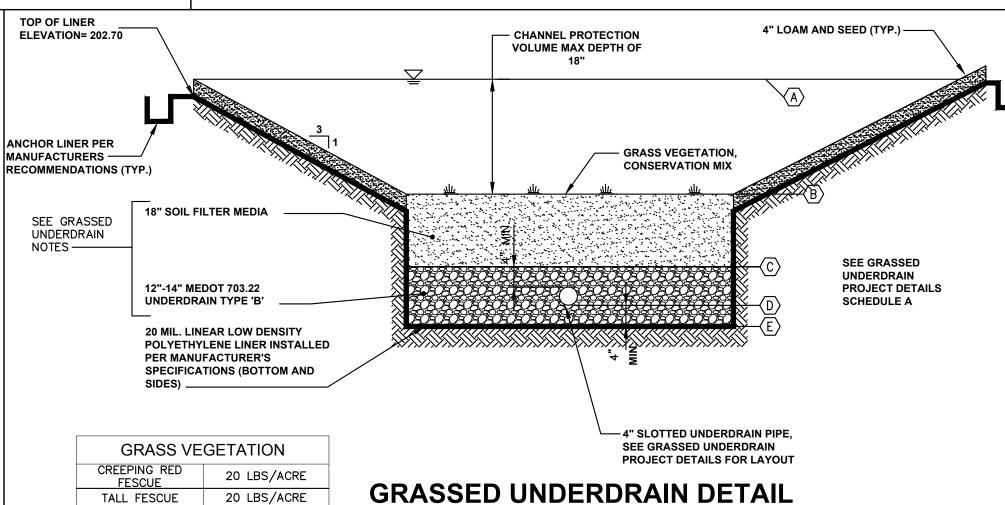
5. ALL EQUIPMENT USED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE GRASSED UNDERDRAIN SHALL BE LOW GROUND PRESSURE VEHICLES (LESS THAN 2.0 PSI) WHEN FULLY LOADED.

6. UPON COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATION OF THE SOIL FILTER MEDIA AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A 90% CATCH OF GRASS OVER THE FILTER MEDIA, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FLOOD THE GRASSED UNDERDRAIN TO THE DESIGN ELEVATION WITH CLEAN WATER AND ADJUST THE VALVE TO OBTAIN A 24 HOUR TO 32 HOUR RELEASE TIME.









8 LBS/ACRE



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HASKELL

No. 8518

**C-14** 

STEEL BARS CLIPS (TYP.) WELDED AT EACH INTERSECTION CORRUGATED METAL PIPE FLARED END **FRONT VIEW ADAPTOR** GALVANIZED STEEL BAR TRASH RACK -CMP FLARED HDPE INLET PIP **SIDE VIEW** 

TRASH RACK

NOT TO SCALE

- 4"x4" CLEAR

**GALVANIZED** 

**OPENING (MAX.)** 

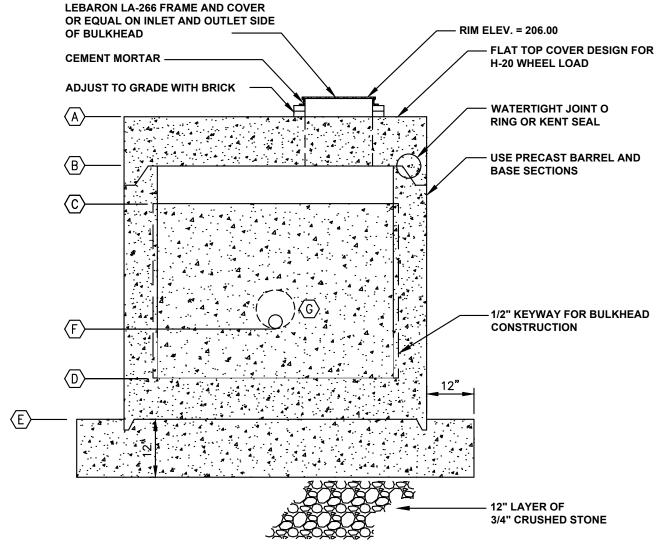
HAALA INDUSTRIES INC. STEEL

PIPE TRASH GUARD MODEL

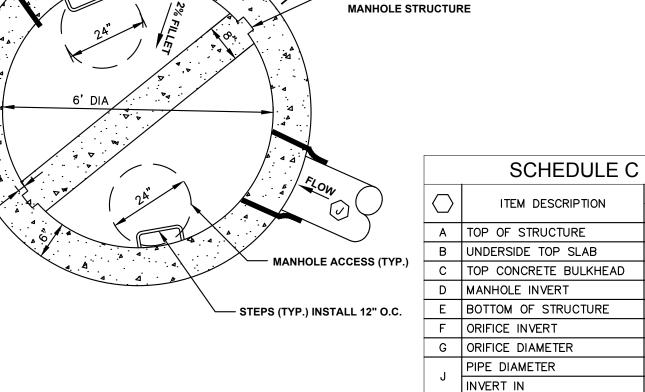
**TGCMP 15 OR EQUIVALENT** 

TRASH RACK

CONNECTION



**SECTION A-A OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE 1 (OCS1)** SEE SCHEDULE C NOT TO SCALE



**KEY BULKHEAD INTO** 

PIPE DIAMETER

**INSTALL WATERTIGHT** 

MANHOLE BOOT (TYP.)

INVERT OUT **PLAN VIEW** 6' OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE 1 (OCS1) SEE SCHEDULE E

**GRASSED UNDERDRAIN #2** 

**PROJECT DETAILS** 

Loamy	Table 1 / Coarse Sand
SIEVE SIZE	% PASSING BY WEIGHT
#10	85-100
"20	70 400

SIEVE SIZE	% PASSING BY WEIGHT
#10	85-100
#20	70–100
#60	15-40
#200	8–15
#200 CLAY SIZE	<2.0

Underdrain Type B (MEDOT #703.22)		
SIEVE SIZE	% PASSING BY WEIGHT	
1"	90–100	
1/2"	75–100	
#4	50-100	
#20	15-80	
<b>#50</b>	0.45	

Table 2 MEDOT Specifications for

Table 3 Sandy Loam Topsoil		
SIEVE SIZE	% PASSING BY WEIGHT	
#4	75–95	
#10	60-90	
#40	35-85	
#200	20-70	
#200 CLAY SIZE	<2.0	

SCHEDULE A

ITEM DESCRIPTION

A CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME STAGE

C TOP UNDERDRAIN BEDDING STONE

D PIPE INVERT: 4" PERF. UD

E BOTTOM UNDERDRAIN BEDDING

B TOP SOIL FILTER

GRASSED UNDERDRAIN DIMENSION /

ELEVATION

202.70

201.50

200.00

199.33

199.00

# CONSTRUCTION OVERSIGHT

INSPECTION OF THE FILTER BASIN SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR EACH PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER WITH REQUIRED REPORTING TO THE DEP. AT A MINIMUM, INSPECTIONS WILL OCCUR:

1. AFTER PRELIMINARY CONSTRUCTION OF THE FILTER GRADES AND ONCE THE UNDERDRAIN PIPES ARE INSTALLED BUT NOT BACKFILLED.

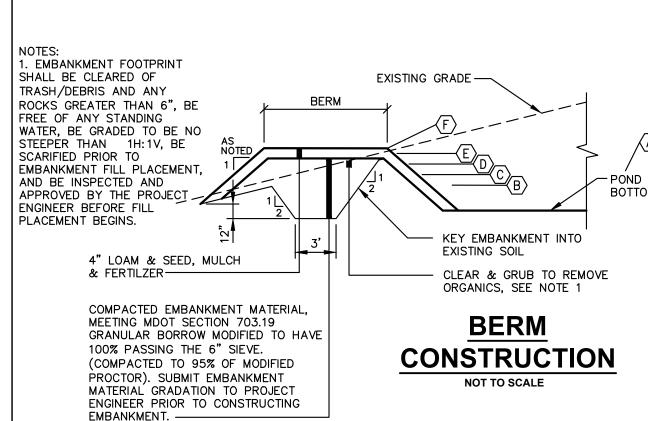
2.AFTER THE DRAINAGE LAYER IS CONSTRUCTED AND PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF THE FILTER

3.AFTER THE FILTER MEDIA HAS BEEN INSTALLED AND SEEDED.

4.AFTER ONE YEAR TO INSPECT HEALTH OF THE VEGETATION AND MAKE CORRECTIONS.

5.ALL MATERIAL USED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE FILTER BASIN WILL BE APPROVED BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER AFTER TESTS BY A CERTIFIED LABORATORY SHOW THAT THEY ARE PASSING DEP SPECIFICATIONS.

NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY PROJECT ENGINEER 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE MILESTONES LISTED ABOVE TO ALLOW FOR INSPECTION.



SCHEDULE B — EMBANKMENT SCHEDULE		
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NOT TO SCALE

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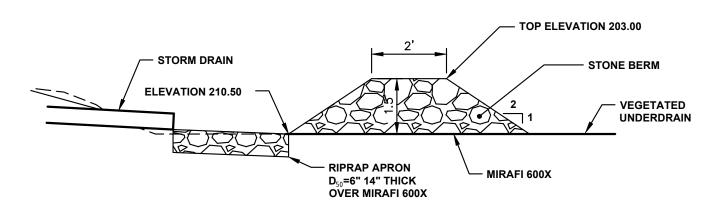
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BERM STONE SIZE		
SIEVE DESIGNATION (US CUSTOMARY)	PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING	
12 IN	100	
6 IN	84-100	
3 IN	68-83	
1 IN	42-55	
NO. 4	8–12	

# **SEDIMENT FOREBAY - SECTION A-A** NOT TO SCALE

TOP OF LINER 4" LOAM AND SEED (TYP.) — ELEVATION= 202.70 — CHANNEL PROTECTION **VOLUME MAX DEPTH OF ANCHOR LINER PER** - GRASS VEGETATION, MANUFACTURERS -**CONSERVATION MIX RECOMMENDATIONS (TYP.)** 18" SOIL FILTER MEDIA SEE GRASSED UNDERDRAIN NOTES — SEE GRASSED UNDERDRAIN 12"-14" MEDOT 703.22 **PROJECT DETAILS UNDERDRAIN TYPE 'B'** SCHEDULE A 20 MIL. LINEAR LOW DENSITY POLYETHYLENE LINER INSTALLED PER MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS (BOTTOM AND -4" SLOTTED UNDERDRAIN PIPE, SEE GRASSED UNDERDRAIN PROJECT DETAILS FOR LAYOUT GRASS VEGETATION CREEPING RED 20 LBS/ACRE FESCUE **GRASSED UNDERDRAIN DETAIL** TALL FESCUE 20 LBS/ACRE **BIRDSFOOT NOT TO SCALE** 8 LBS/ACRE

**C-15** 

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HASKELL

No. 8518

GORRILL PALMER www.gorrillpalmer.com 207.772.2515

